

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A FINE COMFORTABLE COUCH



AFFORDS MORE SOLID ENJOYMENT THAN ANY OTHER ARTICLE OF FURNITURE.

It Cannot be Enjoyed if it is Too Hard.

It Cannot be Enjoyed if it is Too Expensive.

Our experience in the Furniture business, and the extent of our stock enables us to produce a happy combination which avoids both these unpleasant features.

For Instance,

We sell a well made Lounge, oak frame, best steel springs, upholstered in Body Brussels Carpeting--THINK OF IT--Not Tapestry Brussels, but genuine Body Brussels for

\$600

A Fine Bed Lounge, suitable for two persons.....\$10.00
A Fine Plush Bed Lounge Spring Bed.....\$15.00
A well made Genuine Leather Couch.....\$15.00
A best quality Wilton Rug Couch.....\$16.00

Your choice of OUR ENTIRE STOCK of Lounges and Couches, which is by far the largest and best in the city, can be had at 20 per cent off from regular prices during the next SIX DAYS.

We Sell on Easy Pay-ments When Desired.
Do you need accommodation? Have you given this method of one business your consideration?
It is honorable.
Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth, who have availed themselves of its advantages.
We ask a payment of \$50 on \$250 Bed.
\$40 on \$100 Bed.
10.00 on 50.00 Bought.
20.00 on 100.00 Bought.
NO INTEREST CHARGEDWe have the Largest Stock of Furniture!
We have the Largest Stock of Crockery.
We have the Largest Stock of Carpets!
We have the Largest Stock of Everything pertaining to House-Furnishing in the city of Duluth.Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,
222-224 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

100 Copies

Reveries of a Bachelor, Dream Life,

By IK. MARVEL.

Handsome Binding. Sell for 25c.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR



Carriages! Buggies!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT
IN DULUTH
TO SELECT FROM.

M. W. TURNER,

416-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

When in Need of Any

FURNITURE!

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT

BAYHA & CO.,

105 AND 110 FIRST AVENUE WEST.

Proprietor City Carpet Cleaning Works.

HOUSE WANTED!

Want to rent single house, modern improvements, view of lake, lawn and in east end.

J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, 121 West Superior Street.

Everyone Will Want a Dunlap Mackinaw
STRAW HAT FOR
\$1.50,
SOLD ONLY BY
CATE & CLARKE
333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

A RADICAL COLLAPSE

Herr Richter's Party Appears to Have Failed to Carry a Single Constituency in Germany.

The Social Democrats Increase Their Strength and the Anti-Semites Have Also Made Gains.

Result of the Election as to Victory or Defeat for the Government Still Unsettled.

BERLIN, June 17.—Reports from all parts of the empire continue to give evidence of the collapse of Herr Richter's Radical party. The Social Democrats have secured five seats, one of them won from the National Liberals, and are likely to enter the next Reichstag with their delegation increased from 10 to 15. At 6 o'clock this morning, however, not a dispatch had been received to indicate that the Richterites had carried a constituency.

This failure of the Richterites is due partly to the fact that the Radicals who deserted Richter to make a government campaign under the banner of the Radical Union, were the cream of the old party. Excepting Virochow, hardly a conspicuous deputy was left by Richter after the dissolution of the Reichstag. Hinz Barth, editor of the Nettchen, deserted at once to the government. The Richterites, who constituted two-thirds of the parliamentary party of the old party, were reduced to less than twenty-five members into the new Reichstag. This state of affairs is distinctly favorable to the government, as the loss of the Radical opposition is expected to more than counterbalance the gains of the Social Democratic opposition.

The anti-Semites are now believed to be in a way to secure twelve seats. Ahlwardt and Boerckel, the most blatant members of the last parliamentary group, have already been returned. The aggregate vote of the anti-Semites has increased from 100,000 in 1890 to 150,000 in 1893.

Opposition Clerics under Dr. Lohse have retained virtually all their old constituencies as far as can be ascertained.

The government Clerical-Agrarian movement under Freiherr Von Schleicher-Ast and Freiherr Von Huene has shown no evidence of success. The Conservatives and Free Conservatives, as was expected, are suffering no losses.

The Social Democrats are still triumphant at the expense of the Richter Radicals.

In general the advantages gained by the government will be measured by the prospect that some ten Radicals Unionists, who have voted against the army bill and who favor it, have good prospects of sitting in the next Reichstag with the anti-Semitic representation, partially favored by the government, bid fair to be greatly enhanced.

However, the question whether the government won or lost by the dissolution cannot yet be answered positively. The present returns from constituencies show that the Conservatives and Free Conservatives have secured 27 seats; Clerics, 27; Social Democrats, 23; National Liberals, 7.

A CONSERVATIVE VICTORY.

A Seat Gained From the Gladstonians in a Bye-Election.

LONDON, June 17.—The seat for Linlithgowshire in the house of commons previously held by Peter McLagan having become vacant, a writ was issued for a new election to be held Thursday. The Conservatives nominated Capt. Thomas H. Hope, who contested the district at the last election against Mr. McLagan, and who was defeated by a majority of 161 votes.

The Gladstonians nominated Alexander Ure, who was beaten by Sir Donald Cummingston Unionist, the West division of Linlithgowshire, the result of the election in July last. The result of the balloting was a majority of 160 for the Conservative candidate, the voting being: Hope, 3240; Ure, 3071. The victory of Capt. Hope, of course, reduces the government's majority in the house of commons. Mr. McLagan, the previous incumbent of the seat, was an active supporter of Mr. Gladstone.

THE TONAWANDA TROUBLE.

A Lively Scene at Augustin Daly's New Theater in London.

LONDON, June 17.—A rather lively affair occurred today at the theater built in this city for Augustin Daly. The structure is almost completed and it is Mr. Daly's intention to open the theater June 27. The contractor in charge of certain of the decorations employed a number of men who did not belong to a union to decorate the boudoir intended for the use of the Gladstonians. The Gladstonians were non-unionists excited the ire of the unionists employed about the theater, and they decided to strike unless the non-unionists were discharged.

The blacklegs were not discharged and the Gladstonians went on strike. Furthermore, they attempted to drive the non-unionists from the building, but in this they were unsuccessful, and were themselves ejected. The strike will not cause any delay in opening the theater on the day set by Mr. Daly.

A Village Burning.

SCWANTON, Pa., June 17.—Dundas village in Susquehanna county, six miles from Carbondale, is on fire and having means of fighting the flames the entire place is threatened with destruction. The village is situated on a high hill overlooking the McCloud's church. Both of these structures were rapidly destroyed and the wind carried the blazing embers to other buildings. Two stores and a dwelling have also been burned.

The Cowboy Races.

STUART, N.Y., June 17.—Doc Middleton and two of the other cowboy racers from Chadron to the World's fair passed here at 8 a.m. It is 221 miles by rail from Chadron to this town.

COLLISION OF FREIGHTS.

A Fireman Killed and Two Men Seriously Injured.

BALTIMORE, June 17.—In a collision of freight trains on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad 28 miles east of Wheeling, W. Va., at an early hour this morning, Fireman Fisher, of engine 1008 was killed and Engineer Gebrign badly injured. Brakeman Adlesberger was fatally injured and another brakeman—name unknown—was slightly injured.

The accident was caused by freight train 890 overrunning signals at Floyd's station. This train met the fifth section of No. 62 near Belton. Both engines and several cars were badly wrecked.

IN FAVOR OF OPEN SUNDAYS.

The Court of Appeals Decides Unanimously for the Directory.

CHICAGO, June 17.—The court of appeals has unanimously decided in favor of open Sundays at the World's fair.

The court holds that the local directory is in full control and the government has no standing.

THE JUDGE HAD NERVE.

Robbers Hold up a Northern Pacific Train, But Judge Leech, of Minneapolis, Stopped Them.

FARGO, N. D., June 17.—Robbers on the Northern Pacific train this morning near Wadena and went partially through one of the sleepers. The porter was quite badly clubbed about the head and told to keep still. Three passengers and three gold watches.

When Judge Leech, of Minneapolis, was reached he was awakened from sound sleep and told to give up his money and watch pretty quickly. Only the awake he replied: "I don't know what you do with your gold watches." The fellow had his gun at the judge's head, but he got up and the fellow backed down the aisle, followed by the judge.

Some one pulled the rope and the porter was partially masked. The man who was not a Columbian guard had shown rare presence of mind in getting a can of water and thoroughly wetting the piece of paper and section of the sack. There was great excitement, the porter acted always as if he was on an occasion of this kind and the fire department made a splendid showing, even if the firemen were disgusted.

FIRE AT THE FAIR

Excitement Caused by a Piece of Paper and an Empty Sack Catching Fire This Morning.

A Columbian Guard, Instead of Stamping Out the Fire, Summoned the Whole Fire Department.

Coney Island Visited by a Bad Fire in Which a Volunteer Fireman Lost His Life.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, June 17.—A piece of paper and an empty sack were ignited probably by a discarded cigar under the railroad in the rear of machinery hall this morning producing a blaze 13 inches square. One of the Columbian guards, without attempting to put his foot on the burning bit, rushed upon the nearest fire alarm box and rang for the assistance of the fire department.

Hose reels, patrol wagons, fire engines, hook and ladder trucks and the chemical engines were soon flying past the scattered crowd who were hurrying to the scene of the proposed conflagration. There was a rush of people in the same direction. The guards at the scene of the fire tried to keep the crowds back but were inefficient and the people came and went at their will.

Some one pulled the rope and the porter was partially masked. Judge Leech said it he had been fully awake, he would never have dared to do what he attempted to do, as he was unarmed.

AS MINISTER TO HAWAII.

Proctor Knott Has Been Offered Minister Blount's Place and Will Probably Decide to Accept.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—(Special to The Herald)—Proctor Knott of Kentucky, the man who made Duluth famous by his speech in Congress two years ago, has been tendered an appointment as minister to Hawaii to succeed Mr. Blount. Governor Knott has been in Washington for two or three days and has had several conferences with the president about acceptance of this mission. Kentuckians here think that he will finally decide to accept the place.

RUN DOWN AND KILLED.

A Cowboy Commits One of the Most Startling Crimes Ever Known in North Dakota.

ROLIA, N. D., June 17.—Dunleath, in the western part of Rollet county, was the scene yesterday of one of the most startling crimes ever committed in North Dakota. An unknown cowboy entered the Turtle Mountain bank, held up Cashier Tucker and robbed the bank of \$1000.

Keeping Tucker under cover of a revolver, he got out of the bank and rode up into the mountains here. He returned after, went to the store of Jacob Kotsch, who had been a friend of Mr. McRae, for a watch. McRae turned to get the watch and was shot in the back. He is not expected to live. By this time a number of men gathered to capture the villain.

Up to noon today he was still in the hills. Sheriff McLean were summoned this morning to hold an inquest. Great excitement prevails.

UNION AND NON-UNION ROW.

A lively scene at Augustin Daly's new theater in London.

LONDON, June 17.—A rather lively affair occurred today at the theater built in this city for Augustin Daly. The structure is almost completed and it is Mr. Daly's intention to open the theater June 27. The contractor in charge of certain of the decorations employed a number of men who did not belong to a union to decorate the boudoir intended for the use of the Gladstonians.

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Furthermore, they attempted to drive the non-unionists from the building, but in this they were unsuccessful, and were themselves ejected. The strike will not cause any delay in opening the theater on the day set by Mr. Daly.

DR. WALKER RESCUED.

The Troops Have Reached Leech Lake Reservation.

PARK RAPIDS, Minn., June 17.—Information reaches here that Company D, Third infantry, United States army, reached Leech Lake yesterday afternoon and is now in full possession of the agency. Dr. Walker had been an immigrant to the country for the past twenty-four hours because the Indians were drinking and had threatened to burn the agency over his house.

About fifty of the recalcitrants fled to the north and threaten to unite with other Chippewas and make serious trouble for the whites along the edge of the reservation. All is reported to the agency now. The Indians will probably remain several days awaiting developments. A portion of the command may move to the southward to quell another Indian trouble.

Killed Instantly.

ELBOW LAKE, Minn., June 17.—O. O. Ostrom, of this place, was arrested yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal Gardner on the charge of sending a defamatory letter through the mails to a Dr. Prahl. He was taken to Fergus Falls for a hearing before United States Commissioner Corliss.

Everyone Will Want a Dunlap Mackinaw STRAW HAT FOR \$1.50, SOLD ONLY BY CATE & CLARKE 333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

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FREIMUTH'S GREAT SALE LAST WEEK WAS A ROUSING SUCCESS!

We have made last week one of the heaviest trading week's in the history of the Dry Goods trade of Duluth.

We Shall Repeat It This Week!

ALL SPECIAL BARGAIN GOODS left over from last week's sale, will go this week at the same LOW PRICES. As a great many lines have been closed out last week, we shall put New and Fresh Bargains on Sale. Our store always is and always shall be the great TRADING CENTER for the people of Duluth and vicinity.

READ OUR PRICES FOR THIS WEEK YOU WILL BE BENEFITTED BY IT.

Dress Goods Dep't.

Printed Pongee Silks, worth 90c at 59c
20 pieces more of the Jamestown Worsted Sarges, worth 65c 47c
10 pieces more All-wool Henrietta Cloth, 40-in wide, worth 65c 48c
15 pieces more of the Wool Dress Suitings, worth 65½c, at 49c
18 pieces Imported Crepe Cloth in evening shades; regular price \$1.75c 75c
10 pieces more of the 54-in Storm Serges, worth \$1.35, at 89c
15 pieces Fast Black Brocaded Satins, worth 25c, at 16c
20 pieces more of the best quality Imported Scotch Dress Ginghams, regular price, 25c; this week at 18c 18c
16 pieces Imported Scotch Outing Suiting in very neat designs, worth 60c 49c

Silk Dep't.

The low prices of last week will prevail this week in this department.

\$1.00 and \$1.20 Dress Silks, at 88c
\$1.25 and \$1.35 Dress Silks, at 1.09
\$1.50 and \$1.65 Dress Silks, at 1.28
\$1.75 and \$2.00 Dress Silks, at 1.58
Black Sateen Duchess Silk, worth 75c, at 73c
Printed Sarah Twill Silk, worth 50c, at 68c

Domestic Dep't.

40 pieces Printed Challis, new styles, cheap at 9c a yard; price this week 50 pieces more of the Printed India Cloth, regular price 12½c, sale price 8c
30 pieces more of the Apron Check Ginghams, worth 8c, at 26c
10 pieces Fast Black Brocaded Satins, worth 25c, at 16c
20 pieces more of the best quality Imported Scotch Dress Ginghams, regular price, 25c; this week at 18c 18c
10 pieces Indigo Blue Calico, worth 8c, this week 5c

White Goods Dep't.

2 bales yard wide Unbleached Cotton, worth 7c; sale price only 5c

1 case more of the bleached Cotton, worth 10c, at 71c

Summer Comforters.

175 pairs White Canvas Oxford Ties, worth \$2.50, at 1.75

150 pairs Brown Canvas Ties, very stylish, worth \$2.50; Saturday price 1.75

\$1.89—Made of fine Printed

Table Damasks.

A few pieces more of the Turkey Red Damask, worth 10c, at 26c
8 pieces Cream Loom Damask, regular price 50c, at 37c
6 pieces Bleached Table Damask, 60-in wide, worth 85c, at 68c

Shoe Dep't.

This department is kept very active, for the simple reason that Duluth ladies are recognizing that we are selling the Best Footwear obtainable, at the right prices.

Note a Few of Our Drives For This Week.

175 pairs White Canvas Oxford Ties, worth \$2.50, at 1.75
150 pairs Brown Canvas Ties, very stylish, worth \$2.50; Saturday price 1.75

Three Great Bargains.

1000 yards of Ecru and White Lace of 3 to 8 inches wide. None worth less

than 20c up to 35c. Your choice this week from the lot at 12½c

175 Misses' Bronze Cloth Top, 11-2, worth \$2.65

150 Misses' Tan, 11-2, worth \$2.65

200 Children's Bronze Button, 8-10, worth \$2.50; now 1.75

200 Children's Tans, Button, 8-10, worth \$2.50; now 1.75

1000 yards of Ecru and White Lace of 3 to 8 inches wide. None worth less

than 20c up to 35c. Your choice this week from the lot at 12½c

1000 yards of wider width and quality worth from 30c to 50c. Your choice at 19c

1000 yards still wider than the above, worth 50c to 75c. Your choice at 27c

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IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

Society People Have Devoted the Major Portion of This Week to School Commencements.

Outdoor Pleasures Now Predominate and Minnesota Point Will Soon be a Very Lively Place.

An Interesting Wedding Which is Soon to be Celebrated at the Congregational Church.

Commencement week exercises and matters connected with the closing week of the schools have occupied Duluth society ladies very largely this week for upon these occasions their daughters demand a great deal of attention. The school closings were attended by almost everybody in Duluth, but outside of these there is very little to record in the way of social happenings. The Yardlumbers' convention brought in a number of ladies who have been entertained by friends here and the Stillwater party, which arrived yesterday and is still here contains many ladies who have friends and relatives in Duluth and are the objects of their attentions.

Outdoor pleasures predominate now with the weather being too hot for the exclusion of nearly everything else. The hot weather which just fairly got under way this week has turned people's thoughts to camping. Next week at least a half dozen families will start in on Monday and remain for several weeks. The water attracts old and young alike these days. Every afternoon the bay is dotted with sailing and rowing craft and the young man who cannot sail and values the softness of his hands too highly to row, may not care to be in the swim, but will lie upon the beach.

The rush to Chicago has just fairly begun and June will take away a great number of Duluthians. It would be safe to say that at least 50 per cent of Duluth's school teachers will visit the fair before the 1st of July. Several parties leave today and the Hardy school faculty, or a considerable number of the instructors left on Thursday.

June is generally conceded to be the month to marry and Duluthians have evidently heard of this for the number of weddings to be expected is very high. Besides those which have already been announced to take place within the month, there are a number of others which are not far distant and the cards may be expected most any day. Several prominent prospective marriages are the talk of society people now and great interest is taken in the probable date.

AT HARDY SCHOOL.

The Commencement Exercises on Wednesday a Distinct Social Feature.

The Hardy School commencement on Wednesday evening was a social event in every sense of the word. The largest number of people ever gathered in Hardy School was present, and it was a swell affair too, Duluth's best people in this regard. The exercises began with the lecture by Mrs. Alice Freeman Palmer and the conferring of diplomas occupied about an hour after which the senior class reception was given. The guests were received by Miss Hardy, Miss Higgins, Palmer, and the great-aunts, Miss Eliza, Margaret, Misses Shriver, Marion Crosby and Lynda Woodward. The parlors were beautifully decorated with flowers and potted plants.

MUNGER-SILVEY WEDDING.

An Interesting Marriage Which is Soon to be Celebrated.

On Wednesday evening, June 23, the marriage of Miss Alice Gray Munger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roger S. Munger, and William Baird Silvey will take place at the Pilgrim Congregational church. Rev. Dr. Sulzer, the pastor, will perform the ceremony. Rev. E. M. Noyes will assist. The bridesmaids will be Misses Fannie Upham, Gertrude Markell and Maree Miller, of Duluth, Miss Young, of Brunswick, Me., Miss Gilman, of Chicago, and a sister of the bridegroom, the latter a sister of the groom. The groom will be attended by E. C. Jones as best man, and the ushers will be C. J. Kershaw, W. C. Farrington, A. L. Thurman, A. G. Crosby, Walter Turle and Frank L. Hartman. Immediately following the wedding there will be a reception at the home of the bride's parents, 495 Piedmont Terrace. The bridal couple will leave on the night train for a wedding trip. They will be at home during the summer at 105 Piedmont Terrace.

The bridegroom's parents will attend from abroad, the contracting couple having an unusually large circle of friends outside, as well as in the city.

St. Paul was formerly the home of Mr. and Mrs. Munger and a number will come up from there.

Brilliant Social Notes.

On Monday next will be celebrated the wedding of Miss Elizabeth Fraser, daughter of Alex. Fraser, of Cedar Peterton, a young woman whose parents will attend will be Governor and Mrs. Nelson, who is an uncle of the groom. Both of the young people are well known in Duluth, the groom being a prosperous real estate man.

Walter N. Ingalls left on Monday for Great Bear Lake, Minn., where he will be married on June 21 to Miss Bertha Morse, a niece of Mrs. J. D. Ray, of this city. A wedding trip through Niagara, Detroit and the World's fair will follow the wedding and Mr. and Mrs.

FRENCH & BASSETT

FIRST STREET AND THIRD AVENUE WEST.



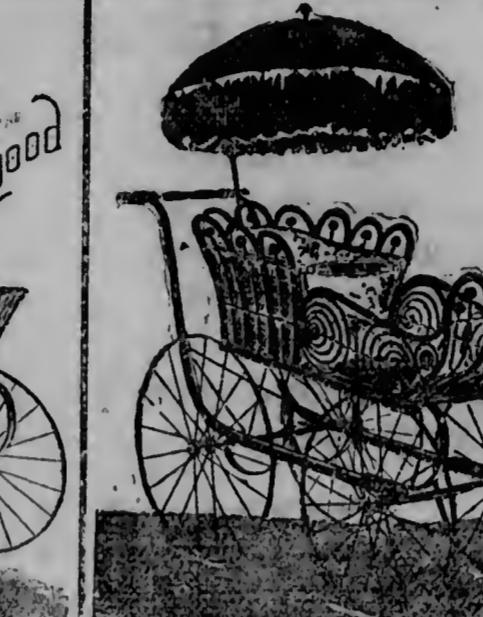
PRICE, \$3.85.



PRICE, \$6.65.



PRICE, \$6.85.



PRICE, \$12.75.



PRICE, \$16.00.



PRICE, \$23.00.

FIRST STREET AND THIRD AVENUE WEST.

GREAT SALE OF BABY CARRIAGES NEXT WEEK!

Enormous stock to select from, and Prices About One-half What Others Ask. NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY to buy one of the Celebrated HEYWOOD (the Best Made) Carriages, AT PRICES NEVER BEFORE KNOWN.

LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL STOCKS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS, AT PRICES THAT WILL ASTONISH YOU.

Lawn and Porch Chairs, Rockers and Seats in Great Variety.

SUMMER DRAPERY and PRETTY MATTINGS IN PROFUSION.

DRAPERY MUSLINS, FIGURED, 80 UP.

GOOD MATTINGS, PLAIN OR FANCY, 100 UP.

FRENCH & BASSETT

FRENCH & BASSETT

THE ONLY ONE

Who Keeps Garland's Candies.

Fresh made in Duluth, is Frederick Morse at the candy counter in the Lyceum drug store, as he is the only one that Mr. Garland will furnish now. Any found elsewhere must be old and stale. Mr. Morse has just received a fresh supply from Garland's factory, opposite the Lyceum drug store, 100 S. Franklin and Fifth avenue west. And let me tell you for a fact, there is where you can get a fine box filled with choice confectionery not found elsewhere in Duluth.

Concert at the Pavilion tomorrow afternoon by Meier's band. All street cars connect with the incline going up the hill.



Rescued From the Cravo.

A Startling Story.

PROSPECT, O., March 20. I had the Grippe and these has never been a waking moment since that I have not suffered with the headache, until I began using Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. Less than two bottles have completely cured me of headache, and I am satisfied that if I had not got some relief from some source within another year, I would have gone to my grave, or I would have had a fit subject for the lunatic asylum. Nothing gave me any relief whatever except what I believe to be the greatest boon to humanity, Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

WILLIAM FITTERY.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA.

\$1 per bottle, 6 for \$5.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

CAUTION:—These Remedies are Never Peddled.

Temple Opera House

The Com dy Cyclone. One Solid Week, COMMENCING JUNE 12, and SATURDAY MATINEES.

RENTFROW'S

JOLLY PATHFINDERS!

In a choice repertoire of musical comedies, Funny, Exceedingly Funny, Musically Entertaining, Novelty beyond Comparison. Saturday night, 10 P.M. The curtain goes up at 8 P.M. and the curtain falls at 11 P.M. The curtain rises again at 12 M. and the curtain falls at 1 A.M. The curtain rises again at 2 A.M. and the curtain falls at 3 A.M. The curtain rises again at 4 A.M. and the curtain falls at 5 A.M. The curtain rises again at 6 A.M. and the curtain falls at 7 A.M. The curtain rises again at 8 A.M. and the curtain falls at 9 A.M. The curtain rises again at 10 A.M. and the curtain falls at 11 A.M. The curtain rises again at 12 P.M. and the curtain falls at 1 P.M. The curtain rises again at 2 P.M. and the curtain falls at 3 P.M. The curtain rises again at 4 P.M. and the curtain falls at 5 P.M. The curtain rises again at 6 P.M. and the curtain falls at 7 P.M. The curtain rises again at 8 P.M. and the curtain falls at 9 P.M. 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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1893.

THREE CENTS

WEAK FINANCING

The Follies of a Free People Exemplified by the History of the American Nation.

The World's Fair Has Taught Us That Money is a Better Servant Than a Master.

Gath Discusses Politics and Commerce and Shows Panics and Prosperity Are Comrades Sometimes.

The Currency Must be Made Sound, it Being the Circulating Blood of the Race.

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CHICAGO, June 17, 1893.

EAR dinner time yesterday I was thinking about the sudden coming of the panic of 1857. It was twenty years ago. I could even go back in my memory to the panic of 1857, which happened when I was a schoolboy of sixteen. All I remember about the panic was small pocket money and seeing fine looking old ex-members getting drunk. In 1858 I want to Nantes, France, where one of those broken merchants of 1857 was our consul. He had been a merchant and afterward a silk buyer for Clafin and other houses, but he was a Southerner by birth, from South Carolina, and not adapted to surmount panics, so that the old man was consul among a people he did not like, at a salary of only about \$1000 a year. I suppose he had a daughter who had married a man in the streets of Nantes a car which ran by compressed air, the only one at that time in the world. I suppose, and wanted to make the right to the old man. I had hard luck to the old man and his wife died, within three days of each other and were brought home to the United States in the same ship.

The panic of 1857 started in the West and was a general panic, the result of overtrading and extensions. Think of it now! At that time Minnesota, Iowa and Oregon were just coming into the Union. Yet there was enough country east of Chicago to carry a right good panic. We were assisted out of that panic by the miners of the Rocky mountains and California.

I wonder if the government could not put a bounty on the finding of gold at the present time. If we were to strike about \$100,000,000 of gold per annum, which would be more than that produced following the panic of 1857, we would be in receipt of some eight millions of new gold every month.

Machinery, among its other injuries, has discovered the production of gold and promoted that of silver. We got into the down and down, and California, which are full of gold, with hydraulic hoses, and the gravel overran the valleys and produced inundations, so that the farmers began to bow, and they came to congress and stopped hydraulic washing in the lodes of trash, and substitutes for many a little dish where gold was washed out by hand. At the same time stamp mills began to be built, which mashed quartz and multiplied the value added to it cheap. John Sherman said to me, "I am sorry to see that he was in favor of stopping the purchase of silver bullion, because the cost of producing it was much less than an equivalent for its inherent value. In many respects the tendency of labor-saving machinery is to make workmen produce an apocalyptic effusion and to certain, to make the labor unreliable, and to put out of existence that bold, plucky which, once destroyed, can never be supplied. Universal labor-saving machinery is an extravagance upon the process, and is disposed to steady hand labor which only comes to have principle and an abiding place. At Potosi, where the emperor of China lives, I came upon men and women in the field who had just been gleaned grain, and they were contented like their fathers in the ancient country."

America labored under some disadvantages which make it in hard times a very difficult country to recuperate. For instance, the female sex in this country does not divide the labors and burdens of life in the same way. It is true that in the streets and manufacturing towns we see a good many women going to labor. But the average plain American family is supported wholly by the man. When his hand is cut off nobody knows how to turn about. In France the women keep the dogs. In Germany the women do the work. These replenishing channels make it possible in America today for the comfortable houses to be kept. In moving up the grade of America can the woman has become an ornament and not a support. Hence the expense of divorce, which is always sought. In other countries there may be occasion for divorce, but forget and forgive is a cheaper motto than swelling some lawyer's fat income out of the family dying.

On the 15th of Washington, in 1873, I was in the treasury department, when word came in that the shutters had been put up on Jay Cooke's banking house and a crowd had gathered around it. The comptroller of the currency, Mr. Knox,

afterward president of one of the New York banks, deeply sympathized with Henry D. Cooke, the resident banker. No one was his sympathies that he got into the banking business. I have noticed of the failure. I have always noticed that comptrollers of the currency become in time obdurate adherents of the banks. This is natural enough. The bank examiners spend much of their time in the banks, and they must needs consider them, and they must needs consider the financial life they lead in the government service, liable at any time to be turned out when the mob has altered its will, with the apparently substantial condition of the bank cast aside, except for cause, and who in old age is very apt to be pensioned by the bank. The most honest man we had in the treasury department was Hamilton, for when he resigned he went to the Civil War, and was promoted by his old comrade, who succeeded in under Jefferson, and had a good deal to say about liberty and the fitness of things, nevertheless became the stipendiary banker for old John Jacob Astor, until the panic of 1857 struck him, when he was retired, and he died at Astoria under Astor's roof.

The United States bank, after its recharter, was preyed upon by the politicians, who afterward destroyed it, and the favors to them were made the point of attack. The bank failed, and the class appeared to make the Americans that they were in a much sounder condition than Europe. In point of fact, we were in a position to lend money to the Old World, to sustain it after its mistakes, a plenitude of money in Europe had not been available for the remote colonies and republics, such as South Africa and Australia. South Africa has not revived from her calamities, and Australia has had a general overthrow of all her American credits. Seeing the spot where the Americans had been in the backward march. Since the commencement of the present year, nearly \$70,000,000 of gold have been shipped to Europe, or nearly three times as much as in the corresponding period of 1892. The panic of 1857 was a panic of importation. One newspaper had never called upon to make popular subscriptions to anything but the United States itself. Jay Cooke had taught them to believe like other people and bring their savings to the government and take bonds from it. I remember a little incident about that time which I may tell you. I forgot it.

I was city editor of one paper in Philadelphia and another paper in the same city published every day the subscriptions of the poverty of the servants girls and laborers who took small amounts in the loans. Therefore I used to pray at the back of my heart every day. Misbehaving banks have also succumbed in the tightness of the money market. That tightness is the result of the want of confidence, which invariably follows too much faith and credit.

The freedom with which our different states have the right to regulate their enterprises has gone to swell the area of prostitution. The Nickel Plate railroad, a thorough-going and successful scheme, was the first property upon unwilling capitalists otherwise mentioned with distinction, has worked out its result, and very little additional service has been done, more railroad stagnations, gins and failures. Some of the banks reformed their ways and refused to lend any more money to the speculative interests. When the Barings failed, the American government had to make a loan of \$100,000,000 to the Union and Central across the Mississippi, and at the conclusion thereof, was a well-established bank in several cities. Having large banking facilities, he pined for something to do equal to his resources. The Northern Pacific railroad was brought to him early in the seventies, or perhaps as early as 1869. We had the only line of railroads across the country, and the government, Mr. Cooke undertook to build this railroad on a popular subscription. The American people had plenty of money to embark in the enterprise, for the war, while giving a public indebtedness, had made private wealth general, through a

lender. He had good feeling and was not revengeful, met me on the street and said: "I think you will not take that view if you look into that matter." I told him to go to his home, where he had given his clerks a little time. It was a fine hour in the country. We had nothing to drink there, but I think a brother, Pitt Cooke, concealed a bottle out in some bushes on the lawn, so that the castaways could evade Jay Cooke's eye.

In spite of mean secretaries of the treasury, of whom Chase was one, Jay Cooke, by the magnificence of his spirit, carried the public loans all through the war, and at the conclusion thereof, was a well-established bank in several cities. Having large banking facilities, he pined for something to do equal to his resources. The Northern Pacific railroad was brought to him early in the

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Probably because we came to specific payments soon after the panic, and have ever since had a sound currency, or until we embarked upon the silver program, which came from the California and Colorado end of the line.

The late controller of the currency, Mr. Hepburn, who is now prominent in one of the New York banks, said to me, "I am sorry to see that, with our scientific attitude, holding those views, congress should go ahead and muddle the currency as it has done."

This is one of the defects of a congressional government as opposed to a parliamentary ministry.

In 1875, an American of moral courage in the presidency, one who did not know everything, but when he knew anything and believed it, he acted upon his best bias. That was President Grant. He vetoed the inflation bill, and had it not done so we never would have come into the Civil War. The Republicans, in the field, who had just been gleaned grain, and they were contented like their fathers in the ancient country.

America labored under some disadvantages which make it in hard times a very difficult country to recuperate. For instance, the female sex in this country does not divide the labors and burdens of life in the same way. It is true that in the streets and manufacturing towns we see a good many women going to labor. But the average plain American family is supported wholly by the man. When his hand is cut off nobody knows how to turn about. In France the women keep the dogs. In Germany the women do the work. These replenishing channels make it possible in America today for the comfortable houses to be kept. In moving up the grade of America can the woman has become an ornament and not a support. Hence the expense of divorce, which is always sought. In other countries there may be occasion for divorce, but forget and forgive is a cheaper motto than swelling some lawyer's fat income out of the family dying.

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the same, and thus the restoration of specie payments was only the legalizing of a natural condition of things. It was the veto of the inflation act, however, by Grant, which for the first five years brought on the failure. I have always noticed that comptrollers of the currency become in time obdurate adherents of the banks.

The same secretary of the treasury, Mr. Sherman, passed the act which President Cleveland is trying, with Senator Sherman's help, to repeal. Through the influence of the act, it became a permanent status in our currency. It was, perhaps, a weak thing, however, to tamper with a subject of that kind, under the interested persons and demands of the mining ele-

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THE WORLD OF LABOR

The One Central Body Plan is Now Engaging the Attention of Local Organized Labor.

The Trades and Labor Assembly and Representatives of the Building Trades to Meet Thursday.

Emil Applehagen Was Elected Vice President of the State Federation at the St. Paul Meeting.

The all-absorbing topic in organized labor circles this week is the basis of amalgamation, and the probable outcome of the exertions of the committee appointed last week to visit the various unions not affiliated with the Trades and Labor assembly. That the efforts now being put forth by these gentlemen will be crowned with success is the ardent wish of those having the great problem of labor at heart, and the consensus of opinion of those "in the know" seems to favor the one "central body" plan.

There are many and various reasons why such a course would be beneficial to organized labor, and chief among those is the fact that the expense of running the central or amalgamated body would be cut in two, and the opportunity for immediate action in case of emergencies would of itself be sufficient reason for such a change. As at present, a course of "red tape" has to be gone through and much valuable time lost, which otherwise might be utilized to good advantage.

The two bodies—the Trades and Labor, and the Building Trades assemblies—have, therefore, always acted in conjunction whenever occasion required, and have even united on several occasions— notably the mass meeting in aid of the Homestead strikers, and the great Labor day demonstration of last September—and since that time negotiations have been going on to heal the breach that took place about three years ago. It augurs well for the success of the undertaking when both sides are willing to make concessions. While there may have been some objectionable members connected with the two bodies, it is to be hoped that they will be removed and their places filled with energetic and enthusiastic advocates of organized labor—men whose time and money have been freely used in building up both bodies to their present status, and who may have had a reward other than that which follows of the faithful performance of their duties.

A number of weighty matters await the immediate attention of both bodies, and legislation is laid aside for the moment to wait the result of the committee's work. Several unions are clamoring for admission into the ranks of the federation, and many more, who are now "sitting on the fence," are waiting to see the outcome of the negotiations. Besides this, an effort will be made to unionize the waiters, the laundry workers, the bakers, etc., etc., and when this is accomplished, Duluth may be said to be the best organized town in the States.

Next Thursday's meeting of the Trades and Labor assembly, with the representatives from the Building Trades assembly, will be awaited with a not a little interest, and the result will be left to the present. The committee will then make their final report, and the great advantages which will accrue from amalgamation leaves but little doubt that their efforts towards a reconciliation will be successful.

THE STATE FEDERATION.
Emil Applehagen Elected Vice President at the St. Paul Meeting.

Last Sunday morning at 10 o'clock the delegates to the State Federation of Labor began to gather at Labor hall, 70 East Seventh street, St. Paul. President Morrow was on hand promptly and welcomed the delegates from various parts of the state. There was a good representation from Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth. The president announced the following committees:

Committee of order—George W. Morey, E. R. Keany and E. Applehagen.

Committee on resolutions—H. B. Martin, H. S. Wigle and E. P. Stevens.

Committee on organization—J. E. Holmes, M. Johnson and John Staiger.

Committee on constitution—O. R. Clark, A. G. Newberg and Charles Settgass.

Committee on officers' report—B. Ness, John Stewart and John Hansen.

At the afternoon meeting the several committees reported, and the president read his report. The committee on rules reported a code which seemed quite satisfactory. It was adopted without discussion. It had one novel feature—that limiting the size of the meetings.

Plumbers' strike at Lynn, Mass., is settled.

Brooklyn musical unions will probably combine.

Garment workers granted four hours last week.

Women waiters of Chicago number 100 in the union.

Eastern workingmen continue dropping out of the militia.

Free school book hall passed the Pennsylvania legislature.

I should like to know why "the natural laws of business" should be left to operate without the interference of the state. Do we allow the natural laws of cholera, smallpox and typhus to have uninterrupted sway? Do we allow thieves, murderers and ravishers to practice with our interference the "natural laws" of their "business"? The scheme under which production and distribution are carried on, and which the Sun calls "business," that has been the "natural law"—get all you can and keep all you get—if able to operate without any regulation by organized society would cause more misery than all the diseases and crimes mentioned. The Sun does not deny the right of society to adopt

federation. Also that an organizer be sent to the smaller towns and cities to organize them in whatever form of organization they desire, & fund to be raised for that purpose. The report was unanimously adopted.

The shoemaker's label received a special endorsement, as it is comparatively a new one.

The platform adopted at previous meetings was reaffirmed and the following new resolutions adopted.

Favoring the organization of retail clerks and early closing.

Free employment bureaus.

Agitation for the initiative and referendum.

The eight hour day.

The plasterers of Columbus, O., were the first of the building trades to obtain the eight-hour day. They are paid \$3 a day.

The printers of Denver have issued a circular letter to the trade asking for contributions, so that the printers, at Colorado Springs can be furnished with means of suitable recreation.

Following the example set by Duluth a free reading room and library has been opened by the Council of Trades and Labor unions of Detroit for the use of working people of the city.

The German labor unions of Cleveland observed Decoration day with a parade and picnic.

The Marble Cutters' union of Chicago carrying on an agitation against the use of convict cut stone.

Indiana miners are on a strike for an advance in pay, to \$10 per month.

Then have been receiving \$21 a month.

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THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1893.

laws to suppress some forms of gambling, and yet the whole "business" arrangement is nothing more nor less than gambling.

If the working people and their friends were to adopt completely the let alone policy, which is so near to the Sun and the rank "weeds" may set themselves down within the few words to absolute unmindfulness of the many. In fact, we are fast drifting in that direction as it is, but the sentiment that a change in our course is advisable and necessary is taking' strong hold, and with the knowledge that the masses of this generation possess the prospect is not so dubious as it might be. But there must be no nonsense about bottom principles. It is a "natural law of business" that the gains of one party to a transaction are the losses of the other party. In other words, it is natural for the employer to wish to increase his profits, and the wage fund is his legitimate prey. By combination and legislation the workingman must to all in his power to protect that fund.

"We wish to break up the business of counterfeiting the union cigar label. These labels are printed by the International union and are distributed among cigar manufacturers who employ union hands. They cost us considerable, and are circulated without charge. 'Foul' shops, we found, were using labels which were counterfeited. We determined to ferret out the counterfeiting and prosecute them criminally. We got in touch with the cigar manufacturers, publishing them to be using the labels? If you should be ashamed of yourself as a public servant to make use of such language, then the time has come to act. It is a natural law of business that the gains of one party to a transaction are the losses of the other party. It is natural for the employer to wish to increase his profits, and the wage fund is his legitimate prey. By combination and legislation the workingman must to all in his power to protect that fund.

"We cannot help feeling that one reason the working people are estranged from the church is that the church has not made up to its opportunity. There has been too much profession and not enough practice. I am not quite sure that the working classes recognize profession, but I am absolutely certain that they recognize practice every time they see it.

"Lastly, our great scheme is to reorganize industry upon an ethical basis. In the prevailing system of fierce competition the weakest must go to the wall. The moral principle is not considered.

"We want to do all we can in a peaceful, Christian spirit to bring about the time when ethics will be the controlling principle among these people. Noble women have done much to assist our work by living the simple, honest life.

"We shall not stop here. We have arrested Henry Hill and Emanuel Fischer, both employed in Shadwick's cigar factory, at 429 East Tenth street. Hill sent out circulars offering the counterfeit labels for sale, and Fischer sold a quantity.

"Senator McClelland—Attached is newspaper clipping of 13th inst., and as an American citizen and honest workingman, who can prove, permit me to ask you in reply, did you ever read of the case of Senator McClelland, in which he was accused of being a spy? If you should, you would be ashamed of yourself as a public servant to make use of such language, then the time has come to act. It is a natural law of business that the gains of one party to a transaction are the losses of the other party. It is natural for the employer to wish to increase his profits, and the wage fund is his legitimate prey. By combination and legislation the workingman must to all in his power to protect that fund.

"Oppressed by poverty and weary of the struggle for existence, the workingman has no happiness except that of dancing to the tune of a barrel organ that happens to come into the street.

"It comes to this, my friends: If Christianity doesn't mean sacrifice, it doesn't mean anything. As Sydney Smith said, "It is very easy to be a good Samaritan without oil and the twopence."

"Painfully killed them.

"The remark of Senator McClelland filed the workingmen who read it, but with the exception of one man they took it out in expressing their opinions to each other.

"The exception was William McNair, who is well known in labor circles in New York city. McNair sends a post card containing the following to Senator McClelland:

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THE TIME DRAWS NEAR

The July Meeting of the Duluth Driving Park Association Opens in About Three Weeks.

The Prospects for an Event Successful in Every Way Are More Than Ordinarily Bright.

A Gun Club Tournament Planned for July 4 and 5 by the Central Gun Club.

Just three weeks from next Tuesday the July meeting of the Duluth Driving Park association will open and the head of the lakes—not Duluth alone—will have an opportunity to witness trials of speed, the superior of which have been rarely seen in the Northwest. The excellent entries already made and the correspondence, which is constantly incensing, assure this. R. F. Jones, secretary, was up from Minneapolis this week and is feeling greatly encouraged at the outlook for the meeting.

"It's going to be a hummer—but that doesn't worry us," says the genial "Fish" and the boys are sure that in their hats and are having their season tickets. The association, and it comprises not a great number of men, is taking great financial risk in preparing for this meeting and deserves the support of the public. Mr. Jones, in his paper the Minnesota Horserace, says:

"A visit to the city of Duluth during the past week found everything in the best of shape at the driving park and the interest in the coming meeting is already mounting up. The course is in the best of shape. John Hawkins has some fifteen head or more preparing for the meeting. Mambrino Sparkle, the queen of long drawn contests, is now in Mr. Hawkins' string. Sparkle does not show age in appearance nor does her years tell on her. She is in fine form. Sparkle's filly by Hartford is the image of her famous dam and if early indications cut any figure with a racing trotter, this filly will do. Mr. Hawkins has a number of aged horses that will appear in the different meets. Zaywood, a power gelding by Blackwood, Jr., Zalin, in training for the trotting Derby, is owned by Mr. Walsh, of Duluth. Zaywood is a game going fellow that can show quite a little speed and should be a good horse in a three-mile contest like the Derby."

The Duluth course has shaped up grandly during the past month; about 6 inches of fine loam has been added to the surface and it is now well ordered for a fast mile. In the care of this track the management has been excellent, from a Grinnell machine to a first class sprinkler, everything to make a track good has been provided. Fine timothy hay is cheap and abundant near the track and the water is the purest. The grounds being situated back of the lake and the cold air effect the horses in the electric lines running direct to the gates make the place easy of access to all. The outlook for the coming meeting is most promising and the attendance will surely be large, for the horsemen of Superior and Duluth are anticipating a feast of fast sport and will swell the great receipts daily."

With the warmer weather of the past week or two there has been an awakening of interest at the boat house and several of the small boats are in great demand. A four-oared crew takes a run quite frequently and singles are numerous. It is surprising, however, that there is not more interest taken in this most healthful and elevating sport. If Duluth is to be a great city in the water this would be easy to understand, but with the boat houses but a few minutes walk from the business center it is somewhat difficult to explain. It must be that the Duluth young men feel that they cannot take a couple of hours a day from their work to go to the lake in amusement and recreation. If this be his reasoning, it is false, for a short time each day spent in healthful exercise and forgetfulness of cares and duties only enables a man to better carry out his duties and labor.

The Gun Club is entitled to the credit of getting a grand tournament to be held on July 4 and 5 at Spirit Lake on the club grounds. A fine list of prizes will be hung up and cash prizes from all the northern towns will be invited to participate. The members of the club have already made arrangements for the amount of \$200 and the end is not yet reached. Duluth has many crack shots and the tournament is certain to be a success in every sense of the word.

The Duluth Football Club held its annual meeting on June 12 and elected officers as follows: Honorary president, A. R. MacLanane; president, Ronald Hunter; vice-president, Mr. Northward; captain, George Wilson; vice-captain, N. C. Murphy; secretary, George Gibson, treasurer, John McLean. The team is in good condition and the players are getting down to good work. Several games with Superior have already been played. The grounds at the Glen Avon rink are to be graded up and a football ground made. When the club has games, the members will be given an incentive to get themselves up to a high standard. Duluth ought to carry off the Northwestern cup this year and it is not at all improbable that her club will.

The West End Athletics and Metropolitans of Duluth, two ball clubs not playing at the twenty-eighth avenue west grounds, this afternoon. The batteries will be Carrigan and Polasek for the Athletics and Chapman and Paddock for the Metropolitans.

Jimmy Purcell, the "Savvy Kidd," who has been sparring the past few weeks at the head of the lake, has been matched against "Dutch" Neill, of Hurley. The fight will take place at a Hurley theater July 7. Purcell is trained at Superior and getting into excellent shape. He expects to make the contestants of the years of his career. A party of his friends and adherents from Duluth and Superior will go to Hurley to witness the match.

George Curtis, who surprised his friends by standing up against "Shadow" Maher ten years ago at the Gem theater last night, is again to make his stand another go on the same terms, as he is not satisfied with the compromise decision calling the contest a draw.

Strictly under the rules it was a draw, but according to the intent of the articles Curtis won by standing up the ten rounds.

RACING'S BIG REWARDS.

How a thoroughbred has often won a big fortune.

Few people other than those directly connected with the racing of thoroughbreds are interested in breeding, training and running the thoroughbred. Occasionally the public sees in the newspapers the mention of some large price for a thoroughbred and wonders where the purchaser will get his money back. The record of the Duluth track is held by the "Union of Investors," Master B. G. Thomas, to J. F. Haggard for \$10,000, brought his new owner in from the sales of her just \$6,000 in four years. This is an example of what a good man can do for the Nurseries and the horse. A number of thoroughbreds are trained more time over before the attention of the public to the interests of racing. This is brought the sum of \$60,000, and the horses in training were sold under very disadvantageous circumstances.

ISINGLASS.

Racing today all over the world is in the most flourishing of conditions. The first step toward the purity of racing has been taken by the sale of the right of control, the metropolitan track being the first. This board of control has licensed trainers as well as jockeys and made an effort to do away with that bazaar of racing men—the entrances of horses without the right to pay for the race. The system has almost scores of claimants in debt, and the stupendous forfeit list shows the weakness, the true inwardness of the system. All the owners of the wins in the various big stakes can tell what a difference there was in the value of the horses as compared with the claimants and the amount they received.

Another move of this board is to limit racing with betting to 30 days in every state on one track in a calendar year. This is what the pay day is to racing. Conditions racing on one track in a number of states defuses the very first object of breeding thoroughbreds—the improvement of the horse—and it also very demoralizes any community by bringing into it a great number of racing men.

The tracks that are today used for racing have been laid out and built to insure speed and safety to the jockey as well as the horse. America is far ahead of any of the European countries in its accommodations for the public at the race tracks. The grand stand is a large, comfortable building with a large private room, a large platform, a large entrance, and a large room for the jockey. The grand stand is a large, comfortable building with a large private room, a large platform, a large entrance, and a large room for the jockey.

C. M. MURPHY.

Carried the course in the first time of 1 hour 23 minutes, a truly remarkable showing. Murphy is a rider of many years' experience and brother of W. F. Murphy, the famous Brooklyn filly.

NOTES ON THE HORSES.

A St. Louis paper claims that city's pay horses furnish \$30,000 daily to poor people who pawn even their clothing to raise money for betting purposes.

The system of handicapping the trotters is carried to such a point in England that horses from this side claim a \$100 bonus. The grand stand is a large, comfortable building with a large private room, a large platform, a large entrance, and a large room for the jockey.

WEST DULUTH EVIDENCE.

Commending the Copeland System of Treating Cataract.

Among the numerous residents of West Duluth who have received beneficial treatment at the Copeland Medical Institute is Mr. John Gettings, who is employed in the car shops of the West Duluth Manufacturing Co. He suffered for many years with an aggravated cataract of the head and stomach. When questioned about his case he said: "Yes, I had taken a great deal of medicine; for the last two years my stomach has been a veritable drug shop, but nothing I took seemed to give me more than temporary relief. My stomach was in a very bad condition, it was so bad that I could not eat it would hardly retain any food at all. I was often compelled to throw up little food I had eaten. After a meal my stomach would blow up and there was a continual belching of gas which was so bad that I had to lie down for food at all and would have to force myself to eat because I knew that food was necessary in order to keep body and soul together. I was consequently ner-

vous and easily fatigued, and would be unable to do any kind of work.

GUNTER LOST BY A MISTAKE.

He had the Pullman in His Grasp, but Made a Fatal Pause.

There are hundreds of thousands of bicyclists in America, but J. F. Gunther of the Lincoln Cycling club, Chicago, is probably the saddest man in all the vast army. The reason such thick, dark gloom en-

velopes him is because he had the Pullman road race—the greatest event of the kind—the greatest prize in the history of cycling. He was the first to cross the finish line and although leading the 350 starters by many rods stopped 300 feet from the line. He was overtaken by the last runner and won the race before Gunther's friends apprised him of his mistake.

"It does not take the world very long to discover who is the best man for this or that purpose, and when it finds out that man who has made a specialty of one operation, and unquestionably does it better than anyone else, the world must avail itself of his labor.

"We do not mean to argue that a man should be like a horse, capable of entertaining but one idea at a time, for that would be to advocate narrow-mindedness; but we do mean that the man should be without one essential and prevailing object, in the prosecution of which he is determined to excel, and it does not make any difference what that is, whether cleaning a gutter or saving lives.

"This adds weight to our first, advi-

ce to have a specialty and to push it. Be sure you are right before you select it."

The stars of the Irvington-Milburn road race—practically won and lost, it is due to his mistake a railroad track for the finish line and although leading the 350

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starters by many rods stopped 300 feet from the line. He was overtaken by the last runner and won the race before Gunther's friends apprised him of his mistake.

"It does not take the world very long to discover who is the best man for this or that purpose, and when it finds out that man who has made a specialty of one operation, and unquestionably does it better than anyone else, the world must avail itself of his labor.

"We do not mean to argue that a man should be like a horse, capable of entertaining but one idea at a time, for that would be to advocate narrow-mindedness; but we do mean that the man should be without one essential and prevailing object, in the prosecution of which he is determined to excel, and it does not make any difference what that is, whether cleaning a gutter or saving lives.

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MEETING AN ORATOR

Bill Nye Tries to Console an Unknown on the Train Who Was Very Anxious.

The True History of the Man Who Wanted to Talk on the Red Indian.

The Lecturer Has Two or Three Obstacles to Overcome Which the Actor Has Not.

Riding gayly on the vestibule train and dressed in a neat and even expensive way, as I now do, I saw in the section ahead a wild looking man who might have been 19 or 91. I could not tell. He looked at his watch, a young lady's hunting case watch, with a chain made of human hair that needed a shampoo.



TRYING TO CONSOLE HIM.

He looked at the watch and then he looked at a small folder, then he looked at the MS of an address or lecture which he took now and again from his handbag. Wetting his lips with some restorative which sounded up the car, he would practice in a low, refreshing breath, fitting the gestures to it so that people near him vacated their seats, while ever and anon he would hiss something through his clenched teeth and bite a large hole in the somewhat fixed air of the car. Then he would open his satchel and take out a manuscript, which he read over earnestly, and then he seemed to be repeating it in his mind. Then he would add gestures to it and bite large holes in the atmosphere and look wild.

Finally I wove my speech to him. I asked him what seemed to be the trouble. He said that he was called to lecture at Archy that evening, and that already he was two hours behind. If we did not make it up, he would lose \$10, he said, and he looked at his watch again and then at the schedule. Then he ran over a portion of his lecture and examined the joints in some of his gestures to see if they were working smoothly.

For some time I remained with him, talking with him and consoling him as best I might, finally telling him that I, too, was a lecturer, though I was keeping it as quiet as I could on account of my family, and so I went on trying to brace him up and give him courage even while I could hardly smile myself. His agent seemed to be along with him, and to him I finally addressed myself in the words of the old song:

"Can we not get a special or do something to relieve the anxiety of your attractions?" I inquired. "He seems to be suffering so much over it."

"By attraction," said the agent, biting off the ragged edge of his cigar wrapper and looking out at the frosty miles of northern country, "has been this way for eight years. I am taking him to the asylum. Eight years ago he was a young man. He made a life when he graduated and delivered a thrilling speech regarding the American Indian. Never having seen the American Indian, he loved him. He said, among other things, that the American Indian approximated more nearly to what man should be—moral, grand, physically perfect morally, grand and true to the instincts of his conscience—than any race of beings, civilized or uncivilized. 'Where,' he asked, 'do we hear such noble sentiments or meet with such examples of heroism and self sacrifice as the history of the American Indian furnishes? Where shall we go again to hear such oratory as that of Black Hawk and Logan? Certainly the records of our so called civilization do not furnish it, and the present century is devoid of it. They were the true children of the Great Spirit. They lived nearer to the great throbbing heart of the Creator than do their pale-faced conquerors of today who mourn over the lost and undone condition of the savage. Courageous, brave and true soul of humor, their crude and earthy dialects from off the land of the earth is a sign of such magnitude that the people of America may well shrink from the just punishment which is due to follow the assassination of so brave a race.' He had quite a lot of things like that in his speech, and his father, who had a chattel mortgage on the press of The Home and Liberator of our place, got it printed to the exclusion of the tax list and other spicy reading."

"Friends then petitioned him to let the boy lecture. He swelled up with parable pride and encouraged the young man, and so he started out. He was all wrapped up in the Indian, and so he prepared a lecture on 'The Red Man, Past and Present.' He put all the poetry into it that a boy who had never seen an Indian would. He recited all his pieces all the time, and finally he got an engagement. It was in a nearby town where they were trying to buy a library. They only needed \$600 more, and so they had decided to have a course of lectures during the winter. The committee intended to have one lecture on 'The Arctic Region and How to Avoid Going

There' by an old arctic explorer who had taken 50 picked men up where he could hear the north end of the earth's axis squeak, had eaten the leather ends of his suspenders, taken the latitude and longitude, picked some of his tenderest men again and returned. It was also the scheme to have a lecture on 'Political Economy and How to Get Money in the National Pocket' by a man who had given his whole life to a study of kindred subjects. Then a well known humorist was to follow with a lecture on 'Gentlemen and Gentlemen Past and Present.'

"Last of all, Napoleon Bonaparte, my friend, was to lecture on 'The English and His Virgins.' The price of the whole course ticket was only \$1, and the public was on the q—where, as you might say, to hear the closing lecture."

"Napoleon had not been idle. He had not eaten anything but oatmeal for days and his lips were bloodless and parched. When his family spoke to him, he replied briefly and then muttered portions of his lecture to himself.

"At last the day and the hour came. He intoned his name in his breast, as he had seen pictures of Demosthenes doing, and began in a low voice. A coarse man with a coarse ticket yelled 'Loud!' and Napoleon became silent. He had no one to speak of the Indians in the purity and simplicity as they were found by Columbus, the wealthier ones perhaps clothed in the pelt of a chipmunk, while the poorer ones were likely clad in atmospheric phenomena, and so on.

"Then another man, a waggon maker from Lower Jasper, who was holding a little child that was eating a cookie with pink sugar on it, said in a gruff voice: 'Can't you speak so we can hear you? Ever mind the gestures. Speak up! Louder!'

"Napoleon fished a little kind of slob out of a glass of water. Then he tried again, beginning back where he started out, but raising his voice higher and higher till it was split and raptured at the end. The audience was so moved that the committee told him they thought that was a pretty easy way to do it, but gave it to him, including a lead dollar.

"Afterward the Fly-Capper-Sigh, of which he was a member, gave him a banquet. (They had previously invited him, and so could not well back out.) He went, though there was a wild, hasted look in his eyes as he started. The banquet was not quite ready, for, as the steward of the restaurant said, 'The Cove stars had not come yet,' so Napoleon sat in the anteroom, and people went by and examined him as if they were taking a shewell look at him before his was rawed down.

"It was very cold and quite hungry, not having eaten anything since he had a meal to give him the lecture, but the flies at the cold end of the room by the side of a fagged president, who also noted on the back of his menu and fingered out of Napoleon what little intelligence he had left.

"The restaurant was a very poor one indeed, and the chima had large, dark lips knocked out of it by people who had tried to drive in picture nails with it. The courses were widely segregated, and the dishes came on each time warm and hurried and panting, as who should say: 'We may be a little slow about it, but we do not miss a single course. We also aim to please.'

"Well, to make a long story short, the boy could not draw out any longer, and finally the press and radio, on the advice of the front bench of his already fatigued brain, said: 'We have with us this evening—just as though they had been in the habit of entertaining all the crowded heads that came to town. Then he spoke briefly and tersely of Napoleon and introduced him as the silver-tongued representative of the Fly-Cap-Sigh of Jasper.

"Napoleon arose, wiped his cold lips with a napkin, and taking the tablecloth with one hand by the corner he jerked it about one east as the crow flies, gave a shriek of a demon, and tying the tablecloth around the throat of the president at choked him to death. Then picking up a whole custard pie he struck a little below on the opposite side of the table as to fill the ear to enveloping, caught hold of a cutting knife and fled through the windows, cutting holes in the constables and hitting elderly people on their way home. He has cleared out two asylums already, and now he is on his way to Vancouver. He still thinks, poor boy, that he is to lecture at Jasper tonight and that if he should disappoint them he will be out \$10."

The suggestion of a sob was noticeable in her tone.

"...not deceive my dear teacher. I am not prepared to graduate, and were I to take the degree today I must ever live with me the distressing consciousness of unfitness. They who trust me know it not, but I can aware in my own heart that the ribbons on my dress do not exactly match those upon my dress. No, it must not be."

Burying her face in her handkerchief, she tottered from the company of the sweetest in the world.

—An Object Lesson.

"I find it pays to lead a man a dollar," said Binkie.

"Why?" asked Briggs.

"Well, if he pays you a dollar, he follows you, you find out what sort of a fellow he is at small cost."

"True," returned Briggs. "Ah—can you let me have a dollar for a day or two? Bronson?"

Briggs' face in her handkerchief, she tottered from the company of the sweetest in the world.

—A Desperate Neighbor.

Mrs. Binkie—That woman we just passed is the poorest neighbor I ever had.

Friend—Neighbor? Why, she didn't go much as friend at you.

Mrs. Binkie—That's what I like about her.

New York—The Fighting Club.

The Colossal Athletic Club, ostensibly

of Chicago, but really of Indiana, in that

the clubhouse is to be located just opposite

the corporate limits of Illinois, has sprung

up as a rival of the fistic clubs of New Orleans and Coney Island.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1893.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men.
ESTABLISHED 1881.

A Mighty Sale
Boys Suits,
\$4.75
For This Entire Week.

Your choice of 800 Boys' Fine All-wool Short Pant Suits, in Handsome Plain and fancy Cheviots, Sargos, Flannels, Tricots, Worsted, Cassimeres and beautiful light colors, at \$6, \$8.50, \$7, \$7.50, \$8, \$9 and \$10, for this week only.

FOUR SEVENTY-FIVE.

Remember, this is not a sale of a few odds and ends, but the Greatest and Grandest Boys' Suit Sale of the year, including our very best Short Pant Suits we've been selling at \$6 to \$10, in beautiful Double-breasted Coat and Revere Suits, Sailor Suits, Blouse Suits, Zouave Suits. Our big sale of Men's Suits kept our store crowded all of last week. We expect to be even busier this week with our Boys' Great Sale, for you all know what the Big Duluth Special Sales are.

**Boys' and Children's Summer Underwear,
Negligee Shirts, Shirt Waists,
Straw and Cloth Hats,
Hosiery and Shoes at Special Low Prices
This Entire Week.**

A splendid Pocket Knife, a good Base Ball and Bat, a Four Wheel Express Wagon or a Bow and Arrow Given Away with each and every Boys' or Child's Suit Free of charge.

A HANDSOME HOUSE AND LOT
Situated in Duluth Heights, Fully Completed and Ready for Occupancy,
Will be Given Away by Us Entirely FREE of Charge.

Every purchase of the smallest amount gives you an opportunity of getting our BEAUTIFUL HOME without money and without price.

The BIG DULUTH
Trustworthy and Complete Outfitters for Men, Boys and Children.
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

ONE DOLLAR

WILL BUY
MORE AT Kelly's,
THAN ANY OTHER STORE.

What You Buy There
You Can Depend On.

EXTRAORDINARY OFFERS THIS MONTH!

Parlor Suits, Chamber Suits,
Dining Room Sets, Library Outfits,
Hall Racks, China Closets,
Book Cases, Folding Beds.

F. S. Kelly,
710 and 712 W. SUPERIOR ST. NEAR INCLINE RAILWAY.

HOUSE WANTED! Want to rent single house, modern improvements, view of lake, lawn and in east end.

J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, 121 West Superior Street.

**Pants Made
To Order!**

\$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00,

Worth, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13.

J. S. LANE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
430 SPALDING HOUSE BLK

ARE WIPE OUT OF EXISTENCE.

The Towns on the Mesaba Range Suffered Terrible Destruction by the Fierce Forest Fires that Bore Down Upon Them Yesterday and Swept Almost Everything in Their Path.

Virginia Was All Burned Down With the Exception of Six Small Houses, Including the Depot, and Two Thousand People Were Forced to Flee from Their Rapidly-Burning Homes.

Several Hundred Women and Children Were Brought in Box and Ore Cars to Duluth, and Provisions and Tents Were Sent from Here to the Men Who Remained at Virginia.

Merritt Was Also Wiped Out, and Mountain Iron and Biwabik Suffered From the Flames, but Their Loss is Not as Great as Virginia's—Fears that Several People Lost Their Lives.

Yesterday afternoon telegrams were received in Duluth at the Duluth, Mesaba & Northern office, by O. D. Kinney and others announcing the total destruction of the flourishing and enterprising town of Virginia and that Mountain Iron was threatened and liable to go at any moment. Later telegrams indicated that the latter town was destroyed and Merritt and Biwabik probably. Shortly afterward all telegraphic communication was shut off and the extent of the fire's fearful work could only be conjectured.

The whole range seems to have been broken out in a mass of fire. The forest fires have been very severe, and a number of occasional inhabitants of the towns have been obliged to turn out and fight for their homes. The real danger has not been appreciated here in Duluth from the fact that the exact condition of the towns has not been reported, indeed the town residents did not know of their own danger. At Virginia a brush fire, accompanied by a constantly shifting wind, took in the southern edge of the townsite clearing Wednesday afternoon. The firemen kept a steady front on the flames, however, and no imminent danger of its going beyond control was apparent at any time.

On Saturday afternoon advices were received here which brought the first indications of anything serious. General Manager of the Mesaba & Northern iron road, immediately went up to look after the road's interests and render such assistance as he could. General Manager Phiblin Telegraphs.

The first news came from Mr. Phiblin about 2 o'clock yesterday by President Alfred Merritt, and it was startling to say the least. The dispatch read: Men and women and children had been taken down to the junction. Great confusion was reported and the necessity for sending supplies was urged. At 6:15 o'clock General Manager Phiblin again telegraphed:

"The whole town of Virginia, including freight cars, is burned. We have lost all men and children here and have two trying to get cars out. Tell Mr. Fisher of the Duluth & Winnipeg to be prepared to let us send women and children to Duluth by special."

Later on other telegrams and word was sent in that several hundred women and children had been loaded on ore and freight cars and were being sent to Duluth and had been taken down to the junction. Great confusion was reported and the necessity for sending supplies was urged. At 6:15 o'clock General Manager Phiblin again telegraphed:

"No news is good news, we have had more than fifty messages from General Manager Phiblin," said Mr. Carter, "and in none does he even so much as hint at a death or serious accident. Therefore I am quite certain that its special would be destroyed by fire near the junction and the women and children gathered were loaded on the Iron Range special. It left about 9 o'clock and accompanying it was President Greatsinger, O. D. Kinney, J. D. Boyd, F. G. and W. T. Williamson of Minneapolis, John W. Weiman, H. S. Mayo, and a number of newspaper men. The intention was to run to Biwabik and then over the Mesaba & Northern tracks to Virginia, if possible, or if not to run over the Iron Range special to Merritt. The iron road's advice was that the town was destroyed and Biwabik was severely threatened. President Greatsinger immediately made preparations to send a special to Duluth, and word was run down to the Stone-Ordean company's wholesale house and was quickly loaded with crackers, flour, meat, coffee and other necessities of life. The Mesaba road's advice was given to show that its special would be destroyed by fire near the junction and the women and children gathered were loaded on the Iron Range special."

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Another Special Goes Out.

During the night Mesaba road officials were hard put to it to get their trains to get through the night. At 3 o'clock the iron road's train bearing the women and children arrived at the depot here. At 3 o'clock a special started over the road and was prepared to make the run in quick time. This like the other was loaded down with provisions and supplies of every description, tents, bedding, clothes, shoes, etc. Citizens to the Relief.

The news had no sooner become general in Duluth than the citizens were aroused to the necessities of the situation and measures to be relieved were at once taken. President Spencer of the council notified those actively at work that the city could be drawn on for \$1000 and a special meeting of the council was called for this morning to take such measures as would seem expedient. A call for a meeting to be held at the chamber of

THE VIRGINIA LOSSES.

No Definite Information Can Be Obtained But They Are Large.

The losses are hard to determine so indefinite is the information at hand. But three or four buildings remain standing in Virginia, the population of which was about 2000. It was a flourishing town, but like all new mining places, was thrown

between 11 and 12 o'clock.

The fire started from Mountain iron between 11 and 12 o'clock.

In an interview at the station Dr. Salter, of the Bethel mission said: "We

offered our gymnasium and other rooms, but it has been decided to use the Howard block. This is the worst

calamity which ever visited our vicinity

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

Panton & Watson
GLASS BLOCK STORE,
Duluth, Minn.



TODAY the World's Congress of Bankers and Financiers meets in Chicago.

The sessions will occupy the week. Bank President Lyman J. Gage, of Chicago will preside, and Senator John Sherman will welcome the foreign delegates. During the Congress each delegate will explain the banking system, methods, resources and finances of his own land. Papers will also be read upon general monetary and financial topics.

THEY LOST HEAVILY.

Prescott, Mars & Co., Hardware Men, suffered a Loss of \$15,000.

W. R. Mars, of the firm of Prescott, Mars & Co., came down to West Duluth from Virginia last night and reports a total loss of their hardware stock, buildings, etc. Their loss is estimated at \$15,000, with \$7,500 insurance. Besides the stock in the store, the company had just received several car loads of nail, pump and other articles which also come to \$15,000. A full car load of the Prescot steam mining pump, manufactured at the Marquette works and valued at about \$500 each, were among the losses. The firm is not disengaged, however, but will tomorrow erect a tent, ship the necessary provisions and commence rebuilding at once.

RELIEF MEASURES.

Several Thousand Dollars is Already in the Committee's Hands.

Early this morning the following circular was distributed:

Range Sufferers!—Citizens of Duluth; Cook food and gather old clothing and bedding and deliver at relief headquarters, 208 West Superior street. Several thousand suffering. Be prompt.

AT MOUNTAIN IRON.

J. Adam Bede is Not Alarmed as to the Fate of the Town.

J. Adam Bede came down from Mountain Iron Saturday evening. When asked this morning as to the town's fate he was taking a hopeful view of it and said that he did not believe that it was burned. The town is built in the center of a clearing to the northeast and in the edge of the woods are situated the Mountain Iron laboratory, mess house and office building, and the dwellings of Rosedale, the company's manager's residence, the copper mine, H. N. Robinson and Uto Sobieski. On the west side and in the woods is the Missabe road depot, A. J. Byrnes' lumber yard, and the homes of Mr. Beach and William Sharp. Mr. Bede thinks that some of these buildings on the edge of the woods may have been destroyed.

He also says that there is but little injury carried in Mountain Iron owing to the excessively high rate. Laut & Murphy, lumber and general merchants, carry a stock of about \$10,000, and have \$2,000 insurance. Murphy Bros. have a stock of about \$8,000. The population of Mountain Iron is about 600.

J. Adam says if he was there he would have saved his printing outfit but he is uncertain now whether it is a mass of molten metal or not. He would have dug a hole and buried it he says had he been there.

MERRITT WIPE OUT.

The Town Has Been Wholly Destroyed by Fire.

TWO HARRIS, Minn., June 19.—[To the Herald.—]President Greatsinger of the Duluth & Iron Range has just received a telegram from Summit that the town of Merritt is wholly wiped out. Summit is three miles from Biwabik.

SCENES AT THE DEPOT.

Anxious Watchers For the Trains From the Range.

At 10 o'clock this morning a large crowd collected at the Union depot, expected to see a train from the destroyed depot, at that hour. In this crowd on the steps near the gates were several Scandinavian men and their faces were a study in anxiety, and in mute despair, since the sight of arrival of the news of disaster to friends or relatives.

At the same hour in the emigrants' waiting room were thirty children by actual count, all under five years of age. The cries of the babies made the place echo to the extreme. It was a touching sight to see many of the little ones steeped in despair, the cries of the smaller infants and the "sh-sh-sh" of worried mothers.

Mrs. Payne, Mrs. Vance and Mrs. Barber, of the Ladies Relief society, were still trying to comfort the unfortunate people.

A. R. Johnson, of the Standard Oil Co., had a close call at that hour. He was in the iron road's passenger depot and water tank remaining. Everything else is wiped out. Merritt is understood to be gone, but it is believed that Mountain iron has been destroyed, reported.

The Iron Range Heralds.

THE IRON RANGE SPECIAL.

NO DEATHS REPORTED.

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IRON RIVER BURNED.

For the Second Time Has the Little Wisconsin Lumbering Town Been Destroyed by Fire.

The Town Had a Population of About Two Thousand and All Are Now Homeless.

Forest Fires Raging Throughout All of Northern Wisconsin and Other Towns in Great Danger.

ASHLAND, Wis., June 19.—Iron River, the thriving lumbering town about twenty miles from here on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, has again been wiped out by a fire, which started yesterday morning. The fire caught on the outskirts of the village from forest fires, destroying the new school house, the Congregational and Catholic churches and Hessey & Hatton's big warehouse. The fire department fought the flames steadily but the fire gained on them and soon the residence portion of the town was laid waste when the business section followed. Help was sent for to Ashland, and a special train sent out with a detachment of the fire department from here. At Moquah the special jumped the track and caused several hours delay, but no one was injured.

The soft ores of the now famous Mesabi range are shown in a very tasteful and conspicuous manner in glass cases that have been placed around the sides of the pavilion. Eighteen mines are represented.

In addition to her iron display, Mesabi is in the same space slate from Cloquet and brick and clay from many counties of the state. There is also building stone from every section of the state that is noted for this material. A handsome arch of various stones of building stone has been erected over the entrance to the pavilion, in which arch are blocks of stone from Winona, Frontenac, Kettle River, Marquette, Minnesota, St. Cloud, Ortonville, Duluth, Rockville, Jaspas, Kasota, Monteville and other towns.

The town had just completed a system of water works. Several people were brought to Ashland last night who had been badly burned, narrowly escaping with their lives. The town is a portion of which have been rendered homeless. It is believed the whole town is gone, as the telegraph wires are all down owing to the poles being swept away by the fires, and as the last reports indicated that nothing could be saved from the onward rush of the flames.

Forest fires have been raging all through Northern Wisconsin, causing hot air to sweep over this section like hot winds on a desert. Washburn had a close shave and the fire will have a big, heavy sweep in and about White river, it is likely to do so. The fire and the millions of feet of standing pine, a bad fire, reported racing as North York. Ten cars on a siding were burned. A special was sent out last evening to help fight flames and save trestles and bridges along the railroad line.

A SHORT LIVED STRIKE.

The Men on the Twin City Electric Systems Went Out.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 19.—For ten hours yesterday the street railway systems of Minneapolis and St. Paul were tied up. Some few days ago the companies issued an order requiring the employees to sign a contract to else quit its employ.

In this contract was a clause rendering the drivers and conductors personally liable for all damages to persons or property. This was objected to by the men and they were given the alternative of signing or not. The drivers and conductors employed in Minneapolis signed the document. At a meeting Saturday evening the men decided to quit and accordingly no attempts were made to run cars.

Major Eustis took a hand in the matter and after considerable parleying with the management of the company obtained the withdrawal of the obnoxious contract and at 3 o'clock regular traffic was resumed. The action of the mayor is warmly commended for had no one been arrived at there would have been serious trouble. There were no strikes. The men simply quit work and went home and did not attempt to prevent the company from running cars if they could secure men. This is the company did not attempt to do.

A Butcher's Suicide.

ZANEVILLE, O., June 19.—Joe Mast, a butcher employee at G. Volland's meat shop, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself in the head.

Millinery at Cost.

All trimmed hats and flowers at cost at Mrs. Humes, over Sutcliffe & Co's.

The Human Electrical Forces!

How They Control the Organs of the Body.

The electrical force of the human body, as the nerve fluid may be termed, is an especially attractive department of science, as it exerts so marked an influence on the health of a man. The nerve fluid, or electric force, is produced by the brain and conveyed by means of the nerves to the various organs of the body, and is the vital force necessary to insure their healthy condition.

The brain, as shown here, may be said to be the most important organ of the nervous system, as it supplies the nerves, muscles, bones, etc., with the nerve force necessary to keep the body healthy. All will be seen by the cut the long nerve descending from the base of the brain and terminating in the spinal cord, while the peripheral nerves, as the pneumogastric, etc., while the peripheral nerves supply the heart, lungs and stomach with necessary vital force. The brain becomes in any way disordered by irritation or inflammation, nerve force which it supplies is lessened, and the organs of the body are diminished in supply and con-

sequently lessened in health. Physicians generally fail to recognize the importance of this fact, but truly the organs of the body are controlled by the brain. The noted specialist, Franklin Miles, M. D., LL. B., has given the greatest part of his life to the study of the nervous system, and the startling discoveries concerning it are due to his efforts. Dr. Miles' distinctive work, the American Family Soap, is prepared on the principle that all nervous and many other diseases originate in the nerves. His soap cures these disorders is testified by thousands. In every case of nervous disease, the restorative nerve cure is the best.

Madam Mitchell is at East Superior Street, Haynes' old store, with 500 trimmed hats to be sold at cost. Ele- gant trimmed hats for \$1. Sale commences on Saturday morning.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

OUR ORES ON EXHIBIT.

Mineral Experts at Chicago Pronounce Minnesota Iron the Best.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, June 19.—Minnesota's mineral exhibit at the fair has received a high compliment. Mineral experts from New South Wales and California, while on a visit to the exhibit the other day, requested that Captain Moreton, who is in charge of the North Star ship, to provide them with samples of their iron. They declared that the Minnesota iron ore was the best that they had seen anywhere in the mining building and they wanted some to take home with them.

Minnesota's mineral exhibit is chiefly of iron and a few other minerals of the state. It occupies a space of 50 by 40 feet in the northeastern section of the building, and is free from that overcrowding which seems to be the fault of the other exhibits in the building. Both the exhibition and the Minnesota exhibits are comprehensively represented.

The most conspicuous feature of the Vermillion range's display is a model of the Chandler mine at Ely, together with a working plan of the mine which hangs suspended on a wire by a pyramid of stones from the same mine.

The Minnesota mine at Soudan on the same range is represented by an oil painting showing its interior workings in perspective. It also contributes a pyramid of hard iron. The Pioneer and the Zenith mines also have exhibits.

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For a short time the men were engaged in the work of clearing the land, but the work was soon discontinued.

When this came to the ears of the president, he decided, of course, that it would be necessary to make another, and he accordingly sent to the public an interview stating that the terms of fourth class postmasters would expire four years from the time they were induced into office.

There is no longer any reason to doubt that there will be rapid changes in this part of the government as this fact had been recognized by acts of the national legislature.

The court repudiated the idea that the United States had any exclusive rights or authority in the premises and concluded that the corporation had the right to do what it pleased.

Chief Justice Fuller, who read the opinion, first devoted his attention to the contention of counsel for the government that the court of appeals had no jurisdiction in the premises, and after reviewing the arguments at length, declared that the court has the appeal jurisdiction.

Coming down to the main question, the court took the ground that the appropriation of \$2,500,000 in sovereign

coins by the United States government could not be construed as a charter, as a corporate charter, for the corporation to do what it pleased.

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THE DISTRICT COURT.

The Jury in the Case Against Frank Parrish, Grand Larceny, Went Out This Morning.

Judge Decides the Leslie A. Belding vs. J. A. Willard et al. Case for the Defendants.

Damages Equally Divided in the Case of S. Sullivan et al. vs. the Lake Superior Elevator Company.

The cases of Albert and Camille Poirier against the city, which are being tried together, were resumed before Judge Ensign this morning. At 11 o'clock the jury in charge of an officer of the court was taken to see the property affected—the block bounded by Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues east and First and Second streets—and court adjourned.

Before Judge Lewis the jury in the case against Frank Parrish, grand larceny in the second degree, was completed. The case went to the jury at noon and the trial of Peter Carlo for carnally knowing a female child under the age of 16 years, was taken up.

NO CASE AGAINST HIM.

Dr. Laird Was Fully Acquitted in the Municipal Court Today.

In municipal court this morning the case against Dr. H. C. Laird, charged with practicing dentistry without a diploma, was dismissed, the state having no case.

"I will continue business at the old stand Fourth avenue west and First street—the rest of this week," said the doctor to a Herald reporter as he walked out of the court room surrounded by a crowd of admiring friends and patrons who had come to see him off with the suit. "Yes, I have pulled teeth. The fact is, I have pulled teeth."

The extraction of teeth, however," continued the doctor, "is only a side issue with me. I am engaged principally in introducing my Mountain Bud and Herol Oil, the curative qualities of which are unquestioned as is shown by the testimonies of thousands in Duluth who are unanimous in their praise."

"I worked in Minneapolis and St. Paul six months each, extracting thousands of teeth free of charge, removing wens and tumors free of charge, and have established a market for my goods with all principal druggists. Envy, prejudice and jealousy causes me a little annoyance occasionally, but my career has been one of grand success, not only in these places but in all the principal cities of the United States and the West Indies. We work 'with malice toward none, and charity to all.' Our motto is 'Do the good you can.' Our watchword is 'Honor.' Squid dealing has brought me a great success. Since we have been in Duluth we have done thousands of dollars worth of work without charge. My patrons are certainly with me."

"The party instrumental in bringing this suit against me did so with a misundstanding and now freely expresses his regret over the inconvenience caused by the same."

Dr. Laird is certainly wonderful in his work. He extracts teeth with an astonishing ease and grace. It has been said of Dr. Laird's teeth extractions free, but the crowds have been so enormous that it has been necessary to charge a nominal price to keep the people within bounds. Tonight no admission will be charged. Come out and hear the lecture and see the great work of the great practitioner of dentistry for the cure of chronic diseases."

The doctor says all bewants is a hearing and a "square shake," and his business in Duluth will be what it has been elsewhere—a glowing success.

FOUND FOR THE STEAMER.

Judge Nelson Holds the Elevator Company Liable for Damages.

In the case of L. S. Sullivan et al. against the Lake Superior Elevator company, Judge Nelson, of the United States district court, has handed down a decision holding the elevator company liable for damages sustained by the steamer D. W. Russ by the falling of the conveyor trestle between elevators B and C in this city on May 19, of last year. It will be remembered that this vessel was lying alongside the elevator dock waiting to be loaded, when the trestle gave way, falling on the steamer, doing considerable damage.

The owners of the vessel, through their attorney, H. R. Spencer, brought an action against the elevator company in United States district court for negligence in the construction of the trestle. The court finds in favor of the steamer and against the elevator company.

A decision has been handed down by Judge Nelson in the case of Leslie A. Belding vs. John A. Willard and George F. Piper. This case has been pending for some time. Belding brought an action in ejectment to oust the defendants from the possession of an undivided two-sevenths of the 5/2 of section 29-50-14. The decision is in favor of the defendant.

Electric Cooking.

An interesting exhibition of cooking by electricity was given to a few people Saturday afternoon at the Hartman Gen-

eral Electric company's office. It was an entire success and astonished those who witnessed it. A public exhibition will be given in two or three weeks.

ANOTHER OR CRUSHER.

It Will Crush the Product Mined at the Minnesota Last Winter.

The second of the Minnesota's new ore crushers has arrived and will be in operation within two or three days, says the Vermilion Iron Journal. It is almost a counterpart of the first and was built by S. C. Lovell, of Hancock, Mich. It is a little heavier in appearance, but weighs the same—sixty-four tons. It has been set up between No. 7 and 3 stockpiles and will crush the product mined last winter.

These two stockpiles contain 170,000 tons of iron, since it has been out before," said Assistant Manager Wallace.

"It would be utterly impossible to get them out of the way and shipped this season as we are now working, as we can not get men enough at work on them when the crusher starts not a sledge will move them. They will be sorted, of course, and only the larger blocks go through the crusher."

Work at No. 1 crusher, which will handle the product as it comes up the shafts, is at a standstill owing to the walk in the shipment of the new Allis Corliss engine. It has been shipped from Milwaukee, however, and will soon arrive.

ROWING REGATTA.

The Date for the Minnesota and Winnipeg Regatta is Fixed.

A meeting of the officers of the Minnesota and Winnipeg Rowing association was held at the West Hotel, Minneapolis, Saturday evening, with Col. West in attendance. It was voted that the regatta was fixed at that suggested by the Lure Boat club—July 28 and 29—and will take place over the Lurefay course.

The date of the annual meeting, at which the election of officers is to be held, was fixed for July 27, at the Hotel Lafayette, 100½ West Superior street. The judge's boat, prizes and the various other things pertaining to the annual regatta are to be decided at the meeting of July 27.

Arrangements were made for the building of the Lurefay course between the Minnepolis and the Minnesota, of St. Paul, to occur on the 1st of August, the prairie to turn over their oars to the winners, and this, too, promises to be productive of some very hot races.

Arrangements were made for the Lurefay course between the Minnepolis and the Minnesota, of St. Paul, to occur on the 1st of August, the prairie to turn over their oars to the winners, and this, too, promises to be productive of some very hot races.

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THE EXTRA SESSION.

Many Congressmen Still in Washington, Some of Them Studying the Financial and Tariff Questions.

The Uncertainty Over the Sherman Law's Repeal Is Causing President Cleveland Many Sleepless Nights.

Despite All Contrary Stories, There Is Nothing Authentic to Indicate the Action of Congress.

Blaine absolutely refused to give vent to any public expressions to any newspaper man, even though he represented one of the press associations. He said that out of deference to his colleagues, any statement was sent out through the press association channels to write the article himself and was also careful to insure its safe delivery by a confidential messenger. In this respect Mr. Cleveland seems to be following in the pathway of the distinguished dead.

In speaking of the contest over the repeal of the Sherman law at the coming session of congress, it can be definitely stated that there is no information that is absolutely authentic showing what action congress will take with reference to this important measure. The congressional pamphlets in Washington are predicting a long drawn out and a very bitter fight, but none of these prophets are willing to stake any money on the outcome.

A CHALLENGE TO A DUEL.

Result of a Debate in the French Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, June 20.—[Special to The Herald.]—Surprising as it may seem, there are all the way from thirty to sixty members of congress in the capital city at this time. The heated term in Washington, as is probably well known, begins about June 1, and ordinarily every man, woman and child who is able to get out of Washington during June, July, August and part of September always do so. It may be surprising to the uninitiated that congressmen remain here when the general impression is that they could easily get away, but the real cause of the stay in Washington is to look out for the interests of many of their office-seeking constituents, and they are doing this to the best of their ability.

There are others, however, who have a higher aim in view. The majority of the congressmen here are Democrats. Now that they know that President Cleveland will call congress together in extraordinary session in September, it is probable that many of them are making preparations for their duties in the next congress.

There are some who are studying the tariff issue, others the financial issue, and a great many others are making preparations to get some local legislation through for the benefit of their constituents.

The financial question, however, as is probably pretty well known throughout the country, tows every other issue at the present time. It is the chief topic of conversation in the various departments in Washington, in the hotel lobbies, in every other place where busy men and congressmen congregate. The uncertainty of the action of the Sherman law is the one thing that heightens the interest in this direction.

Predictions have been made that the Sherman act could be repealed without substituting for it anything more favorable to silver than the present law. This statement, however, is vigorously combated by the silver men who will be in congress next session and by those on the outside who are favored by the better class of legislation to advantage the interests of the white metal. The uncertainty that prevails is also causing President Cleveland many sleepless nights. He is credited by his friends with being ambitious to do the right thing with reference to this important repealer. He writes him for his activity in endeavoring to force congressmen in his own party to vote for this repeal of the act, whether they think it to be the best interest of their constituents and the country to do so or not.

It has been alleged, time and again, that the silver men, gathered from silver Democrats in the South because they would not come around to his views in this manner, just how much truth there is in these charges is something that will probably never reach the ears of the public. Mr. Cleveland at this time very carefully refrained from statement from him to put into circulation unless this statement is penned by himself. It is claimed at the White House that he does not even trust to his stenographer to prepare his views on this matter, and that he has been observed to write them out in his own handwriting and then to have his stenographer copy them.

MADE A SERIOUS CHARGE.

An Anti-Parnellite Member of Parliament is in Trouble.

LONDON, June 20.—A young girl employed as a servant in a boarding house in Pimlico, a section of London, yesterday applied to a police magistrate a summons against John Deasy, a member of the board of commissioners who is a hodge-podge of the worst in the girl's employ. The girl told of the circumstances that led her to apply for a summons, and after listening to her story the magistrate granted a summons against Mr. Deasy for common assault.

Mr. Deasy, who represents the west, is a member of the anti-Parnellite section of the Irish parliamentary party and acts as one of its whips. He is very popular among the members of his party and the charge that has been preferred against him has occasioned much surprise. He has been in parliament since 1884.

Mr. Bennett, who represents the west, is a member of the anti-Parnellite section of the Irish parliamentary party and acts as one of its whips. He is very popular among the members of his party and the charge that has been preferred against him has occasioned much surprise. He has been in parliament since 1884.

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MUST HAVE MORE CASH

West Duluth's City Treasury Is in a Somewhat Delapidated Condition Just at Present.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars in Outstanding Orders Remain Unpaid—Some Remedy Needed.

Cushman's Store Building and Contents at Hazeldale Park Destroyed By Fire Last Night.

Although the council held a lengthy session last evening, but little business was transacted, the time being principally taken up in a discussion of the village finances. Treasurer Johnson's appendix to his last week's report was presented, which disclosed the fact that the village is in financial straits and that at the present time \$100,000 of outstanding orders remain unpaid. Several propositions to relieve the situation were discussed, but no definite action was taken in the matter. Attestor Phelps suggested that no more resolution for street improvements be passed, as the property holders had many of them defrauded in the payment of assessments, thereby placing the village in its present embarrassing condition. The question of holding a special election for the issuance of bonds, met with some favor as the practical way out of the difficulty.

The matter of street sprinkling was introduced, but met with a chilly reception, the majority of the members holding that if the business men wanted to have the streets sprinkled, they must foot the bill. Resolutions were adopted for the further improvement of Main and Tacoma streets and the approval of plans for the improvement of Michigan avenue.

While the council was in session, a committee from the Business Men's club waited on that body and asked the council for an appropriation for the sufferers on the range, whereupon a resolution was passed donating \$500 for this purpose.

CUSHMAN'S STORE BURNED.

The Building and Contents Totally Destroyed Last Night.

The urgent need of a fire alarm system was again demonstrated this morning when the department was summoned to Hareland park to extinguish a blaze in the Cushman store building on Collingwood avenue near Grand Avenue. The fire, which started about 6 o'clock in the small structure adjoining the store used for storage purposes and quickly communicated to the main building.

Had the department received an alarm at the first outbreak the store proper could probably have been saved. As it was, the fire was not visible from the building formerly containing a stock of groceries and feed, but since Mr. Cushman's death the stock was allowed to run down and there was but a small amount remaining at the time of the fire. The loss is estimated at \$200.

Aid for the Sufferers. The Business Men's club held a special meeting last evening and took steps for the relief of the sufferers from the forest fires on the range. The building formerly contained a stock of groceries and feed, but since Mr. Cushman's death the stock was allowed to run down and there was but a small amount remaining at the time of the fire. The loss is estimated at \$200.

West Duluth Briefs. Boats now loading with lumber at the docks and the Homer, Icar Tonawanda, and the Canals, for Philadelphia. The Austin left yesterday for Bay Mills with 3000 feet of wood.

Rev. E. J. Brownson, pastor of the Baptist church at this place has resigned his pastorate to take effect Oct. 1. Mr. Brownson contemplates spending some time in Chicago in the pursuit of special studies.

Station Agent Follett and wife have returned from a visit to the World's fair.

W. Clarkson, L. A. Barnes and A. A. Smith returned last evening from the Lake City encampment.

L. L. Prescott, of Virginia, is in the city.

The birth of a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Borgeson and a son to Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Johnson is reported.

C. J. Buell, of Minneapolis, will deliver a free lecture in the Prohibition meeting on Fourth street north tomorrow evening.

The County Fair

affords an excellent opportunity for the pick-pocket to get your watch. If you would be proof against his skill, be sure that the bow (or ring) is a

Jas. Boss. Filled Watch Cases, which are made of two plates of gold soldered to a plate of composition metal. Look equally as well as solid gold cases, and cost about half as much.

Guaranteed to wear 20 years. Always look for this trade mark. None genuine without it.

Only through watch dealers. Ask any jeweler for pamphlet or send to the manufacturers.

Keystone Watch Case Co., PHILADELPHIA.

SNOWFLAKE BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, GOES FARTHEST.

evening taking for his subject, "Freedom, Equality and Fraternity." Mr. Buell is known as an interesting writer and speaker on economic questions.

It is reported that Dr. Wenker is rapidly improving in health at his old home.

Miss Booth, principal of the Longfellow school, will be promoted to a position in Duluth the coming year. This will be a loss to the West Duluth school as Miss Booth has proved to be one of the best principals ever employed in the school here.

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When the district attorney closed, the court took a recess until 1:45 p.m. The defendant was then given an opportunity to speak. She said: "I am innocent, but I will leave my case in your hands, and you can do with it as you please." The judge then charged the jury. He told them to disregard the previous hearing and to determine the different degrees of murder. He stated the presumption of innocence which was increased by the defendant's character. This must be a real and operative motive.

□ Later.—The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

mania, 11; Roumania, Barium, Age City, 2:30 a.m.; Lawrence, Pioneer, 4; Gage, 11; C. Ford, Fisk, Peeler, 8; Forbes, McLachlan, Oseola, 9.

LIZZIE BORDEN ACQUITTED.

The District Attorney Continues His Argument for the Prosecution.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., June 20.—At the opening of court this morning there were as many people in the room as any time during the session. Among the peculiarities of the morning was the receipt of a box from Governor Robinson.

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BREAKS IN THE LEAVES.

Heavy Damage Likely to be Done to Fine Plantations.

NEW ORLEANS, June 20.—The crevassine plantation, one of the finest in the state, is now 75 feet wide and from 10 to 12 feet deep. A large force of men is at work upon it and the work is being done in a steady, recovering part of the crevassine.

There was little business done in wheat to arrive, the mills not being open for a week. The mills were not removed from the room. Miss Borden took the room at 8:35 and Governor Robinson took a seat beside her. The two engaged in conversation until about 10:30 a.m.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.
PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Established in editorial rooms in The Herald Building, 201 W. Superior street, Duluth, business office, 221, two floors; editorial rooms, 224, three rings.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year.....\$7.00
Daily, per three months.....1.50
Daily, per month.....1.00
Weekly, per year.....1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Entered at the post office at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER REPORT, DULUTH, Minn., June 20. There has only been nine days of rain this month, and the total is twenty three years, 52, the highest ever recorded.

Fires were well received in all parts, and little rain has fallen since yesterday, and what did fall in the upper part of the state has been falling very slightly.

The temperature has fallen very slightly except over upper Michigan where there has been a slight increase, which is the highest in the country.

As a result of low pressure of eight extent and energy is central over South Dakota but does not promise any unusual conditions at present. It is to increase somewhat today, but it is doubtful.

DECATUR, June 20.—Forecast for today: Continued fair, slightly cooler, wind shifting to east or northeast. B. H. Brown, Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Forecast till 8 p.m. tomorrow: For Minnesota, partly cloudy with showers; cooler winds shifting to westerly. For Wisconsin: Increasing cloudiness and showers; south, cooler; southerly winds.

THE HERALD in Chicago.

The 2 o'clock news in Chicago is as follows: The Palm House News Stand, Auditorium Hotel News Stand.

W. B. Sizer's Bookstore, 189 State St., Chas. McDonald's News Stand, 55 Washington St., and on the

World's Fair Grounds the Columbian News & Novelty Co. News Stands.

The Distress is Great.

Much has been done to relieve the distress of the sufferers at Virginia and large donations of cash, food and clothing have been made. All this speaks well for the generosity of the people of Duluth. But much as has been done, much more will be needed.

A staff correspondent of *The Herald*, who was in Virginia yesterday, reports that the distress is very great. There are hundreds of men there who have lost all their possessions. The only clothing they have is on their backs, and many have not a cent of money to buy food, even if it were procurable. There was not enough food there at that time to supply the people for one day. These facts indicate the great extent of the calamity that has befallen the people and the urgent need of leaving nothing undone to supply their wants.

Though burned out of their homes and reduced almost to poverty the people of Virginia are undaunted by their reverses and are bravely preparing to again begin the battle of life, confident of the great future that is ensured by the development of the giant iron range. In this endeavor to create a new town out of the ashes of the old their bands must be upheld by their more fortunate brethren.

To Prevent Forest Fires.

The prevention of forest fires is a subject that must engage the attention of the people of the northern part of the state. Large quantities of valuable timber are annually destroyed by fire, and sometimes, as in the present instance on the Mesabi range, whole towns are wiped out of existence by those awful seas of flame which sweep everything before them with an irresistible rush. Forest fires can hardly be checked after they have obtained a good headway. They will not die out until they run their course and consume everything in their path. The only safety, therefore, lies in their prevention.

The Minneapolis Journal, in an article yesterday on this subject, said: "They can be prevented by state forest supervision and by the severe punishment of persons who are careless with fire. A week or ten days of hot weather, such as we have recently had, are having, will, in the forest region, make a condition of combustibility which, unless under watch, jeopardizes all human life and property within the range of fire activity. Here and there in the forest are scattered new-born towns which in an hour may be licked up by the flames. There should be special police service to prevent these fires. A million dollars' worth of property is destroyed in a single day on the iron ranges. The annual losses far exceed the small cost of preventive measures. A statute against forest fires is a farce unless money is appropriated to enforce it by proper supervision. St. Louis and Itasca counties could well afford to pay for such supervision."

All this is true. It is undeniable that many of the forest fires are due to care-

lessness, and in the dry summer weather when everything is as dry as tinder they quickly gain very large proportions. Anything that can be done to put a stop to this criminal carelessness should be done. And yet it is also well to remember that forest fires are frequently due to other causes. The intensely hot rays of the summer sun concentrated on a piece of a broken glass bottle has been known to kindle a fire that burned millions of feet of valuable pine. But these cases are rare compared with those where fires are due to carelessness. If the latter can be prevented, much of the danger will be removed.

The Silver Purchase Law.

According to Secretary Lamont, congress will be convened in extra session on September 4 and 11. It is to be regretted that President Cleveland has found it necessary to fix the date so far ahead, because there is no doubt that an English farmer gives the total expenses connected with growing an acre of flax as \$10 which realized, as taken off the field, \$60. Scotland shows a similar result.

Of course, an American reading this will at once ask, "Is the United States a country where flax can be grown to advantage?" The answer to this is, that there is scarcely another place which so readily becomes accustomed under different conditions and in so many countries. Generally speaking it will thrive in the greatest variety of soils. It is true with flax as with almost any other crop, that the better the land the better the crop of flax. It thrives best in a good, deep, loamy soil; yet it may be raised to advantage on any land not too sandy or peaty or of a cold, stiff, clay nature. There is no reason why Minnesota should not raise it extensively.

The charge has been made against the North Carolina postmaster that he wears neither coat, vest, socks nor shoes at this season." If the weather in North Carolina is similar to that which visited this section during the past few days, this charge should fall to the ground. Perhaps the salary of the office is not sufficient to buy more clothing.

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There was a glad sigh of relief from sweltering humanity when the wind changed this morning and wafted a cooling breeze from the lake.

Edward Atkinson wants the South to engage in the culture of beans. It is unnecessary to say that Mr. Atkinson is a Bostonian.

Cultivation of Flax.

James D. Reid, commercial agent at Dunfermline, Scotland, has furnished the state department with some very excellent information in reference to the successful cultivation of flax. Mr. Reid goes into details relative to the growing of flax in Europe, Asia, Egypt and other countries. To a region like Scotland, he says, in which the leading industry is the weaving of linen, the cultivation of flax is of the highest importance. Yet Great Britain is, he says, largely dependent on other countries for her raw material. The explanations that Mr. Reid makes in reference to the cultivation of flax will be of peculiar interest to Minnesota, for her raw material, Mr. Reid says that Ireland even does not raise flax enough, although 800,000 acres of productive land were given to its production in 1892, it did not supply one-fourth of the demand made by the single city of Belfast. His best poem is "A Song of Empire," written on the occasion of the queen's jubilee in 1887. It was this which induced the queen to appoint him to the laureateship.

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Mr. Lewis Morris, the successor to Lord Tennyson as poet laureate of England, is comparatively unknown in the United States. His principal productions have been of no interest to Americans, as they deal with the folklore of Wales and Welsh kindred. His best poem is "A Song of Empire," written on the occasion of the queen's jubilee in 1887. It was this which induced the queen to appoint him to the laureateship.

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Mr. Lewis Morris, Minneapolis Journal. The disastrous forest fires in the northeastern part of our own state have left a track and trail of ruin behind them. The new towns which have sprung into existence during the last few years in the rich iron ranges of St. Louis and Itasca counties have been wiped out or have suffered very great damage. The destruction does not seem to have been exaggerated, and as relief will be needed, doubtless it will be well for the community now engaged in raising funds for the sufferers by the Fargo fire, to enhance their generous impulses and prepare to give something to the fire victims in our own state.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK
Will Occupy Their New Office in Torrey Building, July 1.

WE HAVE MONEY TO LOAN, and, without delay, on good improved or unimproved property at prevailing rates.

SEVERAL DESIRABLE HOUSES in best parts of the city for rent. Also Stores on Michigan and First streets.

FIREF INSURANCE in best home and foreign companies correctly and promptly written.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK
5, 6 and 7 First National Bank Building UNTIL JULY 1.

this fact and the United States will do well to follow her example.

Flax brings in the market from \$500 to \$1,000 per ton. The sale of a single crop of flax will sometimes secure a higher price than would the land on which it is grown. So fine has been the product that a Belgian pound of the raw material has been spun into a thread 400 miles long. Irish flax, because of superior quality, commands twice the price of the Russian article. A quantity of dressed flax grown last year in the consular district of Fife brought \$450 per ton. No other product of the farmer in these days can show a better return.

The average cost of producing an acre of flax in Ireland is between \$40 and \$45, which includes the cost of rearing and scutching. Of course, in Ireland labor of this kind is cheap, the farmer and his family working the land. The return of an English farmer gives the total expenses connected with growing an acre of flax as \$10 which realized, as taken off the field, \$60. Scotland shows a similar result.

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Effective

More Relief Needed.

St. Paul News: Scarcely has the Fargo fire died into history before news comes of an equal or greater calamity in the Mesabi range. The Mesabi fires which have been at last entered a number of villages, carrying total destruction in their path. Virginia and Babbitts are said to be entirely consumed and their population rendered homeless. Other towns have been searched for their inhabitants, but none have been found.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY! OF EXPERIENCE, a position as stenographer. Address, Mrs. Jackson, 222 Lake avenue, month.

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Largest and Finest Clothing House in the West
Pioneers of Low Prices.

Because it's a Little Cooler

Today don't try to persuade yourself that the hot weather is over for the summer. There will be plenty of hot days that a cool, light-weight Cheviot or Homespun Suit will be just the thing. Our

\$12 and \$15 Suits

can't be duplicated the world over. NEGELICE SHIRTS THAT FIT with Collars and Cuffs attached \$1, \$1.25. Better ones if you desire.

FRENCH BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR, patent seams, at 50¢ a garment, although we sell more of our 75¢ and \$1 garments.

WHITE AND FANCY DUCK VESTS, \$1 and \$1.50.

HALF HOSE, two-thread spliced heel and toe in moles, tan and black, 75¢ $\frac{1}{2}$ doz.

49¢ FOR STRAW HAT, liable to pay 75¢ or \$1 elsewhere for same thing. Our \$1 and \$1.50 one equally good value.

Russet Russia Calf Shoes, hand sewed, \$4.00,

other stores advertise them as great bargains at \$5.

Alapaca and Mohair Coats, \$1.25 and \$2.00.

Blue Serge and Flannel Coats and Vests, unlined \$5.

A Beautiful House End Let Given Away FREE

Without money or consideration. A chance with every purchase.

On July 17

The Shetland pony, cart and harness will be weighed and given away to the first person guessing the weight without money or consideration. A guess with every purchase in the Boy's and Children's department.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.
DULUTH, MINN.
CLOTHIERS and OUTFITTERS.

PERSONAL.

Miss Mamie Phillips has returned after a two months' visit in Chicago. Miss Dorothy Jones accompanied her.

E. T. Williams, of Chicago, is in the city today.

E. L. Brown, of the St. Paul & Duluth road, is in the city.

R. A. Parker arrived from Marquette last evening.

H. M. Myers has returned from his Eastern trip.

Mrs. Elsie Mershon of Saginaw, Mich., is visiting Mrs. T. L. Lammero.

"E. Z. Griggs and son, Virginia that was," appears on the register of the St. Louis today.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gale, of Minneapolis, are in the city.

John T. Black, of St. Paul, is here today.

Dr. J. H. Carson, of New York, and W. A. Carson, of Port Hope, Ont., are at the Spalding.

The Weather.

DULUTH, June 20, 1893.
The following variations in temperature were recorded at Pioneer Fuel Company's office, 220 West Superior street, today and corresponding date last year.

	1892	1893	1892	1893
12 m.....	57	56	7 a. m.....	63
3 p. m.....	69	68	1 p. m.....	68
6 p. m.....	91	82	2 p. m.....	96
10 p. m.....	77	61		17
Maximum.....	1508	1508		1508
Minimum.....	61	55		55
Daily range.....	95	35		21

O. C.

The candy in the window at the Lyman drug store.

Madame Mitchell is at No. 10 Superior street—Haynie's old store—with 500 trimmed hats to be sold below cost; actually given away. Elegant trimmed hats for \$1.

Lot on First street between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues east for sale at a bargain. N. J. Upham & Co., 16 Third avenue west.

You Can Save Dollars
By buying your shoes at M. S. Burrows & Co. You save from 50 cents to \$1 on every pair.

Madame Mitchell is at No. 10 Superior street—Haynie's old store—with 500 trimmed hats to be sold at cost. Elegant trimmed hat for \$1. Sale commences on Saturday morning.

Smoke the World Beater
A 10 cent cigar for 5¢. Sold only by A. Haas, First National Bank building.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

ROYAL CLAN MEETING.

Fifteenth Annual Session Opened in Duluth at the Hunter Block Hall This Morning.

Mayor d'Autremont Welcomed the Delegates and They Then Elected Him an Honorary Member.

Various Committees Appointed and the Officers Reports Heard and Referred—Adjourned Until Tomorrow.

The fifteenth annual convention of the Royal Scottish clan opened in Duluth this morning with about seventy-five delegates in attendance. About o'clock Clan Stewart went down to the Esmond hotel and escorted the delegates to Hunter block hall. About 200 were in line. The procession was headed by Royal Chief Simon Clark and Chief Dunwoody of Clan Stewart, also the piper of Clan Stewart, William McLean. The royal officers followed them, then the royal clansmen, followed by Clan Stewart of Superior and Clan Cameron of Superior and the clansmen of each.

Arriving at the hall the convention was opened at about 10:30 o'clock. Royal Chief Simon Clark presided. The other royal officers present were: Past Royal Chief James Duncan of Chicago, Royal Tanis Walter Scott, Jr., of Brooklyn; Royal Counsellor R. R. Scott, of St. Louis; Royal Secretary Peter Kerr, of Chicago; Royal Treasurer A. McLaren, of Duluth; Royal Chaplain W. G. Gibson, of Superior; Royal Smith of Chelan, Mass.; Royal Warden James Dingwall, of Duluth; Royal Sentinel John G. Gillis, of Duluth.

Royal Secretary Peter Kerr, Robert Fife of Detroit and Duncan McLean, of Brooklyn, were appointed a committee on credentials and made a report of those entitled to sit as delegates.

About 11:30 o'clock a committee consisting of R. R. Scott, of St. Louis; Dr. Dingwall, of Superior; A. G. Hodges, of Chicago; Royal Chaplain W. G. Gibson, of Superior; Royal Smith of Chelan, Mass.; Royal Warden James Dingwall, of Duluth; Royal Sentinel John G. Gillis, of Duluth.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21, 1893.

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men.
ESTABLISHED 1881.

A Mighty Sale
OF

Boys' Suits,
Miss Hist'ly Society Fig.

\$4.75

For This Entire Week.

Your choice of 800 Boys' Fine All-wool Short Pant Suits, in Handsome Plain and fancy Cheviots, Serge, Flannels, Tricots, Worsts, Cassimeres and beautiful light colors, at \$6, \$6.50, \$7, \$7.50, \$8, \$8.50 and \$10, for this week at our store crowded all of last week. We expect to be even busier this week with our Boys' Great Sale, for you all know what the Big Duluth Special Sales are.

Boys' and Children's Summer Underwear,
Negligee Shirts, Shirt Waists,
Straw and Cloth Hats,
Hosiery and Shoes at Special Low Prices
This Entire Week.

A splendid Pocket Knife, a good Base Ball and Bat, a Four Wheel Express Wagon or a Bow and Arrow Given Away with each and every Boys' or Child's Suit Free of charge.

A HANDSOME HOUSE AND LOT
Situated in Duluth Heights, Fully Completed and Ready for Occupancy,
Will be Given Away by Us Entirely FREE of Charge.

Every purchase of the smallest amount gives you an opportunity of getting
OUR BEAUTIFUL HOME without money and without price.

The BIG DULUTH
Trustworthy and Complete Outfitters for Men, Boys and Children.
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

ONE DOLLAR

WILL BUY
MORE AT Kelly's,
THAN ANY OTHER STORE.

What You Buy There
You Can Depend On.

EXTRAORDINARY OFFERS THIS MONTH!

Pantaloons, Chamber Suits,
Dining Room Sets, Library Outfits,
Hall Racks, China Closets,
Book Cases, Folding Beds.

F. S. Kelly,

710 and 712 W. SUPERIOR ST. NEAR INCLINE RAILWAY.

Established 1882.

Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies,
MARQUISE AND SOLTAIRE RINGS.
J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, 121 West Superior Street.

Pants Made
To Order!

\$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00,

Worth, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13.

J. S. LANE, 430 SPALDING HOUSE BLK

FOUR ARE DEAD.

Four People are Known to Have Perished in the Bunnell Block Fire at Midnight.

Several Others Missing and it is Feared They Also have Been Burned to Death.

The Bodies of Two Women and a Little Girl Have Been Found in the Ruins.

The Fire Started in the Michigan Street Floor and is Thought to Have Been Incendiary.

THE DEAD.

MRS. MARY FOARD, aged 33 years.
ROBERT FOARD, aged 6 years.
MRS. ELIZABETH MEAGHER, aged 35 years.

CECILIA MEAGHER, aged 3 years.
Probably one or two others.

Last night the fire fiend again visited Duluth. Today the Bunnell block is a mass of charred ruins. Several lives are known to have been lost, but how many probably cannot be positively known until the debris has been cleared away.

The Bunnell block, one of the largest frame buildings in the city, was located at No. 101 to 109 Lake avenue. It was three stories high and one of the worst fire traps in the city. The Lake avenue frontage was about 120 feet, that on Michigan street, fully 75 feet, while that on the south side was about 50 feet. The flames are supposed to have started in the rear of the building, back of Chees's meat market. The fire evidently burned ten minutes before the alarm was turned in to Engine house No. 1. Fire Commissioner Helms was in his rooms in the Beaz block at the time. He heard the shouting and thought it was some drunken man.

The alarm reached headquarters at 10:57. The department responded instantly and in four minutes had a stream playing and a ladder upon the Lake avenue viaduct front. Chief Smith from Second street while making the run, saw the flames leaping high into the air. As soon he reached the scene, he turned in a general fire alarm. Every company turned out with wonderful promptness and inside of eight minutes ten streams were playing on the building. The fire tugs Effie L. and Joe Dudley at once made their way to the St. Paul & Duluth railway slip. The hose fell short. Citizens with celerity lent a hand, rushed forward with extra hose. The couplings were made and in an instant the plucky little tugs were throwing streams, with a force that threatened to burst the hose.

The Engine at Work.

About 11:45 the big engine was set in motion and a two-inch stream was soon in motion with great force. By 2:30 a.m. the fire was completely under control and departments No. 2 and 4 were sent back to their quarters. Too much praise cannot be given the whole department for its prompt response and the effective service of the fire tugs. The pressure from the water mains was all that could be asked and for once, anyway, the Duluth Gas and Water company was wholly beyond criticism or censure. The heavy rain near midnight also assisted materially. The showers earlier in the evening had wet down the roofs and walls of surrounding buildings so that cinders and embers that were thrown in every direction were rendered in a measure powerless to do harm.

The work was unusually dangerous for the firemen. One wall fell on Michigan street, covered a line of hose and narrowly missed some of the firemen. A barrel of gasoline exploded at one time, nearly catching Assistant Chief Jackson. As it was, he was caught in the rear and nearly turned around and thrown down. One stream came in contact with a live electric wire which had been torn loose. Several firemen holding the hose nozzle were knocked down by the shock. All the window glass in the rear of La Vaque's paint and wall paper store were broken and at one time it was feared that the building would go. This morning several barrels of inflammable oils which had been deposited by the side of La Vaque's building along the sidewalk, were found having their heads all charred. Had they exploded the results can only be imagined.

A Mass of Ruins.

Today the ruins present a woful sight. A mass of tangled, broken, splintered and charred timbers are all that remain. On the Michigan street front the walls have fallen outward and the ruins are nearly on a level with the street. At the southeast corner the timbers are piled up as high as the viaduct railing. On the south side the walls and a portion of the roof have fallen outward and over against a couple of one-story frame structures. Immense crowds are standing around, and despite the ropes a large de-

tail of policemen with difficulty holds them back. A multitude of questions are constantly asked, and every now and then the frightened, anxious face is presented by some one looking after the fate of some friend or relative.

RAN FOR THEIR LIVES.
Claudio Medley and his Mother Barely Got Out With Their Lives.

It was thought that Claude Medley and his mother, Mrs. Eliza Medley, had perished in the flames. Young Medley works in the shoe department of Panton & Watson's and was known to have roomed in the ill-fated block. When he did not appear at the store this morning there was good reason to fear that he had been caught by the greedy flames. While a Herald reporter was in Panton & Watson's Mr. Medley walked in, dressed in a brand new suit of clothes, from hat down, which told the tale as well as could words.

"We got out with our lives but nothing else," he said. "Mother and I had adjoining rooms in the south-east corner of the building. She came into my room and said 'Claude, the building is on fire.' I looked into the hall and could see no smoke or fire. I then turned to mother and said, 'go back to bed and I will see what the matter is.' There is no danger, I guess." This took only an instant but when I opened the door again the halls were full of fire and smoke. There was no time to be lost. An instant's delay would have been fatal. We ran for it and got out, but with nothing on except our night clothes. Oh, yes, I believe mother did save a pair of shoes."

EDITOR HARQUELL'S STORY.

No Left the Building Less than an Hour Before the Fire.

"I left the block about 10:15 p.m."

said Editor Harquell, of La Sentinel. "At that time there was not a sign of fire. I walked home and took a luncheon and just got into bed when I heard the alarm of fire. When I reached Lake avenue the building was a mass of flames. The office of La Sentinel had recently been refitted and in addition to the newspaper plant I had a good library, including a law library. The whole was worth about \$3000 and I have not one cent of insurance. But I will at once start to work to get a new office and I hope to issue La Sentinel again next month. I lost many valuable papers, including several unrecorded deeds to land in Florida. But the loss I feel greatest is the burning of bound files of my newspapers during the past sixteen years. They can never be replaced and I valued them highly. I am satisfied that at least half a dozen people perished in the flames." Mr. Harquell had one of the most complete weekly newspaper offices in the state.

THREE BODIES DISCOVERED.

The Corpses of Two Women and a Child Taken From the Ruins.

The building was filled with roomers and it was morally certain from the beginning of the fire that more than one life would be lost. Early this morning the ruins were overhauled and between 6 and 7 o'clock three bodies were taken from the debris. Two were women and one was a child. One of the women was found hanging by her head between two timbers and these had to be wedged apart. The body was not very badly burned except the hands, which were done to a crisp. The hair was nearly all burned off her head but the features could be distinguished fairly well. She was identified after being taken to Durkan's morgue as Mrs. Mary Eard, aged 33 years.

For the past three years she has been a cook at A. D. Babcock's restaurant near the Lake avenue viaduct. She roomed in the west part of the building with her son Robert, aged 6 years. He too, is almost certainly burned, but up to 11 o'clock his body had not been recovered. The woman was seen to come to a window and then with a fearful scream fall back into the flames.

Mrs. Meagher's Body Found.

The body of Mrs. Meagher, one of the victims, was found in plain view on top of the ruins. The location was on that of the southeast corner room on the top floor. The body of little Cecilia, aged 4, was found lying across that of her mother, A. C. Kennedy, who resides at 16, East Second street. It is a brother of the deceased. To his home have been taken the four surviving children, Thomas aged 14; Julia aged 12, John aged 10 and Joe aged 6. Tom tells the following story of the disaster:

"We were awakened by a knock at the door. We had just gone to bed. (The family occupied rooms 4 and 5 upstairs.) We hurried out and tried to use the stairs on Michigan street. There was too much fire, so we made for the other stairs. Mother told us to go that way. She was in the hall. She then went back to get something out of the bureau drawer. She told me to hurry up with the children. A trunk had been thrown down the stairs and landed below, so as to close the front door. People outside tried to shove the door open. A couple of policemen opened the door."

When the children were rescued they were more or less overcome by the smoke.

Mr. Meagher came here from Brahma about three weeks ago, and had lived there to years. She was 35 years of age. Her husband kept a large dry-goods store in Brahma at one time but about four years ago was killed on the railroad near Brahma. The son, Thomas, has been employed by A. D. Thomson & Co. for some time.

Clearing Away the Debris.

This afternoon several teams and a gang of about twenty men are busily employed in clearing away enough of the debris so that tomorrow rapid and effective operations can be commenced. The stuff from the ruins is piled out on to Michigan street and the viaduct and there is carried away. It was reported after dinner that another body had been found but it proved not to be a fact. It is not likely that any more will be found until considerable more of the timbers and boards are removed.

Some Fire Notes.

W. A. Miller, the bookbinder, had moved down to the Bunnell block from the Pastore-Stenson block a few days ago. He carried \$500 with Stryker, Mantey & Buck's agency. He got it transferred although the firm was reluctant to do it being afraid of the building. This was the only insurance on the building or contents which this firm had.

The "Scandia" of this week will be printed in Minneapolis and issued Friday or Saturday. Editor Lange goes to St. Paul tonight to buy a new outfit and has rented offices in the Wright block, 14 East Superior street.

K. A. Oestergren was getting out an educational journal containing a new method of instruction for foreign born citizens in the United States and all his sheets were at the bookbinder to be bound. They were destroyed in the fire.

Dr. Alden is looking after some sick children who are among the fire sufferers lodged in the Howard block. Last evening he had occasion to go up at the time the fire broke out in the Bunnell block. The mothers were nearly crazy with excitement. Some of them were carrying their infants around by the heels, much the same as a small child will sometimes carry around its doll. Their late visitation of fire was too well impressed on their minds to warrant coolness.

Loss and Insurance.

Following are the losses and insurance which are as near as can be ascertained:

	Loss	Ins.
Peter Bataian, saloonkeeper	\$2,000	\$1,200
E. O. Whalin, tailor	1,000	800
Tom Banton, saloonkeeper	1,300	1,000
S. J. Closser, meat market	1,200	800
Wm. L. Gandy, druggist	5,000	2,000
Miss Smedley, fancy work	500	300
J. L. Harquell, "La Sentinel"	1,200	500
Law library, etc.	3,000	2,000
McGraw & Co.	15,000	10,000
Rolling Butter & Eggs Co.	3,000	1,200

ELAND STANFORD DEAD.

The United States Senator From California Died at His Home in Palo Alto.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate is advised by a private dispatch that Senator Leland Stanford, of California, died at his home in San Francisco this morning.

Biographical.

Leland Stanford was born in Waterford, Albany County, N. Y. March 9, 1824. His ancestors settled in the valley of the Mohawk, N. Y. about 1720. He was brought up on a farm and when 20 years old began the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in 1849, and the next year became a member of the Central Pacific railway and in the same year was chosen a governor of California. In 1852 Mr. Stanford was elected to the United States senate. In memory of his only son he, a few years ago, gave the state of California \$20,000, to be used in founding at Palo Alto what is now Leland Stanford University. He was a member of the Central Pacific railway and in the same year was chosen a governor of California. In 1852 Mr. Stanford was elected to the United States senate. In memory of his only son he, a few years ago, gave the state of California \$20,000, to be used in founding at Palo Alto what is now Leland Stanford University.

In 1856 he removed to California and engaged in mercantile pursuits on a large scale, laying the foundation for his fortune, which has been estimated at more than \$50,000,000.

In 1860 he entered public life as a delegate to the convention that nominated Abraham Lincoln. In 1861 he was elected president of the Central Pacific railway and in the same year was chosen a governor of California. In 1852 Mr. Stanford was elected to the United States senate. In memory of his only son he, a few years ago, gave the state of California \$20,000, to be used in founding at Palo Alto what is now Leland Stanford University.

The news of his death was received with deep regret throughout the country.

He was a man of great energy and ability, and his loss is a great loss to the country.

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OFFICIAL HEADS OFF.

A District Attorney, Marshal, Collector and Seven Special Agents in Puget Sound Suddenly Removed.

They Were Engaged in an Extensive and Successive Conspiracy to Smuggle Chinese and Opium.

Other Removals to Come and the Matter Will Find Its Way into the Courts.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The official heads of Patrick H. Winston, United States attorney; Thomas R. Brown, United States marshal; Andrew Wasson, United States collector at Port Townsend; C. J. Mulkey, United States special agent, and six special inspectors of customs in the Puget sound district, all in the state of Washington, have fallen into the official hopper, as the result of reports made to Secretary Carlisle by Special Treasury Agents Wood and Lewis.

These reports are numerous and circumstantial in detail and tell the story of one of the most extensive and successful conspiracies ever formed to smuggle Chinese and opium into the United States across the far northwestern boundary. There has been hardly a day for the past two months that no cable or telegraphic message has been received at the treasury department from Agents Wood and Lewis, and on these reports the officials of the treasury department have been summarily dismissed.

The last batch of dismissals of customs inspectors was made on Saturday by Secretary Carlisle, and the names of just those defeated by making public their names. These officials, it is charged by the report received, have been doing a wholesale business for several years in connection with private parties in Victoria B. C., in smuggling Chinese by means of which certificates of admission permitting Chinese smuggling either by covariance or otherwise. Other removals are yet to come, and the matter in the course of time will find its way into the courts.

THE COLUMBUS CARAVELS.

They Have Left Measured for a Direct Run to Chicago.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, June 21.—Spain and the World's fair will soon be united again in the celebration of the caravels' safe arrival in this port from the long and circuitous voyage via Halifax and the chain of lakes. The historic ships weighed anchor at Montreal last night for a direct run to Chicago.

The Spanish commissioner, General Consul Chatfield-Taylor, Senor Fernandez of the Havana chamber of commerce, and other officials and other representatives of Cuban and other South American countries to receive the Santa Maria, Nina and Pinta with all the ceremony and enthusiasm which they think the craft and the captains are entitled to. The caravels will be in the Chicago harbor by Spanish officials and escort inside the drawbridge to the armament and artillery salutes. There will be oratory, music and feasting on shore and a water pageant from the harbor to the White City.

The council of administration, assisted by the committee on ceremonies, will see that a befitting reception is given to the ships Columbus when they come up to the exposition grounds. The arrival and reception will be made the occasion for a gala day at the fair, to close with a pyrotechnic display at night. The caravels will be the star attraction of the exposition on the water.

Fatal Stomach-attack.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Daniel Lord, Jr., of New York, who was visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. R. McCormick, of this city, while asleep last night, walked through the fourth story window and falling to the stone court below received such severe injuries that he died at an early hour this morning.



Dr. L. L. CARMER.
Stricken Down with Heart Disease.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

GENERAL: I feel it my duty, as well as a pleasure, to call your attention to the benefit received from Dr. Miles' RESTORATIVE REMEDY. I was stricken down with Heart Disease, and was unable to walk, paralyzing from 90 to 100 beats per minute, a choking in the chest, and a pain in the heart. In the chest there was a sharp, cutting pain, the heart being of the heart and below lower rib, pain in the arms, shortness of breath, sleeplessness, weakness and a general debility. The nerves in my neck would throb violently, the throbbing of my heart could be heard across a large area, and I could not hold my hand steady. I have been under the care of the best physicians, and have taken gallons of Patent Medicines without the least benefit. I was treated by Dr. Miles' remedies. I have taken three bottles of your Patent Remedy, and am now well. My pulse is normal, I have no more violent attacks, and my heart is strong. I sincerely recommend everyone with symptoms of Heart Disease to take Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedy. It can be cured. L. L. CARMER, Elkhart, Ind.

Sold on a Positive Guarantee.
OR MONEY RETURNED.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

EDWIN BOOTH'S WILL.

The Bulk of His Property Was Bequeathed to His Daughter.

New York, June 21.—The will of Edwin Booth was filed today. The will was executed June 15, 1892, in the presence of J. L. Vandergrift and St. Clair Smith. The document was filed by Lawyers Arnoux, Ritch and Wolford. Mr. Booth leaves the bulk of his property to his daughter. The value of the personal estate which the actor left is estimated to be worth \$60,000. He also points his friends Elias C. Benedict, Wm. Bisham and John H. Magonigle executors of his will.

The testator gives to his brother, Joseph A. Booth, \$10,000; to Mary Booth, his niece, \$10,000; to Booth, his nephew, Asa Clark Morgan, Adrienne Clark, Junius C. Booth, Creston Clark, Wilfred Clark, each \$500; to his cousin, Robert Mitchell, of North Carolina, \$250; to his friend, Mrs. Marie Anderson, \$500; to his friend, John H. Magonigle, \$500; to his friend, Mrs. Margaret Devlin, a sister of Mrs. Catherine Magonigle, \$500; to the Actors' Fund and the Actors' Order of Friendship, of the city of New York, and the Actors' Order of Friendship of Philadelphia, the asylum fund of New York and the home for invalids at West Farms, N. Y., each \$500.

The residue of the estate is left in trust with the Central Trust company as trustees to be invested, the income to be paid to his daughter Edina Booth Grossman during her life. Upon her death, the principal is to be divided, together with the accumulated income, into as many parts as she shall leave children surviving. The income is to be paid to each child, when he or she shall arrive at the age of 21 years, when the principal is to be paid over to the children.

FRANCHISES IN MEXICO.

Rules Governing the Establishment of New Industries.

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—A special from the City of Mexico says: The rules governing the granting of franchises and concessions by the president during the next five years to companies or individuals that guarantee the investment of capital in the establishment and development of new industries in Mexico have been made public. They are as follows:

1. The duration of the franchises and concessions will be graduated according to the importance of the industries, but in no case will it exceed ten years.

2. The minimum of the capital to be invested in the industry must be \$250,000.

3. This capital will be exempt for ten years.

4. The concessionaires can import only free of duties apparatus, tools, construction materials, machinery and materials necessary for the factories and buildings.

5. The concessionaires must guarantee their compliance with the contracts by making deposits in bonds of the public debt.

6. The concessionaires must pay the costs of stamps on the contracts.

WILL NOT BE NOMINATED.

Ex-Governor Campbell Will Not Run for Governor Again.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Ex-Governor James E. Campbell, of Ohio, who is at present in this city, when asked if he expected to receive a nomination, said: "I expect that I shall not be a candidate. They will not nominate me. I have not run as the candidate. I have not been in Ohio for about three months. I am trying to make an honest living outside of politics."

"Who is the most probable candidate?"

"There are many good men. I have heard talk of Lawrence T. Neal. Some think Congressman Outhwaite should be nominated. He would go to Ohio and take the stump for whoever is nominated."

Virginia's Building Dedicated.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, June 21.—The thirteenth anniversary of West Virginia's elevation to the dignity of statehood was celebrated yesterday by the dedication of the building erected by that state in the American family circle. Mr. McCormick was unable to be present to receive the keys of the building from President Chancellor of the commission, but his place was ably filled by Gen. J. W. St. Clair, of the national commission, who made a brilliant address.

Admiral Farragut.

LONDON, June 21.—The Pall Mall Gazette, which is an organ of the Conservative party, says that it is the intention of the government to abandon the financial clauses of the Irish home rule bill and to substitute in their stead new clauses empowering the Irish legislature to frame its own budget to the amount of £500,000, which, however, will be submitted to the imperial parliament for ratification.

A Spanish Deficit.

MADRID, June 21.—There is a deficit of 6,000,000 pesetas in the budget but the financial statement of the ministry easily met if the financial reforms are conceded. On Saturday last the minister of the colonies declared that Spain must try new methods in its government of the Antilles and must grant to Cuba and Porto Rico model form of government, to which he said only a minority of reactionists are opposed.

Greegians and Oregon.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The World's San Francisco special says: Yesterday Alex Greigians signed to meet Dan Cogen August 7th at the Colombian Athletic club for a \$5000 party at 158 pounds. Greigians leaves here tomorrow for Mexico, where he will train.

Ireland Endorsed.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The World's Omaha correspondent quotes Monsignor Satullo as saying in regard to the prominent recently issued: "It is stated that Ireland is too nervous to be held in the hand steadily. I have been unmercifully an endorsement of Archbishop Ireland and there can be no quibbling about it."

Poisoned by a Rat Bite.

RICHARDSON, June 21.—Mrs. K. T. Ford died at her home, one mile east of this city yesterday from blood poisoning, caused by a rat bite ten days ago. She was the mother of the notorious Bob and Charley Ford, who killed Jesse James at St. Joseph, Mo., under a contract with the then Governor, now consul general to Mexico. (Continued)

RIOTING IN BRESLAU.

Anarchists and Their Friends Determined to Wreak Vengeance for the Attack by the Soldiers.

A Mob Started Out of the Low Beer Gardens to Loot the Neighboring Shops.

Soldiers and Police Arrived and a Desperate Fight Followed, Many Rioters Being Seriously Wounded.

After Physicians Failed, Hood's Sarsaparilla Perfectly Cured.

Great mental agony is endured by parents who see their children suffering from diseases caused by impure blood, and for which there seems no cure. This is turned to joy when Hood's Sarsaparilla is resorted to, for it expels the foul humors from the blood, and restores the diseased skin to health, brightness. Read the following from grand parents: "We are now in the 7th year of our son's life, and we say this Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most valuable medicine on the market for blood and skin diseases. Our two children suffered terribly with this."

Worst Form of Eczema.

For two years. We had three physicians in that time, but neither of them succeeded in curing my son. I could not get him to sleep at night. At last we tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a month both children were perfectly cured. We recommend it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

as a standard family medicine, and would not be without it." Mrs. and Mrs. M. M. SOLLER, Altoona, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

Re-Union of Veterans.

CHICAGO, June 21.—There will be a monster re-union of all veterans, both Confederate and Union, at the 4th of July, to be held in Chicago. The days have been designated by the exposition officials and G. A. R. men for the holding of the re-union. Arrangements for camping outside the fair grounds will be made as far as possible. Fireworks, reviews and parades will be among the features of the celebration.

Hundreds of people write "It is impossible to describe the good Hood's Sarsaparilla has done me." It will be of equal help to you.

Pinched For Money.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The Chicago Desk Manufacturing company made an assignment yesterday to James H. Harkness, a partner of the firm, of a portion of the property of the company also assigned to the same person. The attorney for the assignee said that the failure was due in large measure to the insolvency of Schaeffer & Co's bank. The assets are estimated at \$50,000, while the liabilities will be considerably less.

A desperate fight followed, the mob giving the slightest attention to the orders of the police and soldiers to disperse. The rioters used any weapon that came handy, and finally orders were given for the police and soldiers to charge them. Wielding the sabers right and left, the mob advanced and was rushed into the crowd in which was broken for a short time. Then the rioters gathered again, and again the police and soldiers charged upon them.

This was repeated several times, but finally the mob was driven off the streets. Many of the rioters were maimed or lost their limbs, and some of the policemen and soldiers were also injured by stones or clubs. Stringent measures have been taken to prevent a repetition of the rioting.

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EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 23 West Superior street. Telephone 241, three rings; editorial rooms 241, three rings.

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A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per copy, \$1.00
Daily, per three months, \$1.00
Daily, per annum, \$1.00
Weekly, per year, \$1.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., June 21.—Heavy showers have fallen in most all parts of the country, and still continue over them. The rain has been most abundant in the central over Kansas, and another is over the country to the north of Lake Superior.

The weather has been unusually variable in all sections and ranges in the severest over greater portions of the country.

Some of the stations reporting during the past twenty-four hours were: Milwaukee, 1.51 inches; Chicago, 1.46; Indianapolis, 1.82, and Cedar Rapids, 1.50. Fall has not yet sight amounted to 1.50.

Duluth, June 21.—Forecast for today: Fair, probably followed by showers, today, slight change in temperature, wind shifting to east.

B. H. BROWN,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, June 21.—Forecast for today: Partly cloudy, with showers, today, probably showers in eastern portion, today, cooler; winds shifting to north.

THE HERALD in Chicago.

The 5 o'clock Edition is the sale early the following morning in Chicago at the

Palmer House News Stand.

Auditorium Hotel News Stand.

W. B. Sizer's Books, 189 State St.

Chas. McDonald's News Stand, 65 Washington St.

AND ON THE
World's Fair Grounds at the Columbian News & Novelty Co. News Stands.

The Industrial West.

The marvelous development of the iron industries which has taken place in the Western and Northwestern states within recent years is appreciated by but few people. Yet the development has been very great, and the industries are rapidly growing in magnitude. This great development is shown in a striking manner by the statistics contained by a census bulletin which has just been issued on the iron industries in fifteen states in the West and Northwest.

According to this bulletin, the increase in the capital invested in the decade between 1870 and 1880 was more than 100 per cent. In the following decade the rate of increase was still more rapid. In 1890 there was more than double the amount invested than in 1880 and over four times as much as in 1870.

In this connection, a story recently told by the Mountain Iron Man is apropos. An aged colored man whose early education had been confined to the upper branches of a cotton plantation, used the word "hemispheres" meaninglessly in one of his most fervent prayers, and when asked why he did so, replied that it was a good word and he thought it would please "de chilum."

It is a good suggestion that several papers have made that congress should promptly provide by a special act for the maimed and crippled government clerks injured by the fall of the Ford's theater building in Washington, and the widow and dependents upon the killed should be protected from poverty and suffering. The occupants of that death-trap should not be neglected by the government they were serving.

Some young men of Bordenaut, N. J., have devised a clever plan for visiting the World's fair. They have hired a freight car, fitted it with twelve bunks, a cook stove, and a well-stocked larder, and will go to Chicago at an expense of about \$10 apiece. They are forced to this mode of traveling by the high passenger rates demanded by the railroads. Other people may be driven to similar extremes, if the rates are not lowered.

The Pittston, Pa., Gazette says that a Susquehanna county girl has taken a novel way of deciding between three lovers. She wrote their names upon many eggs, which a faithful hen is now trying to warm into life, and the young man whose name is on the egg which hatches first will secure the prize heart and hand. But what if all three hatch together?

A Chicago policeman fired at a fleecy pickpocket a few days ago and killed a 14-year-old boy. This shows that the members of Chicago's "finest" are improving in marksmanship, because the last one previous to this incident who tried to hit a burglar shot himself in the toe. Still there is room for improvement.

Listen to the squeak from the journalistic kindergarten in the Sixth avenue collar.

There is some satisfaction in hearing that four Harvard students who raised their usual row in a Boston theater were soundly thrashed Saturday evening by

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

Will Occupy Their New Office in Torrey Building, July 1.

WE HAVE MONEY TO LOAN, and without delay, on good improved or unimproved property at prevailing rates.

SEVERAL DESIRABLE HOUSES in best parts of the city for rent. Also stores on Michigan and First streets.

FIRE INSURANCE in best home and foreign companies correctly and promptly written.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK

5, 6 and 7 First National Bank Building UNTIL JULY 1.

half a dozen other sets." The number may be doubled in the sixteen months that precede the election.

Railways and the Fair.

The Chicago Post points out in a timely article that at last people all over the country are beginning to turn out, the principal expense of a visit to the World's fair is not the stay in Chicago, but the railway journey to that city. It is well that this is coming to be known, for when everybody understands it the railroads will be forced to do their duty if they would serve their interest and Chicago will be benefited in reputation as well as in pocket.

The St. Cloud Journal-Tribune understands that Maj. Baldwin will now go gleaning for some of the St. Cloud officeholders. They are all pretty good-sized marks.

Grover Cleveland is reported to be gaining flesh so rapidly that he has had to give up walking. The disappointed office seekers are now doing the walking.

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THE RECORD OF A YEAR

City Engineer Reed Submits the Report of His Department's Work for the Year.

He Recommends the Adoption of Civil Service Rules in Making Appointments in the Department.

Total Expenditures for the Year, Number of Miles Paved and Graded and Other Information.

City Engineer Reed has submitted to the board of public works his report of the status of the city engineering department for the year ending Feb. 28, 1893, together with those of Assistant City Engineer M. W. Lewis, Bridge Engineer E. J. Duffies, and C. E. Locke, inspector of cements and drains.

Mr. Reed strongly urges the introduction of civil service rules in regulating and controlling the appointment of the officers and employees of the department. "New men must require double the necessary supervision when they are commisioned," says the report. "In all especially municipal engineering work, where the conditions are peculiar and when public works are inaugurated on a scale that requires years for their development to be completed. So it is recommended that the experience of the engineer be taken to work out the details and different branches of the system with intelligence and accuracy. It seems obvious that changes of policy every year, or every few months, can work a great deal of loss."

A statement of local parties employed and work done is followed by a statement of expenditures, which shows a decrease in all the departments, except that controlling street, road and sewer connections, which came under the care of the city engineer during the year. The actual cost of the engineering and maintenance department for the year was \$8,914.29. During the year 12,011 miles of streets were graded; 7,380 square yards of block pavement and 115,000 square yards Telford macadam laid; 7,900 storm sewers constructed; 67 miles of storm sewers and 67 miles of sidewalks built.

The establishment of a convenient supply yard is considered still pertinent by Mr. Reed, and urged as a matter of public economy. The purchase of all brick, cement and sewer pipe by the city, the same to be delivered to contractors at actual cost, is recommended. As a matter of necessity and economy in cleaning the snow, dense bushes should be removed from the sidewalks and avenues within the area bounded by Fifth avenue west, Second Avenue east, Fourth street and Michigan street inclusive, be paved with cedar blocks on concrete foundations, and the necessary snow removing. The making of sewer connections with private houses as a matter of economy and convenience is recommended to be left to a sewer foreman and the actual cost charged up to the owner.

A resolution is called to the desecratory plating of property. A general plan by the city for all unplated property is suggested with the requirement that all else be compelled to conform thereto. The report quite exhaustive, yet clear, concise and possessed of much interest, is well worth reading. It does credit to City Engineer Reed.

The report of Assistant Engineer M. W. Lewis, states that plans and specifications were prepared as follows: Street paving, 8; street grading, 8; sanitary sewers, 14; storm water sewers, 3; sidewalks, 21; miscellaneous, 10; total 77. The total amount of work done on these contracts was:

Street grading and paving..... \$29,372.98
Sanitary sewers..... 61,038.73
Miscellaneous..... 11.40
Total..... 90,422.01

Total..... \$37,425.81

Democrat Medal Contest.

This evening the Democrat medal contest will be held at the first Presbyterian church under the auspices of the Loyal Legion. The medal is on exhibition in Montague's window. The program is as follows:

Chorus— "The Times Must Go"
Loyal Temperance Legion.

Recitation— "Safety City Government"
Loyal Order of the Knights of Columbus.

Recitation— "The Boys of America"
Villa Winkler.

Duet— "Moses, Burn and Lure Shaw."
Recitation— "Beowulf's Match"
James Shamus.

Recitation— "Vigorous Warfare Needed"
Cecil C. Clegg.

Recitation— "The Saloon Problem"
Clinton Markell.

Song— "The Saloon Problem"
Miss Ella Buck.

Recitation— "Business Views of Prohibition"
Charles Seaton.

Recitation— "National Trees"
Oliver Hector.

Loyal Temperance Legion.

Judge's Report.

President of Moral
Doxology.

A Body Recovered.

Charlie True, a teamster, Clequet last evening, with the news of the recovery of the body of one Lathamme, a log driver who was drowned in the Clequet river May 14. Coroner Eklund was notified and the body will probably be interred at Clequet, as nothing is known of Lathamme's family or friends. He was a young man employed in R. E. White's camp.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.
Smoke and cigar, W. A. Foote & Co., Rice & McGilvray, 616 Chamber of Commerce, civil engineers and surveyors.

"Use the best" Duluth Imperial flour, W. S. Storer, D. D. S., has removed his flour rooms to 717 Torrey block.

McMillen & Tenbusch, architects; King block.

Moved to Torrey building, first floor, James Billings.

For rent, large building, No. 10, East Superior street. Entire building or floors, especially. Inquire of A. E. Brown at Panton & Watson's.

Dr. Schleifman fills teeth without pain.

Smoke Robert Burns cigar. Sold by Albert Haublaib, First Nat'l bank block.

Amended articles of the Northwestern Land & Loan company have been filed with the company, increasing the limit of indebtedness at \$100,000.

First papers were issued today to Lillie S. Johnson, a subject of Sweden.

The following marriage licenses have been issued: Adolph Sauve and Adele Vient, William M. Addie and Lizzie A. George.

The defendant's argument and brief in the case of Winthrop Pond vs. Minnesota Iron company has been filed in the United States court.

John A. Conan, from Canada, was given first citizenship papers this morning.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Meagher and her child, victims of the Bunnell fire, will be held at the church of the Immaculate Conception at 8:30 a. m. tomorrow.

The remains will be taken to Braintree in the evening for interment on Friday.

In police court this morning, Judge Powell had an easy job. One drunk was sent up and another who pleaded guilty was given a suspension of sentence. Peter Marshall, charged with fast driving, pleaded not guilty. The trial was set for June 23 at 3 p. m., at which time Special Judge Winje will pass on the standing vote.

Mr. Reed strongly urges the introduction of civil service rules in regulating and controlling the appointment of the officers and employees of the department. "New men must require double the necessary supervision when they are commisioned," says the report. "In all especially municipal engineering work, where the conditions are peculiar and when public works are inaugurated on a scale that requires years for their development to be completed. So it is recommended that the experience of the engineer be taken to work out the details and different branches of the system with intelligence and accuracy. It seems obvious that changes of policy every year, or every few months, can work a great deal of loss."

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Official Proceedings.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Duluth, Minn., June 18, 1893.Regular Meeting.
Bell call: Alderman present—Cox, Dingwall, Hugo, Helms, Howard, Myres, Nelson, Orie, Quimby, Sorenson, Thomas, Wilson and Mr. President—13.
Absent—Getyl.

On motion of Alderman Sorenson the minutes of last meeting were approved.

Presentation of Petitions and Other Communications.

Plumber's license bonds of Olo Sund and Moore & French, liquor license bonds of John G. Cox et al for license on Franklin and Ave. of E. W. Mattie et al for extension of mains on Jefferson street, and J. C. Baal et al for light at Juniper and Lincoln streets—Light and water and supplies.

Various city bills, and claims of J. D. Keeke for retaining wall—Claims and accounts.

Report of board five commissioners—Fire department.

Petition and bond of John A. Nelson for extension of mains, petition of Lund G. Olson et al for light on Franklin Ave. of E. W. Mattie et al for extension of mains on Jefferson street, and J. C. Baal et al for light at Juniper and Lincoln streets—Light and water and supplies.

Petition of Bert Christensen for refund of license money, application of M. Nelson for placard license of Ole Sund and Moore & French for license on Franklin and Ave. of E. W. Mattie et al for shooting gallery license, and Campbell & Steele and Robt. C. Keene for liquor license—Rejected for police and license committee.

Petition of Angus Gibson et al, for graveling one side of Woodland avenue—Streets, alleys and sidewalks.

From the board of public works, estimates final 5 per cent of L. M. Moenig & Co., recommends permanent sidewalks, mostly estimates to Fitzgerald & Collin, Inc., West Duluth laundry, laundry license bonds of Frank Sorenson, and application of Frank Sorenson, for extension of mains on Jefferson street, and J. C. Baal et al for light at Juniper and Lincoln streets—Light and water and supplies.

Petition of Standing Committees.

Auditing and Finance.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Your committee to whom was referred the application of Frank Sorenson, pawn broker's bond of G. A. Klein for pawnbroker's license, would most respectfully report that they have considered the same, and recommend that said ordinance take its second reading.

Fire Department.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Your committee to whom was referred the ordinance amending ordinance No. 44 regulating the keeping of bowling alleys, etc., would most respectfully report that they have considered the same, and recommend that said ordinance take its second reading.

Ordinance and Judiciary.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Your committee to whom was referred the ordinance amending ordinance No. 44 regulating the keeping of bowling alleys, etc., would most respectfully report that they have considered the same, and recommend that said ordinance take its second reading.

The report was received.

A. W. Wilson,
Chairman Committee,
T. W. Hugo,
E. F. Howard.

The report was received.

Police and License.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Your committee to whom was referred the application of G. A. Klein for pawnbroker's license, would most respectfully report that they have considered the same, and recommend that said ordinance be granted.James Dingwall,
Chairman Committee,
A. M. Cox,
A. S. Wilson.

The report was received.

A. S. Wilson,
Chairman Committee,
T. W. Hugo,
E. F. Howard.

The report was received.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Your committee to whom was referred the application of Mike Eischen for license to operate a shooting gallery, would most respectfully report that they have considered the same, and recommend that said license be granted.James Dingwall,
Chairman Committee,
A. M. Cox,
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The report was received.

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E. F. Howard.

The report was received.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Your committee to whom was referred the petition of Antoine Paul for extension of mains on Franklin street, and Sorenson, would most respectfully report that they have considered the same, and recommend that said application be granted.James Dingwall,
Chairman Committee,
A. M. Cox,
A. S. Wilson.

The report was received.

A. S. Wilson,
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E. F. Howard.

The report was received.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Your committee to whom was referred the application of W. W. McMillan & Co. for license to conduct a private drama, would most respectfully report that they have considered the same, and recommend that said application be granted.James Dingwall,
Chairman Committee,
A. M. Cox,
A. S. Wilson.

The report was received.

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To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Your committee to whom was referred the petition of Bert Christensen for withdrawal of application for liquor license and return of same, would most respectfully report that they have considered the same, and recommend that said application be granted.James Dingwall,
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ONE PRIEST JEALOUS.

A Young Assistant Became Too Popular to Please Rev. Domagalski, a Priest at Winona.

The People Decided the Old Priest Must Go and Bishop Cotter Agreed He Would.

Shortages Found in the Cash Accounts of the Church and the Treasurer Was Chased.

WINONA, Minn., June 21.—Rev. Domagalski was appointed as priest to St. Stanislaus parish church about a year ago. Since then he has done some acts that have made him very unpopular. In the early part of the spring, Rev. Thos. Misicki, a young theologian just over from Cracow, Prussia, was called to assist Rev. Domagalski. The elder priest was jealous and published several vivid articles in a Polish paper issued in this city. This did not meet the approval of the people and they decided that the old priest must go.

Beside these facts, shortages were found in the cash accounts of the church and another reason it was shown that pages of the books had been destroyed. The treasurer was thus also implicated. The older priest did not seem inclined to go, and when it was announced yesterday that the younger was about to leave, a crowd last evening gathered that extended its hands to each side of the church.

The younger priest was escorted to the church and Bishop Cotter sent for. Meantime the treasurer was chased some distance and sticks and stones thrown at him. The people quieted the priest, telling them the young priest might remain. The latter will endeavor to secure a release from the bishop of Cincinnati to enable him to accept the position.

SHOCKING STORIES TOLD.

Minnesota Women Talk Scandalously of Each Other.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, Chicago, June 21.—The trouble in the Minnesota Woman's board is to be carried before Governor Nelson, and it is now known that all interested parties will be summoned to St. Paul to appear before the Governor and the state World's fair commission in order that the dispute may be settled.

The statement that peace had settled down upon the heads of the angry women proves to be incorrect. Instead the warfare is more spiteful than ever. Mrs. Greenleaf, Mrs. H. F. Brown and Mrs. Crosby are now ranged on the side of Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. Crosby in a telegram from her home in Massachusetts, stating that she has written over to Mrs. St. Paul's camp. Mrs. Greenleaf ever since her arrival from Minneapolis has waged an energetic battle in behalf of Mrs. Hunt; so aggressive, in fact, that the prominent Minneapolis woman and Mrs. Hunt do not recognize each other without meeting. It is true, however, that the whole trouble is largely based upon strained relations between Minneapolis and St. Paul. It's a plain case of two women fighting the battles of the two cities where the men left off.

Mr. Clarke of St. Paul, is accused of an attempt to freeze out Minneapolis women and Minneapolis exhibits by placing either Mrs. Hazenwinkle, of St. Paul, or Mrs. Stebbins, of Rochester, or both, in charge of the Minnesota woman's exhibit. Mrs. Hazenwinkle is a personal friend of Mrs. Hunt, and it may be said that she denies this. She is fighting for Mrs. Hazenwinkle as instigator and for Mrs. Stebbins as assistant to the former. It is to have been legal and properly chosen.

Mrs. Hunt, on the other hand, disputes this Mrs. Hazenwinkle's title as chairman of exhibit by stating that the minutes give the latter right to be chairman of exhibit while she is but a simple member of the association.

Mr. Hunt holds credentials as instigator, signed by Gov. Nelson, and it is on the strength of the Governor's action in the matter that a meeting of all interested will soon be held in St. Paul. No one on the outside has any idea as to the extent to which the queen has been caused.

The women have gone so far as to indulge in bitter personalities and if they were men fists would have been used long ago instead of tongues. Familiar skeletons have been re-opened, particularly to the public—shocking stories of the habits of some of the very lights of Minnesota are handled back and forth by some of these women, whose spite has carried them to the farthest extremity of goings.

Now is the outbreak recent, as almost since the very organization of the woman's board have these personal scandals been buried back and forth. It will be lucky for the women and fortunate for the good name of the state if they do not become public property.

DISCOVERED BY A DREAM.

The Body of a Suicide Found in the River at Winona.

WINONA, Minn., June 21.—The body of the riverman Leonard, who suicided by jumping from the steamer Daisy on Sunday, was yesterday recovered ashore, distance below the city as the result of peculiar dreams.

Nelson Breed, who lives near the trestle, dreamed last night that he stood on the river bank watching a steamer come down stream. When just opposite he saw the wheel wash up an object which he could hardly see, the body of a man. The dream so greatly impressed Mr. Breed that at daybreak yesterday morning he took his skiff and rowed up to the trestle, where he sighted a steamer coming down in exactly the same manner as in his dream, and when it approached he saw it was the same boat, the *Remona*.

As it rounded the trestle, Breed rowed out and followed close to the wheel, impelled by a strange curiosity. He had not proceeded ten rods when the wheel washed a dark and heavy object up

against his skiff. He grasped it and towed it ashore, where he recognized it as the missing man Leonard and notified the authorities. The remains will be taken to Stillwater for burial.

THE SUBURBAN HANDICAP.

Lowlander, a Ten to One Shot, Was an Easy Winner.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The suburban handicap of 1893, the tenth in the history of the event, was a most grievous disappointment to the turf loving public. Lowlander, by Roland Chief, dam Restless, a horse that has had rather an erratic career, won the race from end to end. He went out at the fall of the flag, set the pace to suit himself, and won almost as he pleased in the fast time of 2:03 1/2.

Lowlander was at to 1 against in the betting, and all kinds of fancy prices could be had about the chances of Ferrier.

The race was worth \$40,000 to the winner, \$10,000 to the second and \$2000 to the third horse. The winner is owned by Fred Lowe, and beside the rich stake netted many thousand dollars by the victory of his horse.

WONDERFUL CROP GROWTH.

Favorable Condition Shown in the Iowa Report.

DES MOINES, June 21.—The Iowa crop bulletin issued yesterday says: The past seven rare June days have pushed all crops rapidly forward. The daily mean temperature was above the normal, and the sunshine was in excess of the average. The amount of rainfall was light except in few localities, which report excessive moisture.

Corn has had wonderful growth; the soil, generally in good condition and the second cultivation is in progress. If the season continues favorable Iowa will celebrate the Columbian year by exceeding its former high record as a corn-producing state. Oats and small grain crops have made good progress. In some localities a rank growth is reported.

The season has been exceptionally favorable for pastures and meadows, and the hay crop will be heavy where the grass roots were not winter-killed or injured by insects. Small fruits are abundant. The apple crop will be light.

HIS REVENGE WAS AWFUL.

The Terrible Fate of the Paramour of a Doctor's Wife.

MILAN, Tenn., June 21.—For some time past Dr. John Hood, of Aden, sixteen miles north of here, has suspected his wife and William Piper, Monday night Dr. Hood left his home, wounded on a visit to a patient but instead hid in an outbuilding near the house.

In less than an hour Piper entered the house. Dr. Hood forced his way to his wife's private room and found his wife sleeping. He then took a revolver, snatched a candle and lamp, burning on a table near by, the wronged husband dashed the missile at Piper's head, the glass horribly cutting his face.

□ The lamp exploded, the oil running in streams on Piper's body, burning his eyes, literally cooking his breast and shoulders and burning his hair and beard. He died in less than an hour. All the parties are prominent people in this section.

GEN. JARDINE DYING.

One of New York's Most Gallant Soldiers Is Dying.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Gen. Edward Jardine, one of the best known and most gallant soldiers that this state sent to the civil war, whose body is covered with scars of wounds, received in battle, dying from the effects of the recent operations of injuries received in the war.

Training Authoresses.

LONDON, June 21.—A dozen bright college girls in London have started a truly amateur club for the study of the "School of Fiction" and each member is supposed to write a story a month. These creams are not to be trifled with, however, and are bound in a precious volume, which becomes the joint property of the club members.

To Inspect American Railways.

Bremen, Berlin, Paris, and ten other officers from a railway regiment of the German army, have started for the United States where they will study the American system of railways. Each officer will travel through an exclusive district to which he will be assigned by the colonel.

Silver Men Hopeful.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—An excellent financial authority says that Congress should not be afraid to pass any law that does President Cleveland is reported, not to expect them to do, repeat it without passing as a substitute any other law recognizing silver as money. France and England would become frightened and would be very glad to make terms and such terms as will avail more to the friends of silver than any silver legislation now possible.

Intense Heat in England.

LONDON, June 21.—Intense heat prevails throughout the British Kingdom yesterday. Two deaths from sunstroke were reported in London. Terrific thunder storms have caused much damage in several districts. Lightning killed a girl named Macdonald at Westgate, Kent, near Queenstown, and a laborer at Folkestone, Kent. From all parts of the provinces the reports are to the effect that this has been the hottest day of the season.

Baseball Yesterday.

Pittsburg..... 10 10 10 New York..... 10 10 10
Cleveland..... 10 10 10 Washington..... 10 10 10
Chicago..... 10 10 10 Cincinnati..... 10 10 10
St. Louis..... 10 10 10 Indianapolis..... 10 10 10
Baltimore..... 10 10 10 Boston..... 10 10 10
Brooklyn..... 10 10 10

O. C.

The candy in the window at the Lyceum drug store.

Lot 1. First street between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues east for sale at a bargain. N. J. Upman & Co., 16 Third avenue west.

Hats, given away—100 sold less than 100.

Here a few days only. Madam Mitchell, 101 East Superior street, Haynie's old store.

For Sale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

DEATHS ON THE RAIL.

A Train Returning from the Sheepscot Bay Race Track Was Thrown from the Track.

Seven of the Victims are Now Dead, Another Expected to Die, and Many Injured.

Switchman McGarry Has Been Placed Under Arrest and Charged with Responsibility for the Accident.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Although no other victim of the disastrous accident yesterday afternoon at the race track on the Bay Ridge branch of the Long Island railroad had died, one of them, Andrew J. Bartholomew, is not expected to live throughout the day. Seven died yesterday. The wounded man, it is said at the moment, will recover, although one or two of them are seriously hurt. Bartholomew, whose left leg was cut off in the crash, had the other leg amputated. He was so weak that they could get nothing from him. It is supposed that he and Quinby, who was killed, were together. Both came from the same place.

Switchman McGarry was arraigned at 10 o'clock this morning. He denied being in any way responsible for the accident and, in the absence of witnesses and an official report from the Long Island Railroad company, was held for trial.

The following is a revised list of the dead: Robert Cudley, New York piano maker; E. J. McClellan, Philadelphia, 28 years old; J. J. Spinks, city marshal, New York; unknown man; William B. Hutchinson, Chicago, 21st Wells street; George Murphy, New York.

Voted the Bonds.

SPRINGFIELD, Minn., June 21.—The election yesterday to bind the city for the World's Fair was a victory for the bonders. The bonders carried by a large majority. The people gave vent to their enthusiasm last evening by a great demonstration consisting of parading the streets and a great display of fireworks.

Today's Appointments.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president today made the following appointments: Charles B. Hawley, of Mississippi, to be assistant attorney general, vice Colby resigned; Benjamin H. Ridgely, of Kentucky, to be consul of the United States at Geneva, Switzerland.

A Grakanian Killed.

BRainerd, Minn., June 21.—Alex. Swanson, brakeman on the Brainerd & Northern Minnesota railway, living in this city, was accidentally killed yesterday while coupling cars.

Gulited by Fire.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 21.—Robt. H. Hoskin's seed and agricultural warehouse, located on West Main street was gutted by fire this morning. The loss will probably reach \$10,000.

THE WINNER OF THE PULLMAN.

Nelson Proved a Wonder in the Great Western Round Race.

The great surprise of the recent Pullman race at Chicago was the victory of Mathias Nelson of the Columbia wheelmen. In one respect Nelson's victory was a surprise, for he had been beaten in his last race at the exact finishing place and stopped, allowing Nelson to win by a few feet, but despite this fact Nelson proved to be a remarkable, resolute, grit, endurance and speed by making the best time over the course. He covered the 17 1/2 miles from Chicago to Pullman in 44 seconds, while the mark of M. Nessel, another member of the Columbia wheelmen, who won the time prize, was 55 seconds. It seems to indicate that the initials M. N. are a mascot for contestants in the Pullman. Nelson had a handicap of six minutes, and Nessel was favored with 24 1/2 minutes start.

Training Authoresses.

LOUNDON, June 21.—A dozen bright college girls in London have started a truly amateur club for the study of the "School of Fiction" and each member is supposed to write a story a month. These creams are not to be trifled with, however, and are bound in a precious volume, which becomes the joint property of the club members.

GEN. JARDINE DYING.

One of New York's Most Gallant Soldiers Is Dying.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Gen. Edward Jardine, one of the best known and most gallant soldiers that this state sent to the civil war, whose body is covered with scars of wounds, received in battle, dying from the effects of the recent operations of injuries received in the war.

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DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

HAVE A SPECIALTY.

The Field of Medicine Has Become Too Broad for a Man to Hope to Cover it All.

In a recent leading article, entitled "Have a Specialty," which has attracted the attention and admiration of vigorous thinkers, the *Scientific American*, a journal recognized as a leader wherever the English language is spoken, closes with these accepted truths:

"It does not take the world very long to discover who is the best man for this or that purpose, and when it finds out that man who has made a specialty of one operation, and unquestionably does it better than anyone else, the world must avail itself of his labor.

"We do not mean to argue that a man should be like a horse, capable of entering and taking one idea at a time, for that would be to advocate narrow-mindedness; but we do mean to say that no man should be without one essential and prevailing object, in the prosecution of which is determined to excel, and it does not make any difference what that is, whether cleaning a gutter or saving lives.

"All this adds weight to our first advice; to have a specialty and to push it. Be sure you are right before you select it."

The above excellent advice is quoted from the *Scientific American*, which claims that the true specialist, one that selects a certain line of diseases and makes their study and practice his work, cannot help but become more proficient in their treatment and more successful in his practice. The field of medicine has been too extended for a man to hope to master it in all its details. Drs. Copeland, Hunt & Drennan's great success in the treatment of all diseases of the mucous membrane and their allied afflictions is the result of years of special study and special application.

PANTON & WATSON,
Glass Block Store,
DULUTH, MINN.

WILL POSITIVELY BEGIN AT OUR GREAT STORE

COLOSSAL CLEARANCE SALE

OF GIGANTIC MAGNITUDE

THURSDAY, JUNE 22nd,

And Will Continue Until the Last Day of This Month.

New Bargains WILL BE Offered Every Three Days, and Each Set of Bargains WILL BE FOR Three Days Only.

OUR STOCKS ARE ENTIRELY TOO HEAVY AND MUST BE REDUCED AT ONCE.

PROMINENT FINANCIERS throughout the country say this is not a year to make money. Good merchants and good bankers must help the situation out. MONEY IS WHAT WE WANT INSTEAD OF MERCHANDISE. We want to prepare ourselves for an enormous fall business with plenty of cash on hand when our buyers go East.

READ THE BARGAINS CAREFULLY, FOR THURSDAY AND FRIDAY OF THIS WEEK.

CARPETS.

10 Patterns Royal Wilton Velvets.	\$1.89.
Worth \$2.75, Sale price.	
5 Patterns Axminsters.	\$1.23.
Worth \$1.75, Sale price....	
5 Patterns Moquettes.	98c.
Worth \$1.50, Sale price....	

SPECIAL!

The above goods are all this season's, and are guaranteed the very best qualities or they won't cost you a cent.

FURTHER!

We will make, lay and bind them at the above prices. IT IS THE CHANCE OF A LIFETIME.

LACE CURTAINS.

Take down your Heavy Curtains; throw away your old ones. This is a sale of Fine Curtains cheap, not of Cheap Curtains cheap.

REAL IRISH POINT.

50 Pairs, worth \$4.50, \$5.00	\$3.00.
and \$6.00, at.....	
REAL BRUSSELS POINT.	

25 Pairs at \$6.50, worth \$12.00.	
13 Pairs at \$8.00, worth \$15.00.	
18 Pairs at \$10.00, worth \$18.00.	

25 PER CENT DISCOUNT

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Lot 4, only \$2.95.

This lot comprises hundreds of Beautiful Hats, trimmed in our own workrooms, worth \$3.25, \$3.75, \$4.25 and \$4.75, all go at \$2.95 each.

Lot 5, only \$1.95.

150 Misses' Trimmed Hats at \$1.95, worth double.

LACE DEPT.

Valenciennes Shirting, Colored Silk Allovers, Oriental Allovers, Egyptian Allovers, Pointe Genette Allovers, worth from 75c to \$3.50, all go at..... 39c per yd.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

300 dozen Ladies' White and Colored Handkerchiefs, worth from 15c to 25c, all go at..... 10c each.

NEW VEILINGS, NEW LACES, NEW RUFFLINGS, NEW CHIFFONS, NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,

In all the New Shades.



TO-DAY is New Hampshire

Day at the World's Fair.

The Granite State will no doubt be fully represented by her most distinguished sons and most lovely daughters, who will set forth their present claims to a proud place in the sisterhood of States, and recall those glorious traditions which give the native State of Daniel Webster a large space in the pages of American history.

Gent's Furnishings.

SEASONABLE GOODS ALMOST GIVEN AWAY
50 dozen Gent's White Laundered Shirts with colored bosoms, good heavy muslin and perfect fitting. Always sold for \$1. Just half price,

50c Each.

Negligee Shirts.

With Collars and cuffs attached, laundered, 6 colors to select from, worth \$1.25.

75c Each.

SUSPENDERS.

32 dozen Suspenders, full length; worth 20 and 25c Sale Price.

10c Per Pair.

GENT'S SHOES.

1000 pairs Hanan's Fine Shoes, low cut Southern Ties, Laces or Congress; any style, we have at \$5.00. All go at.....

82.95.

LADIES' SHOES.

200 Pairs Ladies' Dongola Kid Shoes, common sense or opera toes, worth \$4. They go at.....

32.95.

MISSES' SHOES.

300 pairs Misses' Straight Goats or Dongola Kid Shoes; regular price, \$1.75 and \$2. Sale Price,

81.38.

THE GREATEST CLOCK SALE

Ever Heard of a Clock in Duluth
STORE. If you want a clock you will never buy them cheaper than at this sale. The assortment represents 3500 Clocks and all warranted good time keepers. See window display.

1500 NICKEL CLOCKS, one day time alarm. Dial four inches. All warranted. Jewelers price \$1.50. SALE PRICE HERE

69c.

250 GILT CASED WATCHES, everyone warranted and cheap at \$2.00. SALE PRICE.....

98c.

150 NICKEL CLOCKS. One day time, Two inch dial, warranted and cheap at \$1.00. SALE PRICE.....

69c.

100 NICKEL CLOCKS. One day time alarm. Two inch dial, warranted and cheap at \$1.50. SALE PRICE.....

119c.

500 EIGHT DAY OAK AND WALNUT CLOCKS, everyone warranted, stands 2 inches high. Cheap at \$4.50. SALE PRICE.....

22.25.

250 EIGHT DAY OAK AND WALNUT CLOCKS, everyone warranted, with alarm or gong. Half Hour strike. A Clock worth \$5. Buy them at this sale for \$2.75.

ENAMELED 50 ENAMELED

IRON CLOCKS 50 IRON CLOCKS
60 Enamelled Iron Clocks, assorted styles, eight day half hour strike, gong star movement, height runs from 9 to 10 inches, length 12 to 15 inches. Porcelain or fine gilt dial. All warranted and in perfect working order, worth from \$8.00 to \$15.00. Take your choice at this sale for.....

\$5.95 each.

ENAMELED 100 ENAMELED

IRON CLOCKS 100 IRON CLOCKS
Eight day, half hour strike, gong star movement, fine gilt or porcelain dials, with and without visible escapement. All warranted and worth from \$15 to \$35. Take your choice at this sale for.....

\$10.00 each.

Big Reduction on Clock Ornaments During this Sale.

ONYX 25 ONYX CLOCKS

25 Onyx Clocks. Eight day half hour strike, gong star movement, height 10 to 13 inches, length 10 to 14 inches, with fine gilt dials, visible escapement. All warranted and worth from \$25 to \$30. Take your choice at this sale for.....

\$10.00.

Extraordinary Linen Sale.

Great Values and the Biggest Bargains Ever Known Will be Offered During This Sale.

TOWELS—200 dozen fine Huck towels, fringed with red binding, size 22x15, sale by small dealers for 12½c. The price during this sale.

7c Each, or Four for 25c.

TOWELS—250 dozen fine Linen Huck Towels, already hemmed, called cheap by others at 20c.

Our price for this sale, half that.

10c Each, \$1.20 Per Dozen.

TOWELS—175 dozen Damask Towels, knotted fringe, others ask 15c. Special for this sale at

20c Each.

Immense Big Values in Turkish Towels During This Sale.

TOWELS! TOWELS!

Here is a Picnic For All Who Seek Bargains. This is the Greatest Opportunity of Your Life.

One lot of about 75 dozen fine, large Damask Towels, heavy knotted fringe, deep colored borders with patterns worked in. In this assortment you will find Towels worth 50c, 65c, 75c and \$1 each. All go at this sale for

35c Each.

DON'T MISS THEM.

BED SPREADS.

110 White Bed Spreads, full size, cheap at 75c. Special for this sale

58c.

BED SPREADS—200 large White Bed Spreads, worth \$1.50. Special for this sale

98c Each.

Special Cut Prices in Napkins at This Sale.

CRASH TOWELING.

All Linen Crash Toweling and plain with colored border, selvage on both sides; never sold less than 12½c. Special for this sale.

9c Per Yard.

CREAM DAMASK.

15 pieces heavy All Linen Cream Damask; choice patterns, worth 50 to 65c. Special for this sale.

48c Per Yard.

BLEACHED DAMASK.

10 pieces full Bleached Damask, all new goods and new patterns, worth from 65 to 75c. For this sale at

48c Per Yard.

Special Cut Prices on Brown and Bleached Sheetings.

NOTICE WHAT WE SAY!

The Glass Block Store is the place to trade, because we are alive to the best interests of our patrons and the upbuilding of an enormous trade for ourselves. This can be done on an honest upright business basis, giving our patrons the right kind of goods at the correct prices. Correct prices means with us the LOWEST PRICES in the city or elsewhere.

Come to This Great Sale Thursday Morning, June 22nd. Remember It Continues Until the End of This Month.

GLASS BLOCK STORE, PANTON & WATSON, GLASS BLOCK STORE.

FAIR

Th Pioneer Fuel Co.
Publish in this paper DAILY
WEATHER BULLETIN. The
U.S. SIGNAL ALARMS, forecasting
weather changes 24 hours in
advance. Price 10c. Will be
available every Monday, or can
be obtained at any of its offices.

And will have no reason for
not getting it. Address
H. S. Soldner, 112 Superior
City Sanitary Office, Duluth, Minn.
Telephone No. 161.

BATHS
112 West Michigan Street.
CHAS. O. WALTER, Prop. DULUTH, MINN.

No Anti-Pyrine in Bronco-Seltzer.
Cures all headaches—trial bottle to
cts.

Extension to front River.

The steamer Barker will run an excursion on Thursday the 22d, inst., leaving Smith-Feo dock at 8:30 o'clock a.m., running to Iron River. Leave return at 5 p.m. A great opportunity to see the famous Iron River falls and the greatest stone quarry on Lake Superior. Tickets round trip \$1.00, at office Smith-Feo company, Fifth avenue west.

COURT FILINGS.

Several Complaints Left With Clerk Sinclair
Today—Other Papers.

Complaints in the following cases were filed in Clerk Sinclair's office today: Martyr Wheeler against William O. Tillotson, for failure to deliver certain Ladd's Iron Co. 125 complaints, Sir Martin Manufacturing company against Charles T. Taylor, on promissory note for \$525; Cudahy Packing company against James W. Falk, for goods sold in the sum of \$2500; same against Single, Wagner & Co., \$6567.

In Clequet lumber company against J. A. Cudahy, stipulation was filed that judgment be entered for plaintiff according to the prayer of the complaint.

In Oliver R. Harris against William McKinley et al., an order is filed for a new trial; also notice of appeal by plaintiff.

Satisfaction of judgment has been filed in Frank Blackman against Omia Langell.

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PANTON & WATSON,
Glass Block Store,
DULUTH, MINN.

WILL POSITIVELY BEGIN AT OUR GREAT STORE

COLOSSAL CLEARANCE SALE

OF GIGANTIC MAGNITUDE

THURSDAY, JUNE 22nd,

And Will Continue Until the Last Day of This Month.

New Bargains WILL BE Offered Every Three Days, and Each Set of Bargains WILL BE FOR Three Days Only.

OUR STOCKS ARE ENTIRELY TOO HEAVY AND MUST BE REDUCED AT ONCE.

PROMINENT FINANCIERS throughout the country say this is not a year to make money. Good merchants and good bankers must help the situation out. MONEY IS WHAT WE WANT INSTEAD OF MERCHANDISE. We want to prepare ourselves for an enormous fall business with plenty of cash on hand when our buyers go East.

READ THE BARGAINS CAREFULLY, FOR THURSDAY AND FRIDAY OF THIS WEEK.

CARPETS.

10 Patterns Royal Wilton Velvets.	\$1.89.
Worth \$2.75, Sale price.	
5 Patterns Arminsters.	\$1.23.
Worth \$1.75, Sale price.	

SPECIAL!

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150 Misses' Trimmed Hats at \$1.95, worth double.

LACE DEPT.

Valenciennes Skirting, Colored Silk Allovers, Oriental Allovers, Egyptian Allovers, Pointe Genette Allovers, worth from 75c to \$1.50, all go at.....

\$89 per yd.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

500 dozen Ladies' White and Colored Handkerchiefs, worth from 15c to 25c, all go at.....

10c each.

NEW VEILINGS,

NEW LACES,
NEW RUFFLINGS,
NEW CHIFFONS,
NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,

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GLASS BLOCK STORE, PANTON & WATSON, GLASS BLOCK STORE.

FAIR
The Pioneer Fuel Co.,
Published in this space DAILY.
WEATHER PREDICTIONS and
U.S. NEWS. The paper
will be published every day in
advances. Explanation of display
space given in the front page of
the paper. W. F. Fife, for good sold in
summers, \$250; same against Single, Wagner
& Co., \$650.

For sale: HOUSE FOR RENTERS. Every day from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. Every day from 1 p.m. to 10 p.m. Russian and Turkish BATHS
45 West Michigan Street,
CHAS. O. PAULIN, Prop. DULUTH, MINN.

No Anti-Pyrine in Bromo-Seltzer.
Cures all headaches—trial bottle 10
cents. Extension to Iron River.
The steamer Barker will run an excursion on Thursday the 22d, inst., leaving Smith's dock at 5:30 o'clock a.m., running to Iron River. Leaves returning at 4 p.m. A great opportunity to see the famous Iron River falls and the greatest stone quarry on Lake Superior. Tickets, round trip \$1.00, at office Smith's company, Fifth avenue west.

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In Crochet Lumber company against J. Frey, a stipulation was filed that judgment be entered for plaintiff according to terms of the company's note.

In Oliver R. Hayes against William McKinley et al, an order is filed denying motion for new trial; also notice of appeal by plaintiff.

Satisfaction of judgment has been filed in Frank Blackmar against Oma Langelier.

The case of Gustav Uttila against Paul Sherry, sheriff, has been dismissed.

Carlo Found Guilty.

The Italian Convicted of Carnally Knowing a Child—Di Mara on Trial.

Shortly after 5 o'clock last evening the jury returned a verdict of guilty against Peter Carlo, indicted for carnally knowing a female child under the age of 14 years. The verdict was something of a surprise to many. The defendant will probably receive for a new trial.

The trial of Tony D'Amato, the Italian who stabbed Paul Longer, is in progress before Judge Lewis and will not likely be finished before tomorrow noon.

This morning Detective Hayden related the circumstances of the arrest and a conversation he had with his prisoner. When asked what caused the rumpus Tony said: "We were playing cards for the best, and I laid two dollars down on the corner of the table. When I looked for them the dollars were gone. Then we got to fighting." Lardner & Middlecoff are defending Di Mara, assisted by John J. Jr., a counsel.

Before Judge Edwards the case of Susan McGowan against Paul Sherry as sheriff is still on trial. It will probably be concluded tomorrow.

The following cases have been continued:

George M. Root against Eugene T. Morris; Max Shapiro against Hartford Life Insurance company; same against Charles T. Taylor, on promissory note for \$25,000. G. C. Parker company against James W. Fife, for good sold in summer of 1892, \$250; same against Single, Wagner & Co., \$650.

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A pretty line of boys' waists at 25 and 50 cents.

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AMUSEMENTS.

Great Scotch Play. A grand spectacular production of the great Scotch play, "Rob Roy," will be presented Thursday and Friday evenings at the Lyceum theater under the auspices of Clan Stewart, O. S. C. of this city and members of Theater Royal Dramatic company of Glasgow, Scotland.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

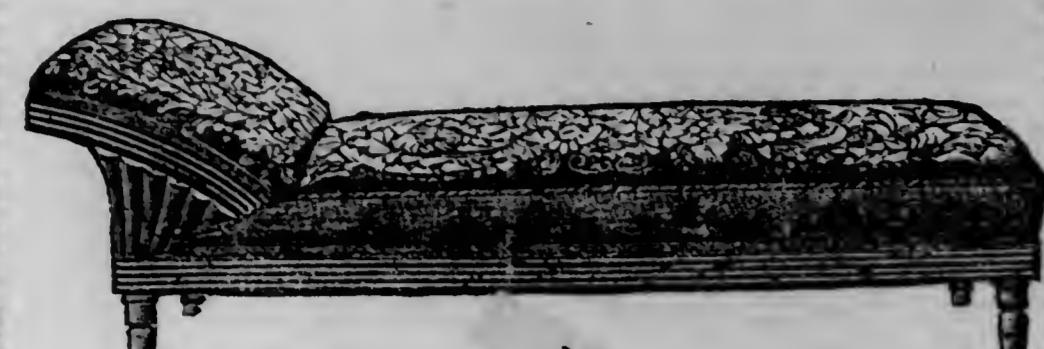
ELEVENTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A FINE COMFORTABLE COUCH



AFFORDS MORE SOLID ENJOYMENT THAN ANY OTHER ARTICLE OF FURNITURE.

It Cannot be Enjoyed if it is Too Hard.
It Cannot be Enjoyed if it is Too Expensive.

Our experience in the Furniture business, and the extent of our enables us to produce a happy combination which avoids both these unpleasant features.

For Instance,

We sell a well made Lounge, oak frame, best steel springs, upholstered in Body Brussels Carpeting—THINK OF IT—Not Tapestry Brussels, but genuine Body Brussels for

\$600

A Fine Bed Lounge, suitable for two persons..... \$10.00
A Fine Plush Bed Lounge Spring Bed..... \$15.00
A well made Genuine Leather Couch..... \$15.00
A best quality Wilton Rug Couch..... \$10.00

Your choice of OUR ENTIRE STOCK of Lounges and Couches, which is by far the largest and best in the city, can be had at 20 per cent off from regular prices during the next SIX DAYS.

We Sell on Easy Payments When Desired.

Do you need accommodation? Have you given this method of one business your consideration? It is the easiest and simplest. Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth, who have availed themselves of its advantages. We ask you to call.

\$ 2.00 on \$20.00 Bought.
\$ 3.00 on \$40.00 Bought.
\$ 4.00 on \$60.00 Bought.
\$ 5.00 on \$80.00 Bought.
\$ 6.00 on \$100.00 Bought.
NO INTEREST CHARGED

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,
222-224 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

100 Copies

Reveries of a Bachelor, Dream Life,

By IK. MARVEL.

Handsome Binding. Sell for 23c.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR



Carriages! Buggies!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT
IN DULUTH
TO SELECT FROM.

M. W. TURNER,
404-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Established 1822.
Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies,
MARQUISE AND SOTLAIRE RINGS.
J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, 121 West Superior Street.

When in Need of Any

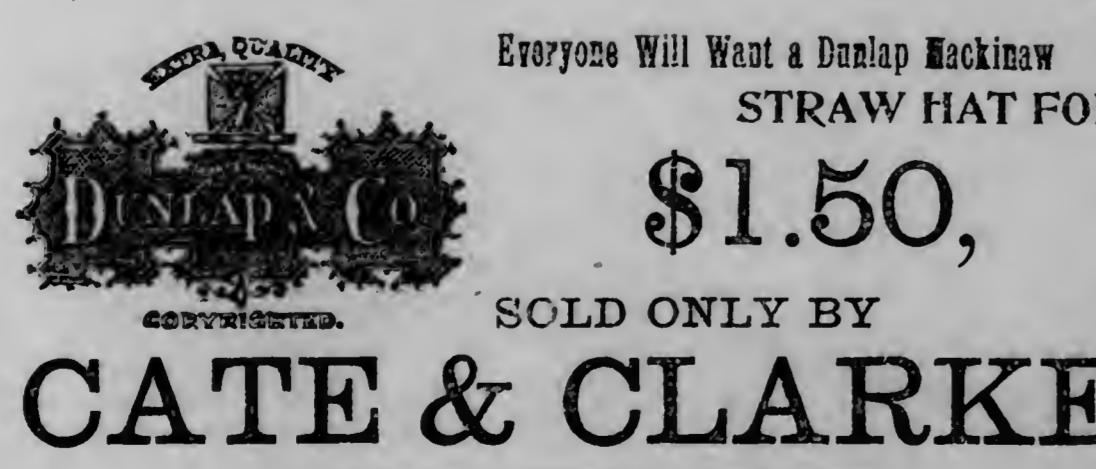
FURNITURE!

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT

BAYHA & CO.,

108 AND 110 FIRST AVENUE WEST.

Proprietor City Carpet Cleaning Works.



Everyone Will Want a Dunlap Mackinaw
STRAW HAT FOR

\$1.50,

SOLD ONLY BY

CATE & CLARKE
338 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

AWFUL CYCLONE

Eastern Kansas Visited by a Cyclone That Left Not a House, Barn or Tree Standing.

The Horribly Mangled Bodies of Ten People Already Recovered, and Others Have Been Killed.

Details Not Yet Obtainable, But at Least Twenty Are Dead and Thirty Houses Demolished.

The Storm Also Extended Into Missouri and Southern Iowa, Carrying Death and Dire Destruction.

PERRY, Kas., June 22.—The most destructive and death dealing cyclone that ever visited Eastern Kansas passed through Williamstown and the surrounding country in Jefferson county about 7 o'clock last evening. It traveled south, east and took in a scope of country half a mile wide and about six miles long. Not a house, barn or tree was left standing in its path. It was accompanied by a terrible rain storm and midnight darkness.

Their dead bodies have already been recovered as follows:

Evans, L. F.
Evans, Emery
Hutchinson, Mrs. John
Kincaide, Samuel
Kincaide, Clara
Kincaide, Sarah
Kincaide, Walter
Kincaide, Eva
Kincaide, William
Stewart, Samuel

Their bodies are horribly mangled. Mrs. Hutchinson's arms and limbs were torn from her body and from the head of Eva Kincaide's head was severed from her body. Three persons are known to be fatally injured and many others are seriously hurt. Here is the list:

The fatally injured: James Baker, William Goepfert, Mrs. Goepfert, Serio-Arthur Jones, Walter McGehee.

Complete details cannot be obtained at this hour, but it is probable that at least twenty persons have been killed and thirty houses blown down.

A MAN DECAPITATED.

A House Blown Down and Three People Instantly Killed.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 22.—News has reached this city of a disastrous cyclone at Concepcion, Mo., sixty miles north of this city. The wind blew at the rate of eighty miles an hour. The house of John Day, a well known down and Doyle and his wife and an old man killed, the latter being decapitated.

The solid front wall of the abbey of New Englebuhl, being erected by the Benedictine monks, was blown down and ten feet of a brick wall remained inside of the abbey. Tons of rain completed the destruction of the abbey; twenty houses and barns were blown down and a number of people hurt. The Omaha & St. Louis railroad depot was unroofed.

Building Blown Away.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 22.—A cyclone passed through Lake Contrary, a pleasure resort four miles south of this city yesterday afternoon. Trees were blown down and buildings torn and blown away. The grand stand of the Lake Shore Driving park and the stables were demolished, causing a loss of \$400.

Farm Houses Destroyed.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 22.—A cyclone passed through Adair county southwest of Indianola, Iowa, destroying a string of a mile wide. A large number of farm houses were destroyed, but no fatalities are reported. A child was carried twenty rods through the air and escaped unharmed.

PARIS' LAST SENSATION.

Well-Known Frenchman Accused of Treasonable Schemes.

PARIS, June 22.—The story published by the Corocade, a Boulanger organ, to the effect that one of its representatives had purloined from the British embassy in Paris papers showing that certain well known Frenchmen had been engaged in treasonable schemes against the French republic, has caused widespread curiosity as to the names of the men accused and to the exact nature of the charges against them.

All the newspapers concur in demanding that a full explanation of the story be made at once. M. Millevoy, the Belgian ambassador, and his colleagues who claim to be the authors of the documents and who had an interview yesterday with M. Depuy, the prime minister, and M. Deville, minister of foreign affairs, in connection with the Corocade's charges, say that the minister has taken official cognizance of the documents and declined to take charge of them, as they were requested to do, by their visitors.

Fear Students Drowned.

TORONTO, Ont., June 22.—Edward Kelly and J. N. Clotier, law students, and Edward Rivard and Camille Maguen, medical students of Joliet college, were drowned while boating yesterday. A fifth student, who was in the boat when it upset, was rescued.

Baseball Yesterday.

Pittsburgh..... 6 11 1 New York..... 6 11 0
Cleveland..... 6 10 3 Baltimore..... 5 10 0
St. Louis..... 6 7 3 Boston..... 7 9 2
Louisville..... 6 7 7 Brooklyn..... 5 8 4
Philadelphia..... 10 15 5 Chicago..... 7 9 3
Washington..... 11 15 3 Cincinnati..... 11 15 0

HE TALKED TOO MUCH.

The Murderer of Charles Doolittle at Cincinnati Discovered.

CINCINNATI, June 22.—The police think they have caught the murderer of Charles Doolittle, a well known young man of this city, who was found one night last October near his home at Doolittle with a bullet in his head.

The man, who was suspected on suspicion of being a burglar, grew confidential with Detective Witte and told him all about the murder, saying it was done in revenge by a man who was discharged from Doolittle's employ. Gould disclosed.

The description of the prisoner himself and corresponds to that given by Doolittle himself just before he died of Doolittle's death.

CADWALLADER'S CASE.

It Goes Over until the Next Term—A Point in His Delict.

MADISON, Wis., June 22.—The case against A. Cadwallader, the Superior banker charged with embezzling money from a national bank while president, was continued until the next term of the United States court.

Spooner and Sanjour, attorneys for Cadwallader, entered a plea of abatement, which held over. Cadwallader would only be tried upon the one count of the indictment against him upon which his extradition from Brazil was secured.

The defense argues that if he is to be tried with other men he must be tried with the others, and that the defense is entitled to the same rights as the others for the same offense, for the latter of which the United States refuse extradition. The court will later set a date for the hearing of this plea.

HOCKING VALLEY WRECK.

One Man Crushed to Death and Others Badly Injured.

PROSPECT, O., June 22.—A freight

wreck occurred here yesterday morning on the Hocking Valley railroad.

Northbound freight No. 63 heavily loaded,

broke into three sections and came together, mangled fourteen cars loaded with coke and coal. Several tramps were buried beneath the wreckage.

Two men were killed, being crushed to a jelly.

The names of the other injured are:

Daniel Sullivan, Columbus, Ohio; Andrew Blos, Fort Wayne; William Barnes, Columbus City, Ind.; William Francis, Somerset, Ky., right arm broken; Charles King, Columbus, Ohio, chest fractured; die Henry Grassaway, Waverly, Ohio, baber 40 years old, will probably die.

THREE PEOPLE POISONED.

The Fatal Result of Poison Placed in the Family Dinner.

ST. LOUIS, June 22.—As a result of poison either intentionally or accidentally placed in the family dinner on last Thursday John Kirkpatrick, aged 55 years, of No. 1825 North Twentieth street, died at St. Luke's hospital yesterday. Two days before his death Kirkpatrick, a widower, and Mrs. J. C. Kirkpatrick, aged 25 years, and their two sons, were seriously ill and physicians are apprehensive of their recovery. The fact that a younger daughter had endeavored to purchase arsenic at a neighboring drug store a few days previous to the dinner has caused the coroner to investigate the matter.

Christian Endeavor Convention.

TIFFIN, O., June 22.—The first annual denominational convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, which is a branch of the church, will convene in this city Friday, June 23. About 225 delegates have already sent their names to the local committee on entertainment and the number of delegations and visitors who will attend the convention will far exceed that number. At the first session, George to Nebraska, will be represented.

Accept the Reduction.

TOPEKA, Kas., June 22.—The shop men in the employ of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad have accepted the recent reduction made in their time of labor from ten hours to eight hours daily in the belief that the company cannot at present afford a longer schedule. At Raton all the shop employees have been laid off. The bridge gangs have been cut down to 50 per cent. The section gangs have also been cut down to five men.

Fried to Suspense.

PORTLAND, O., June 21.—The Citizens Savings bank assigned yesterday to the bank made this step necessary. The bank made this step necessary.

The liabilities are something over \$300,000 and assets over \$300,000. The excitement has spread and runs are being made on other banks.

The New Liberty Bell.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.—A panic was caused by an alarm of fire in a church at Borisovsk. In the mad rush hundreds were knocked down and trampled on. The bodies of 128 women and men were taken from the church. Nor was this the total number of victims, as several persons were killed and twenty family injured by leaping from windows thirty feet from the ground.

The Borden Murders.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The World's Fair River social says: Lawyer Jenkins has been held in custody since he came with proof as to who did commit the Borden murders. Nevertheless, he says, Miss Borden and her sister will leave no stone unturned to discover if possible who the murderers are.

Big Cut in Rates.

ST. PAUL, June 22.—The Northern Pacific last evening made another cut in rates by offering to sell first-class tickets for \$25 and second-class tickets for \$18 to all points on the Puget sound and to Portland. The Great Northern met the cut.

The Earth Shaken.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 22.—Telegrams from all parts of South Carolina show that while the earthquake shock was distinct and alarming, everywhere there was no damage done.

Another Victim Dead.

NEW YORK, June 22.—One more death was added to the number resulting from the disaster at Parkville, L. I., Tuesday when Andrew Bartholomew, aged 30 years, of Cedar Creek, died in the Norwegian hospital, Brooklyn, at 7:45 o'clock this morning.

Their Salaries Reduced.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Eighty-seven special examiners of the pension office have been re-appointed to take effect July 1. The law has always limited the appointments to one year and the salary is reduced for the next fiscal year from \$1400 to \$1300. Among those re-appointed is Charles P. Jacobs, Wisconsin, New York.

To Pay the Interest.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Secretary Carlisle has directed that the July interest on 4 per cent bonds be paid next Monday.

A Chicago Failure.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Harr & Bradley, real estate dealers, made an assignment in the county court this morning. No schedule of assets and liabilities has yet been filed.

Reading Plan Abandoned.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—The board of managers of the Reading railroad decided at noon today to abandon the rehabilitation plan.

THE MADRID OUTRAGE

It Has Led to the Discovery of a Plot Embracing Anarchists in Several Countries.

Twenty-Three Arrests Have Already Been Made and More Are Expected to Follow Shortly.

Suarez, Who Was Injured by the Explosion and Captured, Has Made Several Important Admissions.

APPOINTMENTS BY CROVER.

Charles H. Benedict, of Minnesota, Made Consul in South Africa.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The president has made the following appointments: D. H. Ingraham, of Maine, to be consul general of the United States at Halifax, N. S.

E. Spencer Pratt, of Alabama, to be consul general of the United States at Singapore and in South Africa.

To be consuls of the United States—W. S. Campbell, of New York, at Newcastle, England; John R. Mohley, of Texas, at Baracoa, Cuba; William F. Kemmer, of Wisconsin, at Hargen, Switzerland; Charles H. Benedict, of Minnesota, at Cape Town, Africa; James Denner, of New Jersey, at Brockville, Canada; John Lindsey, of Vermont, at Coaticook, Canada; Henry M. Smythe, of Virginia, at Funchal, China; Thomas C. Hart, of New Jersey, at Funchal, Madeira; Jose W. Sparks, of Tennessee, at Piedras Negras, Mexico; John H. Copinger, of Illinois, at Toronto, Canada.

Benjamin D. Williams, of Alabama, to be a commissioner to negotiate with the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota under the terms of the Indian act.

DULUTH POSTOFFICE

There is no Certainty That Postmaster Howard Will be Allowed to Complete His Term.

Matters Political in a Worse Tangled State in South Carolina Than in Other States.

Speculation Regarding the Makeup of the Ways and Means Committee of the Coming House.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—[Special to The Herald.]—Officials of this administration, from President Cleveland down, have changed their rulings so many times in reference to appointments that there is no safe foundation for any candidate to stand upon at this time. At one time a ruling will be made that four congressmen postmasters will serve indefinitely. Later on goes forth the edit that at the end of four years their terms will expire.

In addition to this, there are very many instances in which Republicans have been removed where there is a possibility that he will be allowed to serve out his term. It is a fact, however, that a candidate who decides that he wants to get on the ground floor would be very much safer to work for his advancement than to have to go into his candidacy before the president just as soon as possible. There have been so many instances in which postmasters in offices like Duluth have been removed before the expiration of their terms that it is not likely to predict that Mr. Howard will be allowed to remain in his present position four years from the date he was commissioned.

Take for instance the Duluth postoffice. The term of the present Republican incumbent, Mr. Edwards, does not even last for many months hence there is a possibility that he will be allowed to serve out his term. It is a fact, however, that a candidate who decides that he wants to get on the ground floor would be very much safer to work for his advancement than to have to go into his candidacy before the president just as soon as possible. There have been so many instances in which postmasters in offices like Duluth have been removed before the expiration of their terms that it is not likely to predict that Mr. Howard will be allowed to remain in his present position four years from the date he was commissioned.

It is given out that President Cleveland has begun the banishing treatment. It is noticeable that he has done this not as he has come up in the general and satisfied the political complications of South Carolina. Masters political are in a worse mixed up condition down there than in any state in the Union. However, this appears to be South Carolina's normal condition politically. She is never at peace.

The South Carolina senators, Messrs. Butler and Irby, have agreed to disagree on everything. So complete is their disagreement that neither will agree that the other is a Democrat. Senator Butler was the first Democratic senator from South Carolina after the secession of the state from carpet bag misrule. Senator Irby was elected on the Ocalas platform and is Governor Tillman's closest adviser.

It is Governor Tillman's and Senator Irby's bold that they have arrayed the conservative people of the state against the aristocracy. The next step on their program is the defeat of Butler for the senate. The legislature which chose their successor is to be elected this fall, and they are busy laying wires to accomplish this.

Senator Butler himself is a good deal of a wire puller and pipelayer politically, as his eighteen years in the United States senate attests. His long service and high standing as a senator gives him decided advantage so far as the federal patronage is concerned.

The last closing series of battles between the contending hosts is now being fought about this very federal pap. As soon as Butler recommends a man for an office, great or small, Irby and Tillman put him on the blacklist, and thereby neutralize President Cleveland. This is the reason that South Carolina has appeared so seldom in the list of appointments. In four months she has gotten just two presidential appointments. Even the fourth class post-

EXPECTED TO BE SEATED.

Congressman St. Louis, Confident of Keeping His Seat.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—[Special to The Herald.]—President Gowen called a citizens meeting for Tuesday evening to devise some means of assisting the Meade sufferers, and although the attendance was not large, it embraced most of the leading citizens of the city. Mr. Gowen was laid before the meeting, and the work of collecting went on all night.

Over \$500 was raised right in the meeting by voluntary subscriptions, and a committee of Messrs. Cox, McDowell and Lyons appointed to collect the amount. The amount of the amount raised is not known.

In this George S. Shaw of the Clouet Lumber company will donate several carloads of lumber, and it is probable that the Nelson company will do likewise.

Mr. Cox left for Virginia yesterday morning to find out the most profitable use to put the funds already raised, and what are the most urgent needs of the sufferers.

It would be a great pity, he said, if Herr Richter, the leader of this faction, should be personally excluded from the Reichstag by the result of the election that is necessary to his constituency.

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PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

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Daily, per three months.....	1.25
Daily, per month.....	1.00
Weekly, per year.....	1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Entered at the post office at Duluth, Minn., as second class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Duluth, Minn., June 21.—Heavy showers have fallen in most all parts of the country, and still continue over the Great Lakes. The rain is now falling in central over Kansas, and another is over the country to the north of Lake Superior.

The weather is very changeable in all sections and ranges in the severities over the greater portion of the country.

Some of the most recent rainfalls during the past twenty-four hours were: Milwaukee, 1.42 inches; Chicago, 1.16; Indianapolis, 1.42, and last night, 1.40. The fall here has just amounted to .04 inches.

Duluth, June 21.—Forecast for today: Fair, probably followed by showers today, slight change in temperature, wind shifting to east.

R. H. BROWNE,
Local Weather Official.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Forecast till 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Minnesota: Fair; warmer; variable winds. For Wisconsin: Fair; northwesterly winds.

THE HERALD IN Chicago.

The Chicago Tribune has been part of the following morning in Chicago to the Palmer House News Stand.

Auditorium Hotel News Stand.

W. B. Sizer's Bookstore, 189 State St.

Chas. McDonald's News Stand, 65 Washington

AND ON THE

World's Fair Grounds at the Columbian News & Novelty Co. News Stands.

Boycotting the Fair.

Several Methodist bishops and preachers have been indulging in some rather peculiar talk since the decision of the court of appeals was given that the local directory has full power to open the World's Fair on Sunday. They propose to issue proclamations and issue a boycott against the order, pressuring the power of the clerical heads of the church will be sufficient to compel the laity to obey these mandates.

By thus using the organized influence of the church to intimidate its members, these bishops and ministers have laid themselves open to criticism. As long as they confined themselves to guiding their own actions in this matter and merely expressing their conscientious scruples against visiting on a week day an institution that is open on Sunday, they were clearly within bounds and exercising the right of every citizen. But when they assume to use their positions as the spiritual guides of a large section of the people of this country by employing the power of the church to damage a public institution, it is time that the press spoke out with no uncertain meaning in condemnation of their action.

That men who profess to be Christians, to be teachers of the people in right living and correct moral ideas, should boldly advocate the employment of that vicious thing, the boycott, is really astonishing; that they should seek to intimidate the members of their church into employing it against the World's Fair, the national enterprise of surpassing educational and moral value to the whole people, merits the condemnation of all right-thinking persons.

That the boycott will be effective is very doubtful. The American people as a rule resent intimidation, and they will not tolerate it at the hands of their ecclesiastical superiors. The Methodists of America are not to be judged by the excited talk of these misguided clerics. There are undoubtedly many of them—certainly they can be found in Duluth—who agree with the Iowa preacher that "no man who can spare the time and money should fail to improve the educational advantages offered by this great exposition, and any preacher who proposes to boycott it for even so grave an offense as Sunday opening is entirely illogical."

The awful catastrophe at a circus in River Falls, Wis., has naturally plunged that little town into the deepest gloom. Seven persons were killed by the bolt of lightning, which struck the center pole of the tent and large as this loss of life appears, it is extremely fortunate that in the crowded enclosure there were not many more victims. The presence of mind of the ringmaster prevented a serious panic.

The Herald first announced the creation of four people in the Dumbell block fire; it first announced the rather sudden death of Senator Leland Stanford; it first published the news that Lizzie Borden was acquitted; it gave the first complete account of the scene of destruction at Virginia. And so it goes ahead from day to day, beating all would-be rivals and distancing all competition.

The acquittal of Lizzie Borden from the charge of murdering her father and stepmother will be accepted by all unprejudiced people as the only proper outcome of this somewhat remarkable trial. There was really no conclusive evidence against the accused—merely a suspicion and a few suspicious circumstances.

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THE CLANSMEN DINE

The Visiting Delegates and Clan Stewart
Gathered at the Banquet Board
Last Evening.

The Fine Menu, Music of the Bag Pipes
Everything Combined to Make
All Happy.

Excellent Sentiments, Sharp Wit and Fine
Humor Discussed by All the
Able Speakers.

Clan Stewart, No. 50, O. S. C., entertained the Royal Scottish at a banquet at the St. Louis hotel last evening and a royal feast it was both in the matter of menu and the post-prandial oratory. It was after 10 o'clock when the guests entered the banquet hall. About 150 were seated at the tables, which were arranged in three long rows, Chief Dinwoodie and Toastmaster Towne being seated at the head of the center one and another at the second. The grand masters of the Royal clan. The serving of the elaborate menu occupied nearly two hours. During its progress several stirring selections were rendered on the bagpipes by different individuals and the pipers were all young men, some as young as 16 years old, carried in with his old instrument that the Scottish were stirred to the utmost and feet commanded to go and the yells were let loose.

After the cigars had been brought forth, chief Dinwoodie briefly introduced C. A. Towne as the chief representative to him and at the head of the board, Mr. Towne was at his best and continued so all the evening. He expressed his pride at being called on to occupy the position of toastmaster upon such an occasion. It had been his privilege to at various times sit at the head board with such with representatives of a half dozen nations eating in appreciation and sympathy with them but never had he felt greater honor than in being privileged to sit as this one and he felt that Mayor d'Autremont who is always present on such occasions would be pleased.

He spoke of the Scotch character and said he could understand how the music of the pipes brings back the romances of boyhood days and how this peculiar music has become inseparably associated with the history, literature and music of Scotland. He said that it was customary for men occupying the position of toastmaster to deal out very liberally and he hoped not to be lacking in that respect. He then spoke briefly of the city and hoped the clansmen would be favorably impressed with it that they will come again.

Turning to the Duluth Glee club Toastmaster Towne remarked that Duluth has something she is proud of, and a smile lit up across the face of Messrs. West, Sherwood, Jones and Burke, while Mr. Towne remarked that Duluth has something which is conscious that Duluth is proud of it. (Laughter.) The club was then introduced as having sung together since the morning star. A fine selection was given and an encore had to be requested.

Royal Chief Simon Clark was happily introduced and as he arose the room rang

with cheers and applause and the singing of "He's a jolly Good Fellow." When he was able to make himself heard Mr. Clark said that he felt flattered at the unusually warm reception given him and yet he was in a foreign land. It was suggested that the Clan meet next in Duluth, many thought they would be coming to a wilderness but now are more than satisfied at what they have seen and a few will make Duluth their homes. The delegates feel highly honored at their reception and if they do not come back soon it will come individually.

R. Rankine of Detroit then sang the Highland toast song "Scotland Yet" and as an encore number "Mary of Argyle." He has a fine tenor voice and gives the Scotch songs a most pleasant and characteristic touch.

Mayor d'Autremont responded to the "City of Duluth." The delegates, he said, had perhaps already found out that he was in Duluth and always talking of the city's progress and it is natural to assume every man has a hand towards making it what it is and is today bringing it up to that destiny which it is intended that it shall fill. Duluth's citizens intend to build a city which shall be an honor and a credit to the name and reputation of the city. They are Scotchmen and they have put the stamp of their industry, honesty and courage on the city's character. He spoke of the achievements of the Scotch in the world's history and closed by reading "The Return of the Chieftain" for the mayor and "He's a Jolly Good Fellow" followed. James Kelly, from Montreal, recited "The Battle of Inkermann."

Peter Kerr, of Boston, royal secretary, responded to "The Progress of the Order." He opened by remarking that the visit of the royal clan to Duluth was like the visit of the queen of Sheba to Solomon. They had heard of her glories and grandeur, but had no conception of what it really was. He felt that every clan member should be a good citizen and good business men. They do not need any other passport of character than that they are Scotchmen and the name bearded American and even the aborigines of this land will let all Scotchmen spurn him. In closing he said that while some might when they march through the streets look upon them as foreigners, he felt that the American people would not begrudge them the privilege of being Scotchmen for three days in the year.

After another selection by Mr. Rankine, Dr. Barrett was introduced to respond to the toast "The Ladies." In opening he apologized for his breath saying it came like the Highland costume—in short sharp and full. He then told how Mr. Stewart had done a very delicate and considerate thing when it asked him to report to this toast and then kept the ladies away. The only brave people on earth are the women, said the gallant doctor. When asked towards the very last question, "What women are the only ones who dare to do right. Men are afraid of the jihesand jeers of their fellow men, women care nothing what other women or men think if they are doing right. That is why the world is progressing most worthily in the theme. Patriotism and self-sacrifice are the mystic bonds which break down every prejudice of politics, religion or any difference. The mention of the slogan has a peculiar charm for Scotchmen, who castles, towers and nations are only memories but these memories are a precious heritage and age. He not wrinkled them. The father away Scotchmen get from their native land the stronger they become. What has enabled the inhabitants of such a small country to play such an important part in the world's history. The feelings have something to do with it. Such grand hills and rocky crags must make massive characters. Scotland was never yet conquered. Liberty has always been a strong characteristic of her people. He then taught the great lesson, which he said "a man's man for a man." Dwelling in such a country as we do now we have reason to feel proud that the work

of the poets and authors of our mother country are read, sung and treasured wherever the English tongue is spoken.

N. S. Murphy accompanied by the Glee club sang "Molly and I and the Babe" in a very pleasant manner and received a hearty response.

R. Scott of St. Louis, royal counsellor of the order and its founder, made one of the brightest speeches of the evening and kept the company in a roar of laughter. His speech was well received and many thought that he could talk on that he had been in Scotland ever since last Monday. "Why even that Frenchman over there (pointing to Mayor d'Autremont) has been a Scotchman all this week." (Great laughter.)

He gave John Chalmers some hard words on the overbearing humbug style and then remarked that he had thought the great after-dinner speaker, Chauncey Depew, was in New York but had found that he was in Duluth, the person of Toastmaster Towne. He then said that the speakers who had preceded him had stolen everything that he might say on his theme and then the toastmaster had introduced him as a man able to talk on his own account.

Mr. Scott then, however, started in and proved that all had been said and delivered some fine sentiments interspersed with his inimitable bursts of wit and humor. This is the country for the Scotch, he said, for here is liberty. Scotland was the cradle of civil and religious liberty. Who but John Knox was the originator of the Reformation? Who else? The Scotch are the Scotchmen. They are good citizens and good business men. They do not need any other passport of character than that they are Scotchmen and the name bearded American and even the aborigines of this land will let all Scotchmen spurn him. In closing he said that while some might when they march through the streets look upon them as foreigners, he felt that the American people would not begrudge them the privilege of being Scotchmen for three days in the year.

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Towne expressed his thanks as well as his confusion would permit and tried to prove that he may be a Scotchman by tracing his ancestry back several centuries until he was close to the border line of Scotland.

Then Chalmers gave two recitations and the banquet broke up singing "Auld Lang Syne."

AMUSEMENTS.

"Rob Roy" Tonight. The first king was a successful robber—was "Rob Roy." Had genius passed him over we might have looked for him again beyond the Caledonian calendar of heroes and villains. Sir Walter Scott condemned the culprit and made him an immortal. Clan Stewart of this city have been rehearsing the great Scotch drama of "Rob Roy" for the past four weeks and guarantee a notable production on the evening of this grand musical play. The cast numbers over twenty speaking parts in the hands of several professional Scotch players from Theater Royal, Glasgow, and the most proficient of Duluth musical and dramatic talents. The chorus of the under-privileged poor will be well up to the features. The drama is in four acts with special scenes for each. The dances by children and Highland reel and jig dancers are presented by clannsmen. An encouragingly large sale of tickets by the members of the company guarantees a satisfactory attendance.

CIRCUS DAY.

Ringling Brothers' World-Famous Aggregation Almost Here.

"Are you going to the circus?" is the question that everybody is asking everybody else these days, and the answer is invariably in the affirmative. No circus aggregation that ever visited Duluth ever

attracted so much attention. The Ringling Brothers' World-Famous Aggregation is the greatest show that has ever been put on the stage. It is the largest and most complete exhibition of animals ever presented.

In view of the fact that this wonderful zoologic, ethnologic, arctic, equine and hippodromic exhibition is the largest tented amusement in the world—that it employs more people, runs more trains, has more horses, elephants, camels and monkeys, and more animals, and the largest tents ever constructed—this feeling of enthusiastic anticipation can be readily understood. We suggest to rural people of getting to town as early as possible, so as not to miss the grand street entertainment which promises promptly at 10 o'clock, rain or shine. The Ringlings are from Moscow's Kremlin tower with its chiming bells, the golden steam calliope, then long caravan of glittering chariots and superbly carved dens, the rare and curious animal beasts, and exhibits in cages of serpents, monkeys, tigers, cavalcades of knights and fair ladies, and the great bands of elephants are alone world worth seeing miles to see; and, after all, they are only preliminary to the most remarkable exhibition of hippodrome and arena marvels that man's ingenuity has ever brought together.

Mr. Sims' Lecture.

Walter Sims of West Bay City, Mich., delivered his second A. P. A. lecture at the Lyceum last evening. Although big and noisy, the lecture was little different from the one of the night before. There were even fewer people present, but those there enjoyed the talk very much apparently.

For all forms of disordered stomach use Bromo-Seltzer. A palatable, prompt cure.

Dr. Speer & Co. do as they promise in their ad for pills treatment on page 2.

Are you insured? If not, now is the time to provide yourself with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as an insurance against any serious results from an attack of bowel complaint. It is almost certain to be needed and should be procured at once. No other remedy can take its place or do its work, 25 and 50 cent bottles, by druggists.

Special Rates to Chicago.
The St. Paul & Duluth is making special low rates to Chicago on account of the World's fair.

Sleeping car arrangements attended to. F. B. Ross, Nor. Pass. Agt., 428 Spalding hotel.

Smoke the World Beater
A 10 cent cigar for 5. Sold only by A. Haussler, First Floor Building.

Fifty cents is a small doctor bill, but that is all it will cost you to cure any ordinary case of rheumatism if you use Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try it and you will be surprised at the prompt relief it affords. The first application will quiet the pain 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Morris' Illusions.
Mr. Morris returns from Chicago on Friday. The illusion exhibition will open Friday afternoon and continue every afternoon and evening.

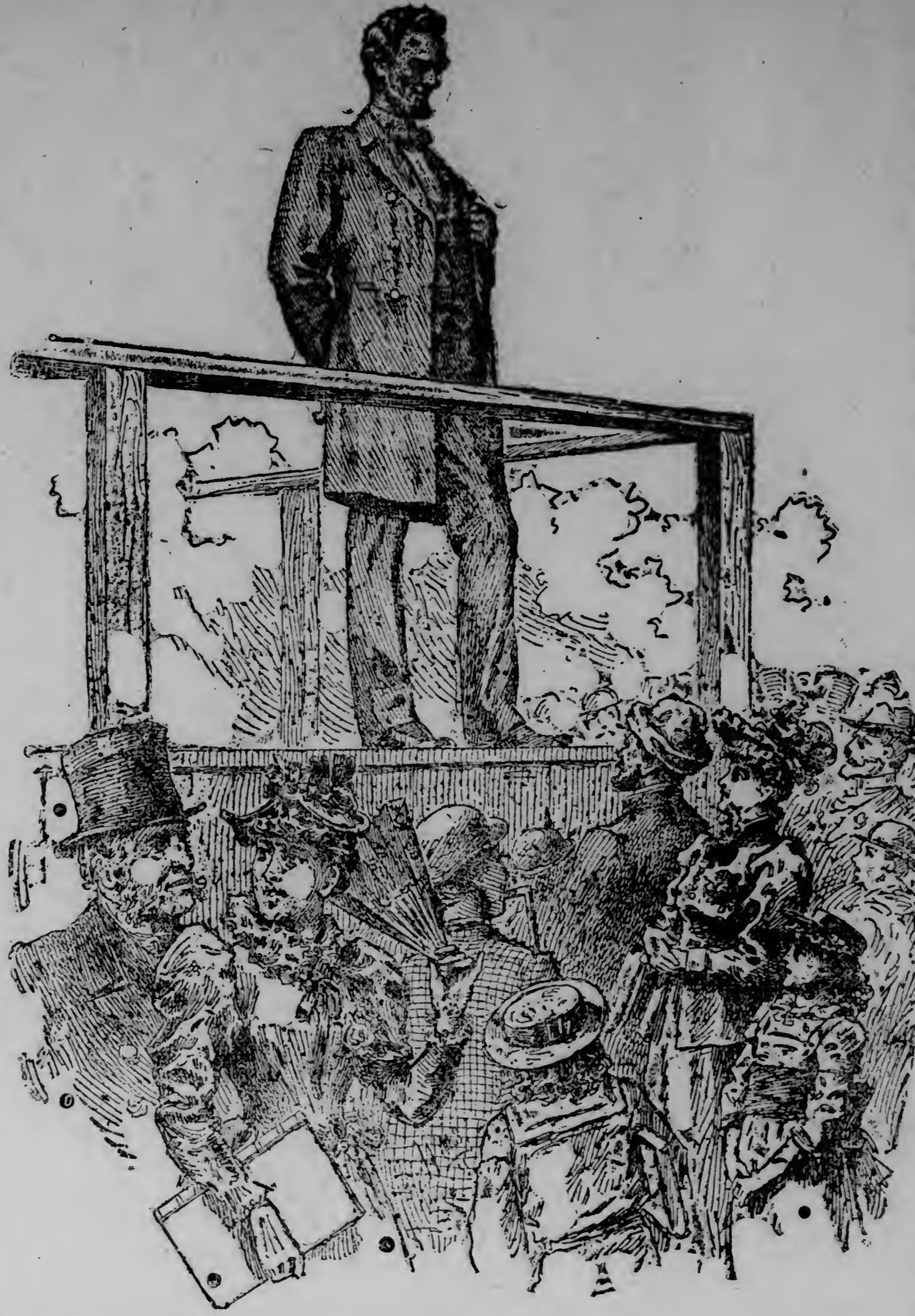
0 C.
The candy in the window at the Lyceum drug store.

Lot on First street between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues east for sale at a bargain. N. J. Upman & Co., 16 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT.
Suitable Premises For Wholesalers and Manufacturers.

Property known as Central dock property on Lake avenue, extending back to No. 1 slip, is for rent at reasonable terms. Apply to W. G. Park, No. 317 Lake avenue south.

Dr. Speer & Co.'s new method for curing piles has already effected wonderful results.



Abraham Lincoln, the martyred president, when about to leave his old home after he attained the highest honors that a great nation could bestow upon him, closed an address with these words:

"Neighbors, give your boys a chance." These are days of action and exciting competition, days when moral courage and brain power count, days wherein there can be only a survival of the men who are mentally and physically the fittest.

Fathers, qualify your boys for the battle they must wage in this world's great arena, whether their lot be cast in the professions or in the no less honorable field of artisanship and honest toil. Favored though they justly are in the family circle, the day must come when in the inexorable law of fate their chairs will be empty by your fireside and they will be out struggling alone in the world with only their merit to aid them.

You, mothers, know the pride you have in your sons. You know that deep down in your hearts there is a well of tenderness and love for even the erring one. You know, as all the world does, that his success is heaven to you and his failure a heart-ache keener than even his own. What, then should you do? In the words of Lincoln, "Give your boy a chance."

Give him an education that will fit him to cope with the best. Teach him to love his home, and teach him that in it he will find civilizing and educational influences. If he has been to college don't let his education stop there. If he has not enjoyed the advantages of a good education encourage him now. He may be smart naturally, but if he has nothing but his natural talents to help him there will surely come a time, just as he is mounting highest, when this lack of education will handicap him.

The time to remedy this is the present. In the "Encyclopedia Britannica," now offered by us, you will have a library fully the equal of any in the land. It is a digest of art, science, literature, history and invention, an epitome of all that is good and lasting, a moral drawn from the works of men and nations.

It is now for the first time placed within your reach.

The Trifling Sum of Ten Cents a Day for a Short Period Secures It.

READ THE PROPOSITION:

One complete volume of this great work will be delivered to you upon payment of ONE DOLLAR. This is done in order that you may compare it page for page with the original Edinburgh Edition. The remaining 24 volumes can be secured at \$2 per volume, as follows: Twelve volumes will be delivered on payment of \$3 on delivery and 10 cents a day thereafter, or we will deliver the whole set of 25 volumes on payment of \$5 on delivery and \$5 per month thereafter. It is an actual fact this book is more strongly bound than the edition which is sold for \$8 per volume. All charges are paid by us to any part of the United States.

Drop a Postal Card to MINNEAPOLIS TRIBUNE ENCYCLOPEDIA HEADQUARTERS and a volume will be sent for examination. This Elegant Library is now on exhibition at TRIBUNE Reading Room, 220 West Superior Street, Duluth Minn.

Under Authority of Congress.

**U. S.
Government
Baking Powder
Tests.**

These tests, made in the Govt. Laboratory, by impartial and unprejudiced official chemists, furnish the highest testimony as to which is the best baking powder.

The Official Facts and Figures.

The official report shows the Royal a pure cream of tartar powder superior to all others, and gives its leavening strength and that of each of the other cream of tartar powders tested as follows:

	LEAVENING GAS.
Per cent.	Cubic in. per oz.
ROYAL, Absolutely Pure,	13.06 160.6
THE OTHER POWDERS TESTED are reported to contain both lime and sulphuric acid, and to be of the following strengths respectively, . . .	12.55 . . . 151.1 11.18 . . . 132.6 10.26 . . . 123.2 9.53 . . . 114. 9.29 . . . 111.6 8.03 . . . 96.5 7.28 . . . 87.4

Royal Baking Powder Leads All.

Highest in leavening strength, purest in quality, uniform in its work and perfect in keeping properties.

The Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public.

Late United States
Government Chemist.

Dr. H. A. Mott

CRIMSONS AND BLUES

The Harvard and Yale Crews Will Row June 30 for the Eighteenth Successive Year.

Men Who Will Handle the Oars and History of America's Famous Annual Aquatic Event.

Yale Has Won Ten Races to Harvard's Seven—Yale's Victories With the Cook Stroke.

For the sixteenth time the dark blue of Yale or the rich crimson of Harvard will float triumphantly over the Thawes course at New London. Columbia, Cornell, Princeton, and the many other leading American colleges will engage in their great annual race for the title of supremacy in American waters. The race, which is over a 4-mile course, only lasts about 21 minutes, but the 16 men who row for it for



TALE.
their lives expend in that 21 minutes the strength, endurance, and nervous energy accumulated by months of hard work, though they only last 21 minutes, and 10,000 people travel many miles each year to enjoy the excitement furnished by that brief struggle between the crimson and the blue.

The reason for this widespread public interest is the fact that the race is the greatest of the kind on this continent, and that the Harvard-Yale race is one of the most famous centered all over America. What the annual race of the Oxford-Cambridge crews is to England, the Yale-Harvard race is to Americans, and the great English event without doubt is the first 8-oar race between the two universities. Yale, Center Harbor, N. H., Aug. 9, 1888. The course was two miles long, and Harvard won. From 1882 until 1886 the two university crews met occasionally, but in the centennial year was inaugurated the present series of annual contests between the two great blue. The results appear in the table below:

Winner. Time.
1870. Springfield, ... Yale, 22:02
1871. Springfield, ... Yale, 24:26
1872. Springfield, ... Yale, 22:04
1873. New London, ... Harvard, 22:15
1880. New London, ... Yale, 24:27
1881. New London, ... Yale, 22:13
1882. New London, ... Harvard, 24:28
1883. New London, ... Yale, 22:11
1884. New London, ... Yale, 20:31
1885. New London, ... Harvard, 23:54
1886. New London, ... Yale, 22:24
1887. New London, ... Yale, 22:26
1888. New London, ... Yale, 20:10
1889. New London, ... Yale, 21:30
1890. New London, ... Yale, 21:23
1891. New London, ... Harvard, 21:23
1892. New London, ... Yale, 20:48



As will be seen, Yale has won 10 races to Harvard's 6. Sir Bob Cook stroke became the Yale captain in 1888, and he has captured but one out of seven races. The single exception was in 1891, when the wearers of the blue were left by 10 lengths at the finish. The Yale crew, which is under the command of Captain Sherwood B. Ives of New York, is composed of the following named athletes:

Age. Ht. Wt.
F. A. Johnson, '93, Norwich, 22 5:11 164
J. L. Van Hyrek, '93, Lee, Mass., 22 5:07 173
J. M. Goethlein, '93, Philadelphia, 20 5:11 173
J. M. Longacre, '93, Philadelphia, 20 5:11 173
F. A. Olmsted, '93, New York, 20 6:06 170
F. A. Ives, '93, New York, 20 6:06 170
E. F. Gallaudet, '93, Wash., 22 5:11 163
Coxswain—W. A. Olmsted, '93, S.

Harvard's crew is as follows:

Age. Ht. Wt.
F. A. Johnson, '93, New York, 22 5:11 164
J. L. Van Hyrek, '93, Lee, Mass., 22 5:07 173
J. M. Goethlein, '93, Philadelphia, 20 5:11 173
J. M. Longacre, '93, Philadelphia, 20 5:11 173
F. A. Olmsted, '93, New York, 20 6:06 170
F. A. Ives, '93, New York, 20 6:06 170
E. F. Gallaudet, '93, Wash., 22 5:11 163
Coxswain—F. A. Olmsted, '93, S.

Harvard and Yale are veterans. Ives rowed in the victorious Yale crews of 1890 and 1892 and is said to be one of the best athletes and oarsmen that ever held a seat in the Yale shell. Gallaudet has had four years of experience at Yale. He stroked the crew of the Yale crew, and is now devoting to do so again this month. Paine is serving his third year in the varsity boat. He is the heaviest man on the crew—weighs 190 pounds—and is over 6 feet tall. Van Hyrek, who is 5 feet 7 1/2 inches tall, is a short but strong oarsman, but he rowed very well on last year's crew. Johnson, the bow man, did great work in the same seat last year and has improved materially since then.

Goethlein of New York, Longacre of Philadelphia, and Olmsted of New York, all three on the crews on last year's fresh man crew, F. A. Olmsted, the shrill voiced little coxswain, who only weighs 100 pounds, will hold the tiller ropes for the second time against Harvard this year.

The marked characteristic of the Yale crew is that it is composed of 16 men. The crew is, however, well filled with new men. Captain Vail, Cummings and Newell are the only experienced oars. The crew roster is as follows:

Age. Ht. Wt.
F. A. Johnson, '93, New York, 22 5:11 164
J. L. Van Hyrek, '93, Lee, Mass., 22 5:07 173
J. M. Goethlein, '93, Philadelphia, 20 5:11 173
J. M. Longacre, '93, Philadelphia, 20 5:11 173
F. A. Olmsted, '93, New York, 20 6:06 170
F. A. Ives, '93, New York, 20 6:06 170
E. F. Gallaudet, '93, Wash., 22 5:11 163
Coxswain—W. A. Olmsted, '93, S.

As the crew from Gallaudet, Paine, Van Hyrek and Johnson are veterans, Ives rowed in the victorious Yale crews of 1890 and 1892 and is said to be one of the best athletes and oarsmen that ever held a seat in the Yale shell. Gallaudet has had four years of experience at Yale. He stroked the crew of the Yale crew, and is now devoting to do so again this month. Paine is serving his third year in the varsity boat. He is the heaviest man on the crew—weighs 190 pounds—and is over 6 feet tall. Van Hyrek, who is 5 feet 7 1/2 inches tall, is a short but strong oarsman, but he rowed very well on last year's crew. Johnson, the bow man, did great work in the same seat last year and has improved materially since then.

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THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1893.

"The Terrible Scourge."

Fever and ague, and its congener, bilious remittent, besides affections of the stomach, liver and bowels, produced by the use of tobacco, are diseases that are aggravated and prevented by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a purely vegetable elixir, indorsed by physicians, and more extensively used as a remedy for the above class of disorders, as well as for many other diseases, and more especially of the age. A languid constitution, a torpid state of the liver, a want of vital stamina, are conditions peculiarly favorable to malarial diseases. They are, however, surely remedied by the great preventive, which, by invigorating the system, gives it more power to resist disease, and thus, as vigor, provides it with a resisting power which enables it to withstand disorders, not only of a malarial type, but of others to which feeble and ill regulated systems are subject. The bitters are a safe as well as searching eradicate, and are recommended as being of great value in the cure of diseases of the liver, kidneys, and bladder, which palliates but does not eradicate the disease.

Special Word's Fair.

On account of the World's Columbian exposition the following railroads will sell one way and round trip tickets to Chicago at greatly reduced rates. Tickets on sale April 25 to Oct. 31, inclusive, and good for return passage up to Nov. 15. For further information apply to F. B. Ross, Northern passenger agent, 428 West Superior street (Palmer).

The World's Fair.

During '89 all roads lead to Chicago. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road will sell the van, and get "Indian Sagwa" restored him to health.

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CRIMSONS AND BLUES

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Men Who Will Handle the Oars and History of America's Famous Annual Aquatic Event.

Yale Has Won Ten Races to Harvard's Seven—Yale's Victories With the Cook Stroke.

For the sixteenth time the dark blue of Yale or the rich crimson of Harvard will float triumphantly over the Thames course at New London, Conn., June 30, for on that day the varsity crews of the leading American colleges will engage in their greatest annual contest for supremacy in American waters. The race, which is over a 4-mile course, lasts about 21 minutes, but the 10 men who row as if for



their lives expend in that 21 minutes the strength, endurance, pluck and nervous energy accumulated by six months of hard work, thought and self denial, and 30,000 people travel many miles each year to witness the contest, by the strength of the struggle between the crimson and the blue.

The reason for this widespread public interest is the fact that the race is the greatest of the kind on this continent, and that each crew has an untold number of partisans who follow the contest. That the annual race of the Oxford-Cambridge races is to Englishmen the Yale-Harvard race is to Americans, and the great English event without doubt inspired the first boated race between Harvard and Yale. Center Harbor, N. H., Aug. 3, 1852. The course was two miles long, and won. From 1852 until 1860 the two university crews met occasionally, but in the centennial year was inaugurated the present series of annual contests between the crimson and blue. The results appear in the table below:

YALE.	WINNER.	TIME.
1852. Springfield.....	Harvard.....	20:30
1857. Springfield.....	Harvard.....	24:28
1858. New London.....	Harvard.....	20:44
1859. New London.....	Harvard.....	22:15
1860. New London.....	Harvard.....	27:27
1861. New London.....	Harvard.....	22:13
1862. New London.....	Harvard.....	20:47
1863. New London.....	Harvard.....	24:20
1865. New London.....	Harvard.....	20:15
1866. New London.....	Yale.....	20:41
1867. New London.....	Yale.....	22:55
1868. New London.....	Yale.....	27:27
1869. New London.....	Yale.....	21:20
1870. New London.....	Yale.....	21:20
1871. New London.....	Harvard.....	21:23
1872. New London.....	Yale.....	20:48



As will be seen, Yale has won 10 races to Harvard's 5. Since the Bob Cook stroke became the Yale standard in 1855 Harvard has captured the cup only once in seven races. The Yale crew, which was beaten in 1852, was the winner of the blue in 10 lengths at the finish. The Yale crew, which is under the command of Captain Sherwood B. Ives of New York, is composed of the following named athletes:

Age.	Height.	Weight.
20. F. A. Johnson, '90, Norwich.....	6'1	164
20. E. L. Messier, '94, S. Pittsford.....	5'6	174
20. A. L. Van Huyc, '94, New Haven, Conn.....	5'6	171
20. J. M. Goethel, '94, New Haven, Conn.....	5'6	170
20. L. M. Goethel, '95, New York.....	6'0	150
20. R. D. Palmer, '94, St. Albans, Fla.....	5'6	160
20. J. M. Longacre, '94, New Haven, Conn.....	5'11	174
20. S. E. Ives, '94, New Haven, Conn.....	5'11	168
20. C. K. Cummings, '94, New Haven, Conn.....	5'11	168
20. F. E. Gallaudet, '94, New Haven, Conn.....	5'11	168

Of the crew, Gallaudet, Paine, Van Huyc and Johnson, veterans of Yale crew in the previous years of 1850 and 1852 and is said to be one of the best athletes and oarsmen that ever held a seat in the Yale shell. Gallaudet has had four years of experience at Yale. He stroked the crew to victory last year and will endeavor to do the same this year. He is serving his third year in a racing boat. He is the heaviest man on the crew—weights 190 pounds—and is over 6 feet tall. Van Huyc, who is only 5 feet 7 1/2 inches tall, is almost too short for a good oarsman, but has made well on last year's crew. Johnson, the bow man, did great work in the same last year and has improved materially since then.

Goethel of New York, Longacre of Philadelphia and Messier of Pittsburgh all make reputations last year's fresh men crew. A. L. Van Huyc, the shell's weight little oarsman, who only weighs 100 pounds, will hold the tiller ropes for the second time against Harvard this year.

The marked characteristic of the Yale crew is that it is composed of veterans. Harvard's boat, on the other hand, is well filled with new men. Captain Vail, Cummings and Newell are the only experienced oars. The crew roster is as follows:

Age. Height. Weight.

20. C. K. Cummings, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'6 | 169 |

20. R. D. Palmer, '94, St. Albans, Fla..... 5'6 | 171 |

20. J. M. Longacre, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 170 |

20. L. M. Goethel, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. S. E. Ives, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 168 |

20. F. E. Gallaudet, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 168 |

20. R. D. Palmer, '94, St. Albans, Fla..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. J. M. Longacre, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 170 |

20. L. M. Goethel, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. S. E. Ives, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 168 |

20. R. D. Palmer, '94, St. Albans, Fla..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. J. M. Longacre, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 170 |

20. L. M. Goethel, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. S. E. Ives, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 168 |

20. F. E. Gallaudet, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 168 |

20. R. D. Palmer, '94, St. Albans, Fla..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. J. M. Longacre, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 170 |

20. L. M. Goethel, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. S. E. Ives, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 168 |

20. R. D. Palmer, '94, St. Albans, Fla..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. J. M. Longacre, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 170 |

20. L. M. Goethel, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. S. E. Ives, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 168 |

20. R. D. Palmer, '94, St. Albans, Fla..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. J. M. Longacre, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 170 |

20. L. M. Goethel, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'6 | 170 |

20. S. E. Ives, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 168 |

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20. J. M. Longacre, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'11 | 170 |

20. L. M. Goethel, '94, New Haven, Conn..... 5'6 | 170 |

THE FATAL CURRENT

Walter Weibe, a Lineman, Was Killed While Working on the Electric Wires Last Evening.

He Was Repairing Some of the Wires Broken and Burned During the Fire.

He Had Been Cautioned Not to go up the Pole, But Did so Nevertheless.

Another fatality was added to the Bunnell building horror last evening when Walter Weibe, an employee of the Hartman Electric company, met sudden death. There was a cross of the main and light wires and Weibe, though cautious, again met them. The building, a two-story structure, was still under construction except for the roof of an adjoining building, climbed a pole directly in front of the Bunnell ruins to straighten out the wires. Just as Weibe started to come down he was seen to stand and pitch backward. The pole on which he was standing was equipped with iron rods prying just far enough to give a foothold—but Weibe also wore his "climbers" or spurs attached to the foot and legs.

As he fell backward his spur straps caught on one of the projecting iron rods and he was held in a death grip for four or five minutes. At last a ladder was procured and the horrostricken onlookers succeeded in bringing Weibe down to the viaduct, or rather Weibe's body for it was ascertained that electrocution was almost instantaneous. Some spectators never doubted that he was living when he was brought down as evidenced by the twitching of muscles. In a few moments, however, all efforts at resuscitation were abandoned as hopeless. The body was taken to the morgue.

Stories as to the cause of death are continuing. The most probable is told by a fellow lineman who stood nearby. Weibe had finished his work. As he started down he stepped on a guy wire and at the same time the wind was blowing against a live wire. His clothing was wet and he could not make a perfect circuit. On the left arm where the wire touched was a gash half an inch wide and three times as long. The bolt entered at this point, passed to the left, down the leg end, out at the bottom left foot and into a blackened hole the size of a nickel.

Weibe came here three or four weeks ago. He had been a sailor and had traveled much. Stories of places he had visited as remembered and retold by comrades have somewhat confounded the task of ascertaining his past. It is surmised that he lived in Chicago with his married sister, mother and father now reside. The Hartman company is making every effort to locate the relatives.

He went to the Bunnell after he came here and stated to the boy who walked him from the bungalow that he had secured employment from the Hartman company but had no place to sleep that night. He was provided with a bed. At prayer meeting that night he responded when volunteer expressions of faith were called for. He said he had no money to leave a better life in the future and give up drinking. So far as is known he kept to the straight path ever after. He had drawn his sio from the electric company during his employment and most of that went for clothing which he carried to the bungalow to wear.

Coroner Eklund has not decided whether an inquest is necessary. Arrangements for a burial will be deferred until Weibe's people are heard from.

The remains of Walter Weibe will be taken to the bungalow this evening and funeral services will be held.

DROWNED AT GRAND RAPIDS.

Philip Powers Perished While Taking a Swim in the River.

The Grand Rapids Magnet says that last Saturday evening Philip Powers, in company of several companions, went to the river near the mill to have a swim. Powers had been in the water some time when he picked up his companions for help. He was drowning. This seemed to frighten them, for instead of rendering the unfortunate boy the necessary assistance, they got into their clothes as rapidly as possible and rushed after Dr. M. M. Clark.

In the meantime the drowning man was left to his sad fate and rose for the third and last time. Those who witnessed the sad affair too far off to render any assistance, do not think that Powers was seized with cramps, but must have become suffocated by the large quantities of water.

The deceased was between 21 and 25 years of age. He worked for some time last winter at the Hotel Pokegama, and was well respected for his sober and industrious habits. As far as is known he had been living in Grand Rapids since last summer. Monday about 5 o'clock the body was discovered by Harry Kinlin, floating near the falls.

M. H. Clark was unfortunate enough to lose his life in a fire at fire No. 10, May 22.

A man was brought to town Monday night, that Sherry's home camp had been totally destroyed by fire. If this is true the loss will be very severe to Mr. Sherry, for the camp contained nearly all his outfit and supplies, amounting to about \$10,000.

Should be Stopped.

A gentleman who enjoys driving on the boulevard registers his objection to the opening up of the little park near the boulevard, for a swimming hole. The other evening the complainant was out driving with his wife and when this pond was reached it was full of young men, most of them fully 10 or 20 years of age, and utterly devoid of clothing.

Grand Free Concert.

At Tivoli summer garden, 320 East Superior street. Music by the Marine band. All are cordially invited. Friday night at 8 o'clock.

The room has recently been renovated and can be recommended for the pleasure and recreation seeking public as one of the best places in the city to spend an evening.

JULIUS OESTERLEIN,

Proprietor.

THE RELIEF FUND.

Subscriptions of Money and Supplies are Coming in Fast.

The relief work still progresses at the headquarters and donations of clothing and supplies are coming in faster than ever. Another shipment to the range was made today. The relief headquarters will have to be given up tomorrow and new quarters secured as the owners of the building want the room. The cash subscriptions are growing. Yesterday O. H. Hartman and W. B. Bellis visited many of the office buildings and today are completing the work. They wish to announce that at many places they visited the men were out and any who have not been seen should send them to W. W. Parker. The amounts they collected are as follows:

Olegno & Prindl	\$10
Cash	10
Costello & Co.	5
C. H. M. M. & Co.	5
C. W. L. L. & Co.	5
Rose & Lasker	5
Carroll Commission Co.	5
Robert Patterson	5
Myers & Winkle	5
George E. Wallis	5
Franklin Payne	5
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FORCAST FOR
Thursday, June 22. Fair slight
change in temperature, except
slightly warmer today; north-
west to northeast winds.

BUY
The Pioneer Fuel Co.'s
COAL.

And you'll have no reason for complaint!
It's Seldom Equalled! Never Equalled!
City Sales Office: Herald, 230 West
Superior Street. Telephone No. 161.

CITY BRIEFS.
Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.
Smoke Endion cigar, W. A. Foote & Co.
Rice & McGilvray, 616 Chamber of Commerce,
civil engineers and surveyors.
"Use the best" Duluth Imperial flour.
W. S. Storer, D. D. S., has removed
his dental rooms to 717 Torrey block.
McMillen & Tenbusch, architects;
King Building, 230 Superior Street.
Moved to Torrey building, first floor,
James Billings.
The Union Building and Loan association
has at least \$100,000 of assets se-
cured by at least \$200,000 of improved
property. It will have authority to borrow
to not exceed one-half of mortgage on
assets. It will make loans from \$10 to \$1,
000 and pay from 6 to 8 per cent accord-
ing to time.

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Bethel annual picnic next Sunday at 3 p.
m. It is expected that Oatka Beach will
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5 p.m.	69	73
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Daily range.	24	10

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1000 remnants in all sizes,
And all qualities,
At remnant prices,
For two weeks,
LA VAGUE'S, 12 West Superior street.

All Other Baking Powders

Leave traces of Ammonia, Alum,
Alkali or Acid in the Food.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Is the only Baking Powder that is free from any taint of
adulteration or defect.

Dr. Price's is indispensable when perfect work and whole-
some food are desired.

Its higher raising power and marvelous purity make it
more economical than any other.

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1898.

THE INQUEST OPENED

The Coroner's Jury Commences an Investi-
gation of the Burning of the Bun-
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Undertaker Schaffer and Police Captain
Thompson Gave Testimony—An Ad-
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There Are Those Who Say That the Body
Found is Not That of Mrs.
Foard.

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The jury were N. Youngblood, J. L.
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ELEVENTH YEAR.

FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

THREE CENTS



SATURDAY'S GREAT BARGAINS

800 Boys' Short
Pant Suits, worth \$6,
to \$10, at \$4.75

Year choice of 800 Boys Fine all wool Pant Suits at \$6.00, \$7.00, \$7.50,
\$8.00, \$9.00 and \$10.00 for

FOUR SEVENTY-FIVE.

No one ever did, nor is it likely that they ever will, see Boys' Suits of as good quality sold for so little money. They're our regular \$6.00 to \$10.00 qualities.

Summer Underwear

48c.

Three styles of Summer Underwear, in light-weight Camel's Hair, Merino and Balbriggan, worth 75c. For Saturday 48c. See these three styles in our east window.

Straw Hats

48c.

50 doz. Men's and Boys' Straw Hats in different styles and colors, worth 75c and \$1.00, sale price for Saturday 48c.

Men's Shoes

\$1.98.

100 pairs of Men's Fine Calf Shoes, in both Congress and Lace, usual price \$3. Sale price for Saturday \$1.98.

Trunks, Valises, Telescopes,

And all sorts of traveling things at 10 to 25 per cent less than others.

A HANDSOME HOUSE AND LOT

Situated in Duluth Heights, Fully Completed and Ready for Occupancy,

Will be Given Away by Us Entirely FREE of Charge.

Every purchase of the smallest amount gives you an opportunity of getting

OUR BEAUTIFUL HOME without money and without price.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Trustworthy and Complete Outfitters for Men, Boys and Children.

ONE DOLLAR

WILL BUY
MORE AT Kelly's,
THAN ANY OTHER STORE.

What You Buy There
You Can Depend On.

EXTRAORDINARY OFFERS THIS MONTH!

Parlor Suits, Chamber Suits,
Dining Room Sets, Library Outfits,
Hall Racks, China Closets,
Book Cases, Folding Beds.

F. S. Kelly,
710 and 712 W. SUPERIOR ST. NEAR INCLINE RAILWAY.

THE BARONIAL STYLE,

Latest design in STERLING SILVER received.

J. M. GEIST, JEWELER, 121 W. Superior St.

Pants Made To Order!

\$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00,

Worth, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13.

J. S. LANE, MERCHANT TAILOR,
430 SPALDING HOUSE BLK

DOWN TO DEATH

Four Hundred of the Officers and Crew of the British Battle Ship Victoria Drowned.

Admiral Sir George Tryon, Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet, Among the Lost.

The Victoria Was Run Into by Another War Vessel and Went to the Bottom.

A Few Got Out of the Suction Caused by the Sinking Vessel and Were Rescued.

LONDON, June 23.—A most terrible calamity has befallen the British battleship Victoria, the flagship of the Mediterranean squadron, and hundreds of lives have been lost. The Victoria, which flew the flag of Vice Admiral Sir George Tryon, was run into off Tripoli by the British battleship Camperdown, also belonging to the Mediterranean squadron and under the command of Capt. Charles Johnstone.

The Victoria had an enormous hole made in her side, through which the water poured in torrents. The immense hull of the Victoria at once began to settle, and before those on board of her could cast loose their small boats she went to the bottom, carrying down with her nearly all on board. Some of the officers and crew managed to get out of the suction caused by the sinking vessel and were rescued. Among those lost is Vice Admiral Tryon.

All official telegrams in regard to the loss of the ship will be sent to the queen at Windsor castle. As soon as her majesty received Rear Admiral Markham's dispatch, which was immediately forwarded to her, she gave orders for the postponement of the state ball that was to have taken place at Buckingham palace tonight.

Mr. Gladstone was greatly shocked when he was informed of the sinking of the Victoria and the great loss of life that had attended the foundering of the vessel. The prime minister informed the house of commons of the accident and paid a most glowing tribute to the worth of Vice-Admiral Tryon who, he said, was one of the ablest and most esteemed officers in the service of her majesty.

Mr. Gladstone said that there were 611 officers and seamen and boys and 107 men on board the ship. It is feared that 120 have been lost. He was sure that the deepest sympathy of the house would be felt for the brave men who had found an early grave in the service of the country and that it would be extended to their relatives and friends.

Night Hon. George Hamilton, formerly first lord of the admiralty, indorsed everything that Mr. Gladstone had said and expressed the deepest regret for the calamity.

In the house of lords Earl Spencer, first lord of the admiralty, referred to the disaster in terms similar to those employed by Mr. Gladstone in the house of commons. Among those saved is the Right Hon. Lord Richard Gilliford.

VICE ADMIRAL TRYON.
The Drowned Commander One of the Best Known Naval Officers.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Sir George Tryon, the vice admiral who went in his flagship, is one of the best known British naval officers. Commander Chadwick, now in charge of the naval intelligence office here, was well acquainted with him during his residence in London as United States naval attaché, and he speaks in terms of high praise of the admiral's character and ability as a naval officer. He was a man of vast experience, his service beginning in the days before steam was a prominent feature in naval architecture and running through all of the various phases of the development that were marked by the substitution of steam for sail power, of iron for wooden hulls; of steel for iron, of turrets for broadsides, and of armor for thin sheathing. He was a man who had earned the highest honors within the gift of the British nation.

His name first appears on the naval list away back in the days of the Crimean war where he served in the naval brigade before Sebastopol during the winter of 1853-54 in the trenches, where he was wounded. He was present at all of the operations before Sebastopol and at the capture of Kinburn. He received medals for distinction and was specially mentioned in dispatches for services as director of transport during the Abyssinian war in 1868.

He was private secretary to the first

lord of the admiralty from 1871 to 1874,

received various orders of knighthood,

and received the approval of the government for the manner in which he dis-

charged his duties on the coast of Tunis

and in the Sfax commission of inquiry in 1881. He became acting permanent

Gambier and Scarlett; Cadet Stokes and Clerks Allen and Savage.

A change had recently been made in the commander attached to the Victoria, Charles Ottley having been detached and succeeded by Commander B. Fellicome, who was saved, as were also Captain Maurice Bourke and fifteen officers. The first dispatches concerning the accident led to the belief that the disaster had occurred off the coast of Tripoli in Northern Africa. Later advices show that the scene of the calamity was near Tripoli, a seaport town on the eastern Mediterranean fifty miles northeast of Beyrout, Syria, and a comparatively short distance from the Island of Cyprus.

The eastern Mediterranean has proved a most unfortunate cruising ground for the Victoria, for, as above stated, it was in this part of the sea that she met with her serious accident in January, 1892.

As soon as the officers of the Victoria saw that there was danger of their ship foundering, orders were given to close the collision bulkheads in order to keep the water in the compartment into which the Camperdown had shovelled her ram. The sailors tried to obey the order, but the ship was making water too fast to allow of closing the bulkheads, and while the men were still trying to shut them the vessel, with her immense guns and heavy top tamper, turned over and carried them down. As soon as the news of the disaster became known in London the duke of Edinburgh, who was lately promoted to the position of admiral of the fleet, visited the admiralty and conferred with the officials there.

A meeting of the admiralty board was held and a telegram of instructions was sent to Rear Admiral Markham. The news of the calamity has caused the most intense excitement, not only among those who had friends on board the ill-fated ship, but among all classes of population. The admiralty office is besieged with relatives, friends and reporters seeking details of the disaster.

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THE AMERICAN DERBY

The Coming Great Race for Which a Purse of Fifty Thousand Dollars Is Offered.

It Will Be Run at Chicago Tomorrow Afternoon and Great Interest Is Being Taken.

All the Prominent Candidates Did Their Last Hard Work Before the Race Yesterday Morning.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Nearly all the prominent candidates for the American Derby did their last hard work before the big race yesterday morning. A heavy rain during the night made the track heavy and very little first work was attempted. Buck McCann was the first to make an appearance. He covered a mile in 1:36 without apparent effort and finished strong.

At 7 o'clock the sun came out strong, the Eastern candidates began to appear, Ramapo was the first to show but after a little cantering was sent back to his stable. The Keene pair, Chorister and St. Leonards, were sent a mile and a half in 1:34. Stratford, the English colt, second in the stakes, covered the derby distance in 1:30 and at the finish was not at all distressed.

Don Alonzo, with Little up, followed the Englishman. Don Alonzo started at a fair pace, keeping well in front of the others. The first mile was finished in 1:31 1/4 and the mile and a quarter in 2:22. Down the stretch the speed slackened and the mile and a half was completed in 2:56, the big fellow not being much put out.

G. W. Johnson was the last of the contestants to come on the track. He finished the mile and a half very weary in 2:56. The race, which is worth \$50,000, will be run tomorrow.

STREET RAILWAYS QUARREL

Friction Between Rival Companies in Montreal Leads to a Row.

MONTREAL, June 23.—St. Louis de Mile End, a Montreal suburb, is the scene of a serious row and now looks as if a riot would result unless a settlement soon reached. The trouble arises out of friction between the Montreal Street Railway company and the Corriveau & Williams, who are competing for the franchise of running the electric service in the municipality.

Corriveau & Williams were given a contract some time ago to operate a street railway at Mile End. On Monday, by order of the municipality, the company began working on the Lawrence street. They had only got started when Secretary Mondou, of the turnpike trust, told the workmen that they must cease work at once, as the road belonged to the trust, and that they had given no authority to anyone to have any rights at all.

The trust people sent out a gang of men to remove the rails that had already been laid. Williams gathered a large force and when the gang proceeded to remove the rails, it was pounced upon and roughly handled. Williams men have a large force of special constables guarding the tracks, and if further attempt is made to remove them there will be serious trouble.

To Close for the Fourth. St. Louis, June 23.—The merchants exchange has decided to close from noon to Wednesday morning, July 5. The cotton exchange, the curb, banks and street markets will only close on July 4.

Congressman Breckinridge to Wed. WASHINGTON, June 23.—The engagement of Representative W. C. Breckinridge of Kentucky, and Miss Madeline Pollard, who is now a guest of Mrs. Blackburn, is announced.

America's Great Danger

AN ENGLISH COMMENTARY.

Said an eminent English scientist recently: "The danger that confronts the great American people to-day is not the possible adoption of a socialist policy for the nation, or the spread of socialism, or the increase of corruption among public men. All these are bad enough, to be sure, but they are as nothing compared to the terrible national disease—I had almost said national crime—or overwork. The mad rush for wealth is set at a killing pace, and thousands fall by the way every year."

You are likely to be one of the victims! How do you know? Because it is the exception to find a man or woman of adult age in perfect health. Nervous Disorders are spreading with fearful rapidity. Among the symptoms are—Backache, Biliousness, Cold Hands and Feet, Dizziness, Hot Flashes, Pinting, Trembling, Fainting, Headache, Irritability of the Heart, Melancholy, Falling Memory, Palpitation, Rheumatism, Short Breath, Sleeplessness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility, Fits, etc.

H. C. A. CARROLL, pastur First Physician, Yellow Springs, O., writes as follows:

"I have treated Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine for the past six months. I find it acts like a charm on the whole nervous system. I have not found its equal in giving immediate relief. Dr. Miles' Little Nerve and Liver Pill is only a trial and they will recommend themselves to be the best pills in the market."

For five years I have suffered from Nervous Prostration. I was unable to work or sleep. The first dose of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine gave me relief, and one thousand dollars would not cover the good it has done me."—JOHN MINCHER, Youngstown, Ohio.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is unequalled in curing Nervous Diseases. It contains no opium or dangerous drugs. Sold on a positive guarantee by all druggists or Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Eikhart, Ind.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TRYED TO ROB A TRAIN.

An Express Train Fired Into By Six Men in Texas.

DENISON, Tex., June 23.—The south-bound Missouri, Kansas & Texas train No. 3 was fired into at Stringtown yesterday by a band of outlaws supposed to be the Dyre gang. The train was running on time and did not stop. One of the trainmen said: "I think the freight engine that was pulling us saved us. The bandits were in ambush at the south end of the track, and when the train whistled, they thought it was a freight and laid low. When they saw their mistake they fired and tried to stop us. We were running twenty miles an hour. They flagged the engineer and stopped at the ballast, and when the train stopped, there were probably six robbers."

The train was a rich one, especially in express and registered pouches. The express company expect a shipment of the "strip" money and fear another attempt will be made to rob it. It is reported that the officers are close upon the bandits in Kaney bottom.

A BRILLIANT ARGUMENT.

The Bering Sea Tribunal Addressed By Hon. E. J. Phelps.

PARIS, June 23.—Hon. E. J. Phelps, before the Bering sea tribunal yesterday, opened his argument in behalf of the contention of the United States, and his address was a brilliant one. He said that the case presented only two main questions—have the Canadians and the renegade Americans who seek the shelter of the Canadian flag violated the laws of their own country, the right to continue to destroy the seal, and if so what regulations are necessary to prevent the extermination of the seals?

He said the arbitrators were not content to consider the past, but were except to the finding of necessary facts on which to base further negotiations. Counsel having agreed upon the facts, the tribunal ought to dismiss the matter of the seals.

FIVE KILLED INSTANTLY.

Terrific Explosion of Gas in a Pennsylvania Colliery.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 23.—Four men and a boy were instantly killed and three were seriously injured by a terrific explosion of gas in a colliery of the Susquehanna Coal company.

The dead are: Abraham Walker, who is a miner, married, leaves five children; Frank Beaman, 14 years old, door boy, died after reaching home; John Smith, miner, married, leaves three children; William Short, 19, who was burned to a crisp, a Polander, whose name could not be learned, nor could his body be recognized.

The injured are: John Gwent, horribly burned about the head and arms, in a serious condition; two Polanders, names unknown, both badly burned on hands and face.

CLAIMS IT WAS AN ACCIDENT.

A Man Shot Dead by a Chief of Police in South Dakota.

VERMILLION, S. D., June 23.—James Ginn shot and instantly killed Abel Brayer yesterday morning. Ginn is chief of police. Some men were riding through the streets too fast and making considerable noise. Ginn's story is that he fired to the ground when he told them to stop.

They whipped up their horses instead of halting and he attempted to take the lead by the bits when a blow from one of the horses sent him to the ground. A second time, the bair entered Brayer's heart. An examination and inquest is being held. Ginn is in jail.

CYCLONE IN GEORGIA.

Several Buildings Wrecked But No Person Fatally Injured.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 23.—This vicinity was visited by a severe cyclone yesterday afternoon. On the western side of the city it split and passed around either side of the city.

At Dallas, the homes of T. T. Foster, J. W. Lawrence, Mrs. H. C. Hurd were wrecked. The brick hotel and twenty residences and stores were unroofed. Several persons were injured but none fatal. All along the track of the storm the corn and fruit crops are ruined.

NORIE MINE CLOSED.

ISHPENING, Mich., June 23.—The Norie mine at Ironwood closed down last night. It has been working half a force of 650 men and will stop excepting except shipping from stock piles. Other iron mines in the region are reducing their force also. The Norie is the largest iron mine in the world and produced over 1,000,000 tons of ore last year.

A Senseless Run.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 23.—An unfounded rumor that the First National bank had refused to pay a check for \$8,000 precipitated a run on that institution yesterday. The bank paid out about \$40,000 up to noon, when confidence was restored and the run ceased.

An Embroidery.

FLORENCE, Ala., June 23.—Cashier, Mr. T. C. Carter, of the First National bank, was arrested last night. Instead of returning the money he made a position to compromise, and this being refused he was arrested.

Personified by Rain.

BOSTON, June 23.—The Yale-Harvard base ball game which was to have been played in Cambridge yesterday afternoon was postponed on account of rain until Saturday.

Another Lucky Ohio Man.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Secretary Carlisle has appointed John W. Kinsey, of New Philadelphia, Ohio, superintendent of construction of the postoffice building in this city. He was recommended by the United Ohio Democratic congressional delegation.

Eased His Conscience.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—A conscience contribution of \$20 from an unknown St. Louis, Mo., person has been received at the treasury department.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northwestern Loan and Investment company will be held at the office of the company in Duluth, Minnesota, on Tuesday, July 4, 1893, at 10 o'clock a.m.

C. M. GRAY.

Secty.

CAUSED BY DROUGHT

Much Suffering Exists in Various Parts of the German Empire, Particularly Among the Peasants.

Want of Rain Has Destroyed All Their Crops and Many Are in a Destitute Condition.

A Serious Epidemic of Typhus Fever at the Munich Garrison, Caused by Bad Food.

BERLIN, June 23.—The drought has caused much suffering in various parts of the empire, more particularly among the peasants who have lost all their crops. The duke of Hesse has caused to be distributed throughout the grand duchy 300 van loads of turf litter, 300 sacks of rye flour and 300 sacks of corn.

King William of Wurtemberg today convened an agrarian congress in Stuttgart. Herr von Schmidt, minister of the interior, presided. It was resolved to purchase with state funds cereals and fodder to aid the peasants and their families, who have lost all their crops. Orders were issued and instructions given to have them sent to the most distressed districts as speedily as possible.

The Prussian agriculture commission will petition for a repeal of the sliding scale tax on cereals.

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JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

Dusky Diamond Turf Soap.

"The Pace That Kills"

is overwork

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EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Rushed to the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn., June 23.—A storm of considerable energy is centered over the Great Lakes, and is moving rapidly to the west. It is having fallen very rapidly in that section. It is unaccompanied as yet by precipitation, and it is probable that it will not affect the lakes, but this section and not affect more than the northern part of the state.

The weather will continue to fall very slightly in all sections, but so gradually that it is not noticeable. At two stations, Duluth and Superior, it is reported that it is the lowest reported.

The highest temperature here yesterday was 78, the lowest last night was 54, the shower last evening did not amount to two-tenths of an inch.

Duluth, June 22.—Took a walk for today. Fair; slight change in temperature, today, if any cooler, warm Saturday, probably accompanied by thunderstorms, winds shifting to southwest and southeast.

R. H. BRONSON,
Local Correspondent.

Washington, June 23.—Forecast, till 8 p. m., tomorrow: Fair; Wednesday, Fair; followed by increasing cloudiness and showers; Thursday, cooler; east to south winds. For Minnesota: later, east to south winds, with a slight change Saturday; south-easterly winds, probably shifting west and north Saturday.

THE HERALD in Chicago.

The 5 o'clock Edition to come early the following morning in Chicago at the

Palmer House News Stand,

Auditorium Hotel News Stand.

W. B. Sizer's Bookstore, 189 State St.,

Chas. McDonald's News Stand, 55 Washington St.

AND ON THE

World's Fair Grounds at the Columbian News & Novelty Co. News Stand.

Mr. Cooke's Remedy.

Jay Cooke said, during a short speech at Thomson yesterday, when asked how he would settle the present disturbances in the finances of the country: "Why, if I were president I would fix it in fifteen minutes." At this point it was found the train was ready to move out, and Mr. Cooke did not tell the crowd how he would fix it, but the morning paper states that "afterwards he said he would fix it by restoring silver coinage and putting a tariff on imports of silver."

Mr. Cooke would thus have the United States become the only one of the great nations of the world to adopt the free and unlimited coinage of silver. How does he imagine that this country could alone carry such a load? It is plain to see that it would be financial insanity. This country has now been drained of a large amount of gold because of the distance it has already progressed toward unlimited silver coinage. Putting an import duty on silver might indeed prevent the cheap silver of Europe and India being dumped upon us, but it would not prevent the continued export of our gold. Would Mr. Cooke also put an export duty on gold? And how could we pay our obligations to foreign nations that will only accept gold, if our currency were on a silver basis almost exclusively, as it would then be?

Mortgage Indebtedness.

A Washington dispatch gives some interesting statistics regarding the mortgage indebtedness of Minnesota, which have just been published by the census bureau. It appears that 81.75 per cent of the farm families own the farms they cultivate; that 53.61 per cent of them own free from incumbrances. The liens on the farms of the state amount to only 31.61 per cent of their value, the interest charge on each family averaging 5.67. It is noticeable that of the \$107,453,689 aggregate mortgage debt in the state, 56.11 per cent of it is on acre tracts and 61.89 per cent on town and city lots. The mortgaged acres are 35.73 per cent of the whole number of acres taxed, while the debt incumbering acre tracts is only 15.62 per cent of the estimated true value of all taxed acres. There was a large increase of mortgages on lots in 1887, the closing year of the really boom.

In a recent digest of reported mortgage indebtedness in Ohio, Michigan, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska and Montana, Edward A. Lusk recently stated that in those states about one-half the farms are free from mortgages of any kind and that the aggregate indebtedness is less than one-half the value of the mortgaged land. The census figures for Minnesota show a similar state of affairs existed in this state in 1880, when the census was taken, while it is very certain that during the past few years a large amount of this indebtedness has been discharged by the farmers who have

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK
Will Occupy Their New Office in Torrey Building, July 1.

WE HAVE MONEY TO LOAN, and without delay, on good improved or unimproved property at prevailing rates.

SEVERAL DESIRABLE HOUSES in best parts of the city for rent. Also Stores on Michigan and First streets.

FIRE INSURANCE in best home and foreign companies correctly and promptly written.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK

5, 6 and 7 First National Bank Building UNTIL JULY 1.

been enjoying seasons of prosperity. These statistics prove the falsity of the statements made by the Populists as to farm mortgages.

Scandal in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis has a big municipal scandal on its hands. The fire department is the center of the scandal, and it is the subject of a remarkably strong report by the Hennepin county grand jury, which arraigns the department as "rotten and corrupt." The jury's report accuses Chief Runge of conniving at theft by members of the department; the assistant chief of being a disgrace to the department and the city; and the alderman who is chairman of the committee on fire department of open corruption. According to the evidence before the grand jury it has been a regular practice for the firemen to sell goods at fires and appropriate them to their own use; the chief sanctioned the stealing and the assistant chief personally directed it.

Alderman Woodward, it is asserted by the jury, sold the department hose carts at extravagant prices and pocketed several thousand dollars more than he was fairly entitled to; while the veterinary surgeon of the department ran a hospital for sick horses, using the city's medicines, and thus knew down some \$2000 per annum beyond his salary.

Four of the firemen are indicted for larceny, and it is stated that the chief and his assistant would also have been indicted had it not been necessary to guarantee protection to witnesses in order to get them to testify. The impeachment of the heads of the department and of the alderman is recommended.

The report is signed by William Donaldson, one of the most prominent and conservative merchants of Minneapolis, who was foreman of the grand jury, and this is ample evidence that the statements made in the report are sustained by abundant and convincing evidence. Evidently the Minneapolis council will find it necessary to clean out the entire fire department. Those who have now tardily confessed their knowledge of these facts are little better than those who committed them, and they should go with the others.

Tomorrow's Edition?

The Saturday edition of The Herald will be as bright and breezy as usual this week. It is the favorite paper with the reading public and therefore the favorite with shrewd advertisers who want to reach the greatest number of people.

Tomorrow's issue will contain special articles by Gath and Bill Nye, which are two stellar attractions that cannot be duplicated by any other paper at the head of Lake Superior.

There will be local articles of special interest and a review of the latest happenings in the sporting world, the gossip of the stage, Mrs. Mendenhall's letter on the household economics' exhibit at Chicago, and all the local and telegraphic news of the day published when it is news.

City Government.

Seth Low is authority for the statement that one-fourth of the people of the United States live in cities, and yet city government is the most conspicuous failure in American politics. Why is this? Mr. Low makes the point that the shifting population of our large cities is an obstacle to improved municipal government. The new voters are sometimes as numerous as the majority of the successful party. A large percentage are foreigners and strangers to the system of government they attempt to administer.

"Yet," he continues, "I would not take away the right of universal suffrage."

Feelings are sometimes a super guide to the body politic to have the element that feels as well as that which thinks."

Partisanship, however, is the chief cause which prevents the attainment of a higher standard of municipal government in America, and on this point Mr. Low says: "The work of the city is to be very great a work of business, of administration, not of government. The division of power for the sake of safety works very well in matters of government, but in a city the scheme breaks down. In executive work one man is better than a dozen. A poor administration will not do as much harm in the long run as a board of administration. Our cities must be administered in the midst of our general political system. A mistake is made when we speak to the electorate from a low platform. Our population now goes to the polls in city elections less than in national elections, and yet the result of the former has more immediate effect on the welfare of the citizens. The voter does not cast his ballot from the standpoint of the good of the city, but from his attitude on national questions. The electorate must change their attitude before we can expect to improve our officials. The choosing of city officials on party lines is

like a merchant selecting clerks because of the color of their hair."

When party politics are abjured in city elections, and not until then, and the people consider the selection of their municipal officers in the same way that they individually consider the selection of clerks to run their private businesses—when this condition of things is attained, we may expect to see a great improvement in municipal government.

An Important Survey.

Minneapolis Journal: The heavy rain

has now quenched the destructive forest fires. Surely the legislatures of Minnesota and Wisconsin should enact laws which can be enforced. What is the use of passing a law against the careless use of fire if provision is not made to carry it out to the letter? The late fire destroyed several millions worth of property. A few thousand dollars spent in police force would have prevented the spread of any of these fires.

A Thorough Inquiry Required.

Superior Telegram: The people of Duluth will make a thorough investigation of the Bannell block catastrophe to locate the blame.

Such investigations are necessary, not alone to settle the responsibility in the case particularly concerned, but to warn and admonish others of their duties and likewise responsibilities.

HENRY JONES.

The Whist Congress, Which Opened June 20.

At Chicago.

Henry Jones, of England, known to whist players the world over as "Cavendish," and as the master of that great game in this country to attend the congress.

Mr. Jones is a scion in London for twenty years. He showed his fondness for cards and other games, early in life. He studied surgery at St. Bartholomew's hospital, London, serving as assistant for a year to Sir William Lawrence, Bart., and passing his final examinations immediately after he reached his majority.

He devoted much of his leisure to the study of his favorite game, and as long ago as 1851 formed "The Little School of Whist," a school of cards and whist which enabled him to come in 1862 with Dr. Pole's suggestion that a book giving the best possible play of a series of hands would be of great value to the whist world. The result of that suggestion was "Cavendish on Whist," the publication of which induced Mr. Jones to a life which he found so congenial that he resigned his surgical practice entirely.

Cavendish is a native of London and about 62 years of age.

To Cleanse the System.

Effectually and gently, when constipated or bilious or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

Easy to Take and keep the system in Perfect Order.

AYER'S CATMARTIC PILLS

A specific for Headache

Constipation, and

Dyspepsia.

Every dose

Effective

The timely rains have caused the farmers to smile. They were needed to ensure good crops, and another good downpour or two or three weeks hence will place them beyond all danger from drought.

The sultan of Johor, now on his way to Chicago, wears diamonds on every finger, but if he wishes to retain possession of them he will put them out of sight before he reaches Chicago.

The Chicago Mail wants to know if it could not be arranged to have Foraker, properly muzzled, see the meeting between Mrs. U. S. Grant and Mrs. Jefferson Davis?

The Herald has no time to notice every little cur that barks at its heels. Besides the dog days are here, and rabies is in the air.

Minneapolis' present fire department will probably be fired.

Good Thing for Duluth.

Superior Call: "Jim" Hill's newly developed antagonism to the Canadian Pacific is one of the best things that could

possibly happen to Superior and Duluth, for the completion of the Duluth & Winnipeg's line to Winnipeg must now be hastened by Van Horne's great system.

Fire Police Needed.

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ANOTHER BODY FOUND

THE ORDER IS REVERSED.
Decision by the State Supreme Court in a Duluth Case.

The Remains of a Young Boy, Supposed to be Robert Foard, Recovered This Morning.

This Corpse Was Horribly Burned and Cannot Possibly Be Identified in Any Way.

It is Not Expected That Any More Bodies Will Be Found—Miss Smith Turns Up.

About 10 o'clock this morning the searchers at the Bunnell ruins found the body of young Foard, the six-year-old son of Mrs. Mary A. Foard. It was found on the second floor in the southeast corner of the building. Parties who lived in the block said young Foard was in bed when the fire broke out and it was rather expected that the body would be found on one of the mattresses. It was not, however, and it is supposed that mother and child were endeavoring to escape when overcome by the heat and smoke.

The boy was clad in his nightshirt only and was not protected in the least against the ravages of fire. His body is now prepared and is now ready for burial. The flesh is all burned from the lower extremities and trunk and face are blackened. Identification from the features would be impossible. The fact that Mrs. Foard's boy is missing and that the body recovered is not a child of his is a fact which the police serviceable for identification, but under the circumstances they are deemed sufficient. Both bodies will probably be interred this afternoon.

The work of clearing up the ruins still goes on, but those best informed do not believe that any more bodies will be recovered.

Miss Smith Not Missing.
Miss Smith, who kept a millinery store in the Bunnell block, was supposed to have been missing since the fire dropped into The Herald office this forenoon and wished the impression that she is dead to be corrected. She was out of the city at the time and returned Wednesday night.

THE RELIEF COMMITTEE.

Relief Headquarters Have Been Moved—Two Liberal Donations.

The relief committee has removed its headquarters to The Herald building on the Michigan street side. Another car load of goods was sent to Virginia this morning and more will be sent to Merriktown.

Yesterday the committee received a telegram in response to one asking A. M. Miller, who he would contribute saying that the committee could draw on him for \$500. The Pabst Brewing company has also come to the front with a very liberal donation of \$500 and the check has already been placed in the hands of the treasurer. The action of the company has been highly spoken of.

The relief committee has issued the following:

All parties to whom the general relief committee is indebted for bills already contracted and to be contracted are hereby advised that the committee will be delivered to them within forty-eight hours after the goods are purchased or delivered they will not attempt to be responsible for the payment thereof.

GENERAL RELIEF COMMITTEE.

THE CRUISE OF THE NAUTILUS.

Alderman Howard Entertained a Party of Lakeside Friends Yesterday.

Alderman and Mrs. Howard were "at home" aboard the Nautilus to a number of their Lakeside friends yesterday, and a party of about forty people enjoyed the literary and social hours spent with their hosts. The cruise was a success, and the party will be delivered to them within forty-eight hours after the goods are purchased or delivered they will not attempt to be responsible for the payment thereof.

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Alderman Howard Entertained a Party of Lakeside Friends Yesterday.

Alderman and Mrs. Howard were "at home" aboard the Nautilus to a number of their Lakeside friends yesterday, and a party of about forty people enjoyed the literary and social hours spent with their hosts. The cruise was a success, and the party will be delivered to them within forty-eight hours after the goods are purchased or delivered they will not attempt to be responsible for the payment thereof.

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PANTON & WATSON,
Glass Block Store,
DULUTH, MINN.

COLOSSAL CLEARANCE SALE
OF GIANTIC MAGNITUDE

PANTON & WATSON,
Glass Block Store,
DULUTH, MINN.

Now Taking Place at Our Great Store. Read the Quotations Given Below Carefully. We Offer

Bargains for Today and Tomorrow

That Have Never Been Equalled, no Matter How Ridiculous Prices May Appear, You Will Find Every Item Just as Represented. Our Stocks are Entirely Too Heavy and Must be Reduced at Once.

PROMINENT FINANCIERS throughout the country say this is not a year to make money. Good merchants and good bankers must help the situation out. MONEY IS WHAT WE WANT INSTEAD OF MERCHANDISE. We want to prepare ourselves for an enormous fall business with plenty of cash on hand when our buyers go East.

READ THE BARGAINS CAREFULLY FOR TODAY and TOMORROW.

CARPETS.

10 Patterns Royal Wilton Velvets.	\$1.89.
Worth \$2.75, Sale price.	
5 Patterns Axminsters.	\$1.23.
Worth \$1.75, Sale price.	
5 Patterns Moquettes.	98c.
Worth \$1.50, Sale price.	

SPECIAL!

The above goods are all this season's, and are guaranteed the very best qualities or they won't cost you a cent.

FURTHER!
We will make, lay and line them at the above prices. IT IS THE CHANCE OF A LIFETIME.

LACE CURTAINS.

Take down your Heavy Curtains; throw away your old ones. This is a sale of Fine Curtains cheap, not of Cheap Curtains cheap.

REAL IRISH POINT.

50 Pairs, worth \$4.50, \$5.00 **\$3.00.**
and \$6.00 at.....

REAL BRUSSELS POINT.

25 Pairs at \$6.50, worth \$12.00.
13 Pairs at \$8.00, worth \$15.00.
18 Pairs at \$10.00, worth \$18.00.

25 PER CENT DISCOUNT

On our Fine Lace Curtains of every description. Every pair marked in plain figures. Take a quarter off:

Millinery Dept.

Our Entire Stock to be wiped out of existence by the end of this month. 5 prices comprise our stock of Trimmed Millinery from this date.

Lot 1, only \$7.50 Each.

All our Imported Patterns formerly sold for \$12, \$15, \$17.50, \$20 and \$25, go at \$7.50.

Lot 2, only \$5 Each.

All New York Patterns worth \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.50 and \$11, go at \$5.

Lot 3, only \$3.95.

All Chicago Patterns formerly sold for \$5, \$6 and \$7.50, go at \$3.95 each.

Lot 4, only \$2.95.

This lot comprises hundreds of Beautiful Hats, trimmed in our own workrooms, worth \$3.25, \$3.75, \$4.25 and \$4.75, all go at \$2.95 each.

Lot 5, only \$1.95.

150 Misses' Trimmed Hats at \$1.95, worth double.

LACE DEPT.

Valenciennes Skirring, Colored Silk Allovers, Oriental Allovers, Egyptian Allovers, Pointe Genette Allovers, worth from 75c to \$2.50, all goat. **39c per yd.**

HANDKERCHIEFS.

300 dozen Ladies' White and Colored Handkerchiefs, worth from 15c to 25c, all **10c each.**

NEW VEILINGS,

NEW LACES,

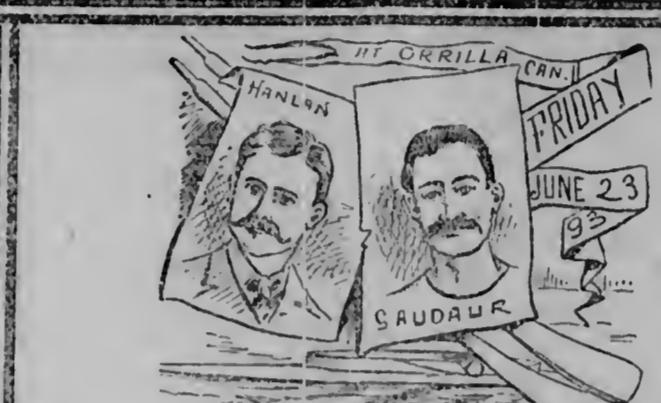
NEW RUFFLINGS,

NEW CHIFFONS,

NEW COLLARS AND CUFFS,

In all the New Shades.

SEASONABLE GOODS ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.



TO-DAY Edward Hanlan and Jacob Gaudaur row a match at Orillia, Ont.

For years Hanlan was invincible at the oar. Both the contestants are Canadians, and Gaudaur was born at Orillia. Some years since he defeated Ross in a road sculling contest in Madison Square Garden, scoring in six days 465 miles and one lap. Both oarsmen are said to be in excellent form.

Gent's Furnishings.

SEASONABLE GOODS ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.

50 dozen Gent's White Laundry Shirts with colored goods, good heavy muslin and perfect fitting. Always at \$1. Just half price, **50c Each.**

Negligee Shirts.

With Collars and Cuffs attached, laundered. 6 colors to select from, worth \$1.25.

75c Each.

SUSPENDERS.

32 dozen Suspenders, full length, worth 20 and 25c Sale Price.

10c Per Pair.

GENT'S SHOES.

1000 pairs Hanan's Fine Shoes, low cut Southern Ties, Lace or Congress; any style, we have at \$5.00. All go at

23.95.

LADIES' SHOES.

200 Pairs Ladies' Dongola Kid Shoes, common sense or opera toes, worth \$3. They go at

82.95.

MISSES' SHOES.

350 pairs Misses' Straight Gait or Dongola Kid Shoes; regular price, \$1.75 and \$2. Sale Price, **31.39.**

THE GREATEST CLOCK SALE

Ever Heard of in Duluth

Takes place this week at the GLASS BLOCK STORE. If you want a clock you will never buy them cheaper than at this sale. The assortment represents 3500 Clocks and all warranted. Jewelers price \$1.50, **69c.**

1500 NICKEL CLOCKS.

One day time alarm, Dial four inches. All warranted. Jewelers price \$1.50, **69c.** SALE PRICE HERE

69c.

250 NICKEL CLOCKS.

One day time alarm. Two inch dial, warranted and cheap at \$1.00. **69c.**

100 NICKEL CLOCKS.

One day time alarm. Two inch dial, warranted and cheap at \$1.50. **69c.**

500 EIGHT DAY OAK AND WALNUT CLOCKS.

Everyone warranted, with alarm or gong. Half Hour Strike. A Clock worth \$5. Buy them at this sale for **\$2.75.**

ENAMELED 50 ENAMELED

IRON CLOCKS 50 IRON CLOCKS

50 Enamelled Iron Clocks, assorted styles, eight day half hour strike, gong star movement, height runs from 9 to 10 inches, length 12 to 15 inches. Porcelain or fine gilt dial. All warranted and in perfect working order, worth from \$8.00 to \$15.00. Take your choice at **\$6.95 each.**

ENAMELED 100 ENAMELED

IRON CLOCKS 100 IRON CLOCKS

Eight day, half hour strike, gong star movement, fine gilt or porcelain dials, with and without visible escapement. All warranted and worth from \$15 to \$25. Take your choice at **\$10 each.**

Big Reduction on Clock Ornaments

During this Sale.

ONYX 25 ONYX

CLOCKS 25 CLOCKS

25 Onyx Clocks. Eight day half hour strike, gong star movement, height 10 to 13 inches, length 10 to 11 inches. Height of gong 5 inches, visible escapement. All warranted and worth from \$25 to \$30. Take your choice at this sale for **\$15.00.**

Extraordinary Linen Sale.

Great Values and the Biggest Bargains Ever Known Will be Offered During This Sale.

TOWELS—200 dozen fine Huck Towels, fringed with red borders, size 29x15, sold by small dealers for 12½c. The price during this sale, **7c Each, or Four for 25c.**

TOWELS—350 dozen fine Linen Huck Towels, already hemmed, called cheap by others at 20c. Our price for this sale, half that, **10c Each, \$1.20 Per Dozen.**

TOWELS—175 dozen Damask Towels, knotted fringe, others at 15c. Special for this sale at **9c Each.**

Immense Big Values in Turkish Towels During This Sale.

TOWELS! TOWELS!

Here is a Picnic

For All Who Seek Bargains. This is the Greatest Picnic of the Year.

One lot of about 75 dozen fine large Damask Towels, heavy knotted fringe, deep colored borders with patterns worked in. In this assortment you will find Towels worth 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c and \$1 each. All go at this sale for **35c Each.**

DON'T MISS THEM.

BED SPREADS.

110 White Bed Spreads, full size, cheap at 75c. Special for this sale

50c.

BED SPREADS

200 large White Bed Spreads, worth \$1.50. Special for this sale

88c Each.

Special Cut Prices in Napkins at This Sale.

CRASH TOWELLING

All Linen Crash Towelling and plain with colored border, selvage on both sides; never sold less than 12½c. Special for this sale.

9c Per Yard.

CREAM DAMASK

15 pieces heavy All Linen Cream Damask; choice patterns, worth 50 to 65c. Special for this sale.

48c Per Yard.

BLEACHED DAMASK

10 pieces full Bleached Damask, all new goods and new patterns, worth from 65 to 75c. For this sale at

48c Per Yard.

Special Cut Prices on Brown and Bleached Sheetings.

NOTICE WHAT WE SAY!

The Glass Block Store is the place to trade, because we are alive to the best interests of our patrons and the upbuilding of an enormous trade for ourselves. This can be done on an honest upright business basis, giving our patrons the right kind of goods at the correct prices. Correct prices means with us the LOWEST PRICES in the city or elsewhere.

Trade at the Big Store TODAY and TOMORROW. Get the Best and Save Money.

GLASS BLOCK STORE, PANTON & WATSON, GLASS BLOCK STORE.

A BANKERS' CONGRESS

John H. Leathers of Louisville Addressed the Bankers and Financiers in Chicago at Today's Session.

He Offers a Scheme for a Currency When the Present Bank Notes Are Called In.

James H. Platt of Denver Spoke on the Necessity for the Use of Silver as Money.

CHICAGO, June 23.—John H. Leathers, of Louisville, was the first speaker at this morning's session of the congress of bankers and financiers. He declared that the bankers of Kentucky would stand shoulder to shoulder with the financiers of other states for the conservative and safe policy and a sound currency. The present currency, in his opinion, was the best currency ever had, but the question would arise as to what should take the place of the present bank notes when they were called in and cancelled.

Mr. Leathers suggested that the banks

continue to be national and the government notes be issued as now through the comptroller's office; that the basis be the net assets of a bank, the capital and surplus to be unpaired; that double liability of stockholders be continued; and that all the assets of a bank be held in trust for the benefit of the stockholders.

Proposed by John H. Leathers, of Louisville, and Tom Adams, Lake Erie, and Prop. Montana, Buffalo; merchants.

Prop. Montana, Buffalo; merchants.

Prop. Ohio, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop. Ohio, Buffalo; wheat.

Prop. Indiana, Buffalo; passengers and merchandise.

Prop. Steel, Buffalo; merchandise.

FAIR
HIGH
FORECAST FOR
Friday, June 23. Fair; slight
change in temperature; warmer Saturday; winds shifting
to southeast and southwest.
**The Pioneer Fuel Co.'s
COAL**
Is selected from the best grades
and specially packed and prepared
for domestic use.
Dry Cord and Pine Wood
Cut in suitable lengths for house
hold use. Orders promptly de-
livered.
Our Sales Office: Herald block, 220 West Superior St. Telephone No. 101.
Weather predictions appear here daily.

DULUTH

Cash Grocery

Metropolitan Block.

Patent Flour, per 100 lb sack.....	\$1.95
Patent Flour, per 50 lb sack.....	\$1.00
Creamery Butter, in tubs.....	.18
Eggs in case lots.....	.12 1/2
Coffee, Java and Mocha per lb.....	.35
5 lb Cracked Java for.....	\$1.00
Agents for Chass & Sanborn's Coffees.	
Triumph Tomato Catsup per bot- tle.....	.18
Tip Top Tomato Catsup, per bot- tle.....	.15
Oven Baked Oatmeal, per pkg.....	.10
Rice, per lb.....	.05
Raisins, per lb.....	.08
Soda Crackers in boxes.....	.06
Agents for Harvey Ricke's Pulverized Coffee.	
English Breakfast Tea, (nothing finer), in 5 and 10 lb Caddies, per lb.....	.43

Duluth Cash Grocery,

A. M. MORISON, Manager.

PERSONAL.
Miss Hardy will go to Chicago this evening to spend several weeks at the World's fair.
Charles Boyle will leave for Chicago this afternoon.
F. A. Danahower, Jr., of St. Paul, was in the city last evening.
A. Guthrie came up from St. Paul this morning.
F. T. Servis and wife, of La Crosse, Wis., are at the Spalding.
H. L. Sisler is in the city. He is now located at La Prairie with his brother.
M. O. Brooks is home from the West.
H. C. Rouse and S. Halline, of New York, and Mrs. S. A. Raymond, Misses Raymond, Misses Van and Hilda Raymond and Henry A. Raymond, of Cleveland, O., are in the city on a pleasure trip.

President James J. Hill, of the Great Northern road, is expected to visit Duluth tomorrow or Monday.
Capt. Pressnell returned this morning from the city. He had been in a general reunion of the First Minnesota regiment yesterday. Col. Colville was re-elected president. The regiment decided to go to Gettysburg next fall.

Will Celebrate a Feast.
Tomorrow, June 24, the French Canadians of this city will celebrate the feast of St. John Baptist with the usual enthusiasm. At 7:30 o'clock a solemn mass will be held at the church of St. John Baptist, at 10 a.m., a general procession will take place on Superior street as far as the city hall and return by West First street to the hall on Eleventh avenue west. At 11 o'clock the St. Paul & Duluth will carry the excursionists to the picnic grounds at Fond du Lac. The return will take place at 3:30 and at 6:15 p.m.

The Libel Case.
The trial of J. L. Marshall, editor of La Sentinel, for criminal libel, on a charge prepared by Dr. Rose, of West Superior, is on in the municipal court this afternoon. The guilt or innocence of the accused will be passed upon by a jury.

The Municipal Court.
In police court this morning, the charges of vagrancy, drunkenness, and one or two other misdemeanors, rested against seven or eight unfortunate individuals, all of whom were found to be of a manner devoid of interest. At ten o'clock the case of Louis Korn, charged with petit larceny, was taken up before the judge and a jury. The defendant is charged by Henry Johnson with stealing an air pump, valued at \$10. Tuesday afternoon, Eric Cummings will be given a chance to show that he is not guilty of an unlicensed dog.

Morris' illusions afternoon and evening.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

NOBODY WAS TO BLAME

The Coroner Holds an Inquest Upon the Body of Walter Weiche, the Dead Lineman.

The Jury Rendered a Verdict That He Came to Death Through His Own Carelessness.

The Testimony Showed That He Was Instructed to Wear Rubber Clothing But Did Not.

An inquest was held at M. J. Durkan & Co.'s undertaking rooms this morning on the remains of Walter Weiche, who was killed by an electric current in front of the Bennett ruins. The following served as jurors: Dan Sullers, John Helmier, Frank Devey, H. Van Brunt, C. A. Leland and J. E. Cooley.

William Burgess, an electrical engineer, was the first witness. He came out of the Howard block and passed under the viaduct, looked up and saw a short piece of wire. On the pole there are three cross-arms: two at the top and one about eight feet down. Weiche had got above the lower cross-arm and was standing on his right foot, on one of the iron steps with his left leg swung around the pole and the treadle of one of the chairs at the end of the cross-arm. In doing so, he threw his left arm against a live wire. The current passed through the arm and body, down the leg and out the right foot and down the pole. It was the perfect ground current that killed him. He dropped and the strap strap on his right foot caught on one of the steps of the pole. Then he hung head down.

Burgess instantly ran to the Hartman station to have the current stopped. On his way he met J. Cummings, foreman for the electric light company, who saw the accident and ran to the scene. It was then dangerous to climb the pole, so Burgess cut the wires. Weiche had gone up to take in the stack of two wires that were resting on the trolley wire. He did not get the shock from either of these wires, but from another circuit. The wire which was a weather-proof insulated wire and the insulation was not burned off. But no weather-proof wire is absolutely safe when wet. Weiche would have been safe with a rubber coat. From the way he handled himself on the pole witness should judge he was an experienced man and knew his perils.

He had a very dangerous and foolishly dangerous and foolishly to climb the pole under the existing circumstances.

Dr. J. M. Robinson testified to seeing the deceased about five minutes after he was taken from the pole. He thought the man was dead.

Walter Weiche, a lineman, was found hanging from the pole. It was very dangerous and foolishly to climb the pole under the existing circumstances.

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